

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.6863, -6.3050,
0.2277)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.6863, -6.3050, 0.2277)
contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| HunterLab(54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 12 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 24 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 28 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 31 |

Color

**HunterLab(54.6531, -6.2164,
0.4025)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 8A979A |
| RGB | 138, 151, 154 |
| RGB Percent | 54%, 59%, 60% |
| CMY | 0.4588, 0.4078, 0.3961 |
| CMYK | 0.10, 0.02, 0.00, 0.40 |
| HSL | 191°, 7%, 57% |
| HSV | 191°, 10%, 60% |
| XYZ | 27.3806, 29.8696, 34.8942 |
| YIQ | 147.4550, -8.7110, -1.8230 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

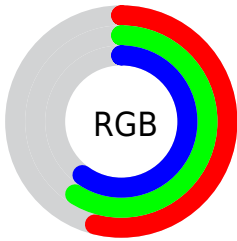
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 138, 145, 154 |
| Decimal | 9082778 |
| CIE Lab | 61.54, -4.01, -3.17 |
| CIE LCh | 62, 5.114, 218.340 |
| Yxy | 29.8709, 0.2971, 0.3242 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287272858 (0xFF8A979A) |
| YUV | 147.4550, 3.2267, -8.2920 |
| Hunter-Lab | 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 |

Details

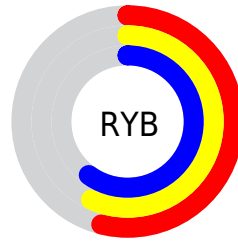
The HunterLab color $54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52.6826, 0.7742, 5.4154$, and the grayscale version is $54.1900, -2.8914, 2.9442$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.0020, -7.9468, 1.3610$, and $34.8831, -4.6047, -0.3960$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.6609, -8.9322, -2.1279$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56.7618, -3.1588, 2.9871$.

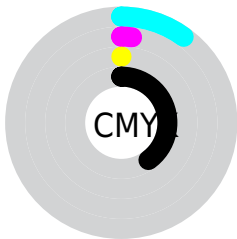
Distribution



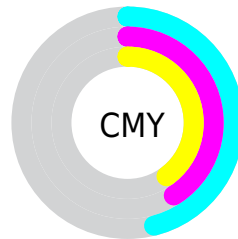
- Red (54%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.6531, -6.2164,
0.4025

■ 54.6531, -6.2164,
0.4025

173.5805,
-14.1508, 5.7160

■ 44.4304, -5.4459,
0.0100

■ 77.1090, -7.8269,
1.3269

■ 34.9380, -4.6955,
-0.3317

■ 89.2656, -8.6651,
1.8503

■ 26.2384, -3.9645,
-0.6154

■ 102.0014, -9.5256,
2.4114

■ 18.4120, -3.2491,
-0.8324

115.2912,
-10.4079, 3.0079

■ 11.5697, -2.5410,
-0.9693

129.1127,
-11.3120, 3.6381

■ 4.1326, -4.4500,
-2.9570

143.4463,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-12.2374, 4.3004

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.2742,
-13.1838, 4.9934

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.6531, -6.2164,
0.4025

■ 54.6531, -6.2164,
0.4025

■ 52.6609, -8.9322,
-2.1279

■ 56.7618, -3.1588,
2.9871

■ 50.7873, -11.2689,
-4.5931

■ 58.9778, 0.2104,
5.6113

■ 49.0386, -13.1946,
-6.9770

■ 61.2960, 3.8580,
8.2661

■ 47.4189, -14.6796,
-9.2636

■ 63.7108, 7.7544,
10.9431

■ 45.9310, -15.7002,
-11.4366

■ 66.2164, 11.8723,
13.6357

■ 44.5757, -16.2423,
-13.4812

■ 68.8073, 16.1875,
16.3385

■ 43.3508, -16.3053,
-15.3861

■ 71.4785, 20.6780,
19.0476

■ 42.2503, -15.9078,
-17.1464

■ 73.4155, 22.8158,
20.9476

■ 41.2771, -15.2162,
-18.7454

■ 74.1795, 21.2773,
21.6457

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6542, -7.0668, 2.3844



54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025



54.6542, -4.4812, -0.9232

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6542, -6.2175, 0.4034



54.6542, 1.0930, 1.4594



54.6542, -3.5351, 6.8312

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025



52.6826, 0.7742, 5.4154

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6542, -1.3394, 6.6056



54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025



54.6542, 1.3560, 3.5590

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.6542, -6.2175, 0.4034



54.6542, -0.2538, -0.2968



54.6542, 0.4593, 5.4274



54.6542, -5.5343, 6.0562

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025



54.6542, -3.0424, -1.2287



54.6542, 0.4593, 5.4274



54.6542, -2.7958, 6.8692

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6542, -6.2175, 0.4034



75.7301, -5.4012, 3.0899



55.1689, -9.7040, 6.7707



35.9231, -2.7252, 1.3409



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6542, -6.2175, 0.4034



73.1535, -9.0936, -0.0938



52.3468, -2.4470, -2.4144



26.1337, -2.7979, 0.3347



37.3223, -13.8217, -16.8124



5.0335, -2.3007, -1.3248

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.2321, 4.2871, -0.9758



69.3260, 7.5586, -2.2850



54.9357, -3.0423, 7.8467



25.1073, 1.6450, -0.2478



26.0988, 49.3476, -19.2015



3.2617, 6.2819, -3.2891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

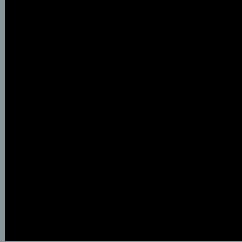
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

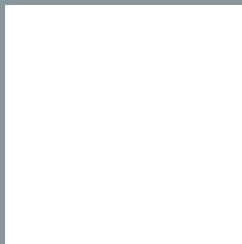
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6531, -6.2164,

0.4025.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025

Protanopia

54.7091, -1.6603, 1.4893

Deuteranopia

54.5772, 3.8732, 0.0098



Tritanopia

54.6903, -4.0746, -3.4287

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025

Protanomaly

54.6862, -3.1600, 0.9679

Deuteranomaly

54.6895, -0.0781, 0.0791

Tritanomaly

54.5938, -4.6057, -2.0626

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025

Achromatopsia

54.0158, -2.8821, 2.9348

Achromatomaly

54.1397, -3.7581, 1.6958

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(138, 151, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(138, 151, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(138, 151, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(138, 151, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(138, 151, 154) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(138, 151, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(138, 151, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(138, 151, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 151, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(138, 151,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.6531, -6.2164, 0.4025 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(138, 151, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(138,  
151, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor