

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.6473, 2.0418,
-22.1614)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.6473, 2.0418,
-22.1614) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.5097, 2.1916,
-22.5305)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 8493C3 |
| RGB | 132, 147, 195 |
| RGB Percent | 52%, 58%, 76% |
| CMY | 0.4823, 0.4235, 0.2353 |
| CMYK | 0.32, 0.25, 0.00, 0.24 |
| HSL | 226°, 34%, 64% |
| HSV | 226°, 32%, 76% |
| XYZ | 29.7997, 29.7131, 55.7943 |
| YIQ | 147.9870, -24.3480, 11.7480 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

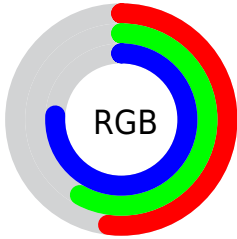
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 132, 144, 195 |
| Decimal | 8688579 |
| CIELab | 61.41, 6.03, -26.58 |
| CIELCh | 61, 27.259, 282.773 |
| Yxy | 29.7142, 0.2584, 0.2577 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4286878659 (0xFF8493C3) |
| YUV | 147.9870, 23.1774, -14.0206 |
| Hunter-Lab | 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 |

Details

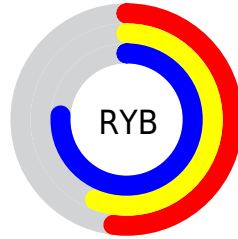
The HunterLab color $54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $67.7577, -5.3174, 22.5563$, and the grayscale version is $54.3310, -2.8990, 2.9519$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $76.9680, 1.4563, -23.4902$, and $34.8969, 2.3095, -21.2700$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.9490, 5.0230, -32.2876$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.2984, -0.1302, -13.6135$.

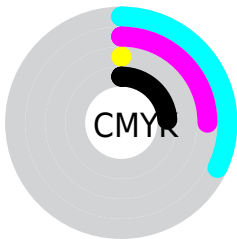
Distribution



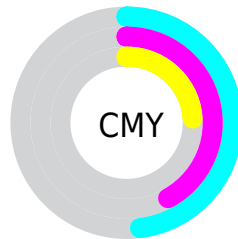
- Red (52%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (24%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.5097, 2.1916,
-22.5305

■ 54.5097, 2.1916,
-22.5305

173.3696, -1.8282,
-24.4249

■ 44.2965, 2.4083,
-22.0441

■ 76.9480, 1.5930,
-23.3330

■ 34.8144, 2.5623,
-21.5147

■ 89.0966, 1.2217,
-23.6481

■ 26.1261, 2.6433,
-20.9682

■ 101.8247, 0.8072,
-23.9067

■ 18.3122, 2.6376,
-20.4759

115.1071, 0.3523,
-24.1107

■ 11.4842, 2.5233,
-20.2482

128.9216, -0.1407,
-24.2624

■ 3.9465, 6.4435,
-34.3064

143.2483, -0.6696,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-24.3639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.0697, -1.2326,
-24.4174

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5097, 2.1916,
-22.5305

■ 54.5097, 2.1916,
-22.5305

■ 48.9490, 5.0230,
-32.2876

■ 60.2984, -0.1302,
-13.6135

■ 43.6548, 8.4890,
-43.0734

■ 66.2804, -2.0405,
-5.3790

■ 38.6836, 12.7331,
-55.0738

■ 72.4325, -3.6182,
2.3069

■ 34.1091, 17.9006,
-68.4147

■ 78.7354, -4.9247,
9.5511

■ 30.0282, 24.0791,
-83.0180

■ 85.1740, -6.0081,
16.4386

■ 26.5590, 31.1713,
-98.3473

■ 91.7360, -6.9059,
23.0372

■ 24.3474, 36.8957,
-110.0795

■ 97.0545, -12.4338,
28.0462

■ 98.3464, -14.4716,
29.2210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.5108, -9.4636, -21.9077



54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305



54.5108, 13.3517, -15.3529

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.5108, 2.1911, -22.5293



54.5108, 14.7455, 15.6733



54.5108, -22.9165, 8.9748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305



67.7577, -5.3174, 22.5563

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.5108, -17.4666, 16.5410



54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305



54.5108, 3.9655, 19.8061

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.5108, 2.1911, -22.5293



54.5108, 21.0033, 7.5224



54.5108, -7.8330, 20.0857



54.5108, -23.3034, -2.0186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305



54.5108, 18.7442, -7.8489



54.5108, -7.8330, 20.0857



54.5108, -21.6386, 11.9394

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.5108, 2.1911, -22.5293



90.4551, -3.2195, -4.9289



68.7031, -23.5966, 5.0018



41.7826, -1.3553, -3.0124

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.5108, 2.1911, -22.5293



67.4860, 5.6220, -39.5566



51.6877, 14.0818, -27.1278



31.8256, -1.1857, -1.4332



19.9079, 28.8521, -87.1666



5.3103, 2.8850, -12.8653

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.9656, 20.7984, 4.4569



68.6154, 35.6000, 6.7641



70.9298, -17.6033, 25.1501



31.8062, 1.4105, 1.7925



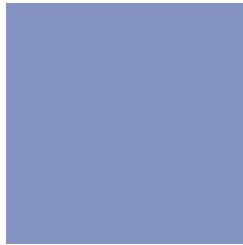
27.7170, 47.9770, 13.9508



5.8576, 10.3266, 1.4959

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

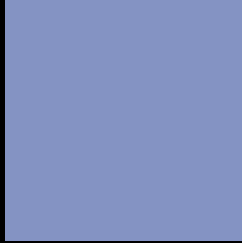
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

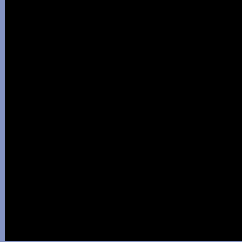
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305

Protanopia

54.4093, 3.2312, -22.0340

Deuteranopia

54.6043, 3.9689, -22.3439



Tritanopia

54.6434, -8.6022, -5.1039

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305

Protanomaly

54.3334, 2.9755, -22.1630

Deuteranomaly

54.4507, 3.4534, -22.6056

Tritanomaly

54.6416, -4.7904, -10.9825

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305

Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

Achromatomaly

54.4492, -1.7346, -5.2410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 147, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 147, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 147, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 147, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 147, 195) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 147, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 147, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 147, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 147, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 147,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.5097, 2.1916, -22.5305 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 147, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
147, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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