

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.6357, 39.1313,
-68.3157)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.6357, 39.1313,
-68.3157) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.6359, 38.9715,
-68.3182)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A77CFF
RGB	167, 124, 255
RGB Percent	65%, 49%, 100%
CMY	0.3451, 0.5137, 0.0000
CMYK	0.35, 0.51, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	260°, 100%, 74%
HSV	260°, 51%, 100%
XYZ	41.1940, 29.8508, 98.1984
YIQ	151.7910, -16.4230, 49.8570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

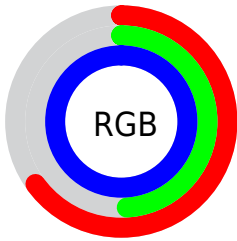
Format	Color
R _Y B	167, 124, 255
Decimal	10976511
CIE Lab	61.53, 44.23, -59.57
CIE LCh	62, 74.189, 306.592
Yxy	29.8518, 0.2434, 0.1764
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289166591 (0xFFA77CFF)
YUV	151.7910, 50.8820, 13.3383
Hunter-Lab	54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182

Details

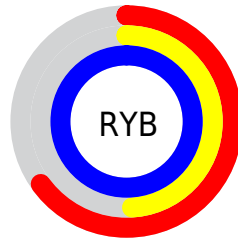
The HunterLab color $54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9966FF$. A complement of this color would be $93.2588, -35.8260, 44.7148$, and the grayscale version is $55.7564, -2.9750, 3.0294$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74.2080, 26.5392, -29.3975$, and $34.9911, 35.4720, -67.3231$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $47.4572, 48.6682, -88.1020$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.5148, 29.5853, -50.6881$.

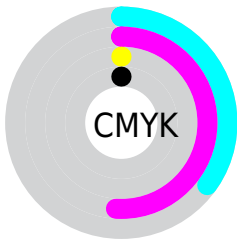
Distribution



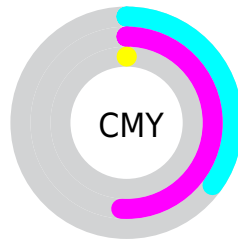
- Red (65%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

54.6359, 38.9715,
-68.3182

54.6359, 38.9715,
-68.3182

173.5550, 48.2128,
-75.1480

44.4141, 37.4593,
-67.9468

77.0894, 41.6565,
-69.6402

34.9230, 35.8284,
-67.9965

89.2451, 42.8443,
-70.4301

26.2248, 34.0840,
-68.8348

101.9800, 43.9385,
-71.2472

18.3999, 32.2618,
-71.2781

115.2689, 44.9457,
-72.0678

11.5593, 30.5027,
-77.4885

129.0896, 45.8717,
-72.8767

4.1104, 49.5364,
-139.2083

143.4223, 46.7219,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-73.6637

0.0000, NaN, -NF

158.2494, 47.5008,
-74.4222

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 54.6359, 38.9715,
-68.3182

■ 54.6359, 38.9715,
-68.3182

■ 47.4572, 48.6682,
-88.1020

■ 62.5148, 29.5853,
-50.6881

■ 41.1719, 58.2972,
-109.8503

■ 70.9471, 20.6073,
-34.9851

■ 36.0280, 66.9477,
-132.3202

■ 79.8296, 12.0154,
-20.8649

■ 32.2765, 73.0733,
-152.6207

■ 89.0871, 3.7497,
-8.0035

■ 30.1518, 75.5807,
-166.1324

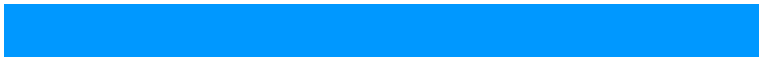
■ 98.6640, -4.2549,
3.8693

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6368, 4.3519, -93.4480



54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182



54.6368, 66.0673, -25.8807

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6368, 38.9712, -68.3158



54.6368, 23.8358, 34.0796



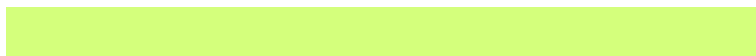
54.6368, -51.7173, -4.2072

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182



93.2588, -35.8260, 44.7148

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6368, -48.8167, 21.5395



54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182



54.6368, -9.8270, 35.0607

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.6368, 38.9712, -68.3158



54.6368, 56.0130, 27.6783



54.6368, -35.0660, 32.2365



54.6368, -44.1773, -44.8975

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182



54.6368, 73.3791, -0.6334



54.6368, -35.0660, 32.2365



54.6368, -51.8987, 6.3511

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6368, 38.9712, -68.3158



85.6886, 6.7154, -12.5429



77.0419, -18.3119, -25.6561



38.7393, 3.9118, -7.0528

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6368, 38.9712, -68.3158



47.0335, 49.2815, -89.4170



62.1467, 58.4295, -50.9414



42.0324, 1.0351, -2.6458



21.9594, 54.7855, -118.9823



7.2523, 17.4846, -34.5753

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



63.5840, 58.0968, -17.8827



58.4017, 69.8645, -20.2139



89.0354, -52.3343, 41.2482



42.6532, 2.8790, 0.1414



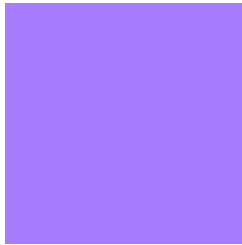
35.6086, 65.3923, -11.1877



11.2016, 20.7285, -4.7422

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

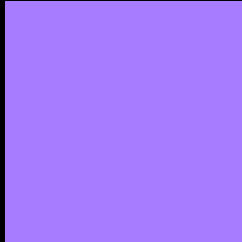
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

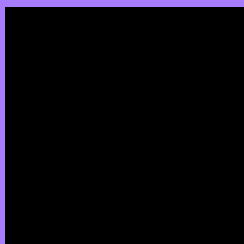
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182.

-68.3182.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182

Protanopia

54.8848, 12.3202, -68.1657

Deuteranopia

55.0586, 4.8940, -62.4977



Tritanopia

54.6681, -1.3698, -1.9117

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182

Protanomaly

54.2185, 21.3595, -69.6742

Deuteranomaly

54.2165, 15.3920, -66.1300

Tritanomaly

54.0651, 12.0161, -22.4464

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

54.9438, 10.2877, -17.9162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 124, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 124, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 124, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 124, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 124, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 124, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 124, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 124, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 124, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 124,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.6359, 38.9715, -68.3182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 124, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
124, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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