

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.7494, 36.9187,  
25.0324)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(54.7494, 36.9187,  
25.0324) contains.

<b>HunterLab(54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(54.6866, 37.2283,  
25.0316)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E77355
RGB	231, 115, 85
RGB Percent	91%, 45%, 33%
CMY	0.0941, 0.5490, 0.6667
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.63, 0.09
HSL	12°, 75%, 62%
HSV	12°, 63%, 91%
XYZ	40.7254, 29.9062, 12.2203
YIQ	146.2640, 78.7660, 15.2620

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

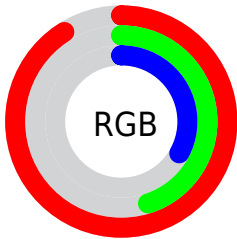
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	231, 123, 85
Decimal	15168341
CIE Lab	61.57, 42.57, 37.28
CIE LCh	62, 56.587, 41.203
Yxy	29.9078, 0.4915, 0.3610
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293358421 (0xFFE77355)
YUV	146.2640, -30.2032, 74.3135
Hunter-Lab	54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316

# Details

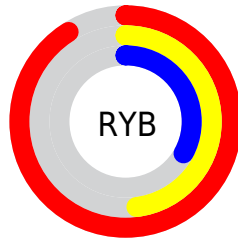
The HunterLab color **54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as middle muted orange. A complement of this color would be **70.3356, -23.9717, -20.8076**, and the grayscale version is **53.8163, -2.8715, 2.9239**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **71.6835, 23.4656, 25.6231**, and **34.9871, 34.2027, 19.0502** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.8147, 44.7859, 26.7948**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1163, 29.7166, 22.6901**.

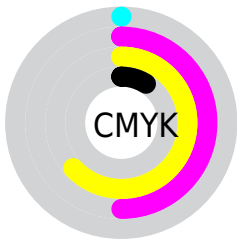
# Distribution



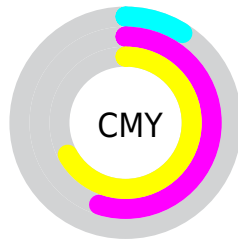
- Red (91%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (67%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



54.6866, 37.2283,  
25.0316

54.6866, 37.2283,  
25.0316

173.6303, 45.9468,  
47.4786

44.4620, 35.7740,  
22.0957

77.1469, 39.7872,  
30.5109

34.9671, 34.2027,  
18.9792

89.3054, 40.9148,  
33.1033

26.2649, 32.5130,  
15.6322

102.0431, 41.9500,  
35.6216

18.4355, 30.7333,  
12.9049

115.3346, 42.8993,  
38.0790

11.5898, 28.9838,  
8.1129

129.1578, 43.7687,  
40.4858

4.1752, 46.5510,  
2.9226

143.4930, 44.5634,

0.0000, INF, NaN

42.8503

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.3224, 45.2880,  
45.1794

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.6866, 37.2283,  
25.0316

■ 54.6866, 37.2283,  
25.0316

■ 50.8147, 44.7859,  
26.7948

■ 59.1163, 29.7166,  
22.6901

■ 47.5667, 52.0918,  
27.8512

■ 64.0282, 22.4546,  
19.8970

■ 45.0021, 58.7222,  
28.1275

■ 69.3581, 15.5371,  
16.7637

■ 43.6579, 62.5723,  
27.9972

■ 75.0492, 8.9988,  
13.3761

■ 81.0532, 2.8357,  
9.7979

■ 87.3299, -2.9768,  
6.0745

■ 93.8461, -8.4723,  
2.2382

■ 97.8411, -12.9294,  
2.7322

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6881, 51.3823, 10.9869



54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316



54.6881, 13.0999, 30.6754

# Triad

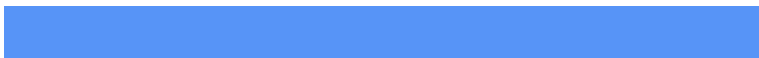
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6881, 37.2245, 25.0324



54.6881, -40.7516, 15.5365



54.6881, 6.5353, -61.7459

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316



70.3356, -23.9717, -20.8076

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6881, -17.2865, -58.7018



54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316



54.6881, -41.8825, -6.4645

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.6881, 37.2245, 25.0324



54.6881, -30.6202, 27.0980



54.6881, -34.0411, -35.5317



54.6881, 31.6966, -42.6080



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316



54.6881, -3.9065, 31.4991



54.6881, -34.0411, -35.5317



54.6881, -1.9284, -63.4453

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6881, 37.2245, 25.0324



86.6691, 7.1904, 13.3448



52.6695, 66.5729, -29.1407



39.2135, 4.2566, 6.7008

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6881, 37.2245, 25.0324



55.5989, 52.7744, 30.4455



72.9865, 0.4440, 38.0000



38.5297, 0.2847, 3.8893



32.9058, 46.1701, 21.0847



9.6510, 10.4663, 6.1302



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70.3356, -23.9717, -20.8076



75.4358, -27.1159, -28.3500



48.3207, 11.4631, -62.7874



39.7578, -4.2840, 0.3479



47.4607, -16.3677, -23.9885



13.3857, -5.1036, -5.7137



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6866, 37.2283,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316

### Protanopia

54.8253, -5.2627, 21.1947

### Deuteranopia

54.7654, 4.0580, 25.6008



## Tritanopia

54.7727, 42.8432, 15.9477

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316

## Protanomaly

54.0800, 9.0504, 22.1287

## Deuteranomaly

54.2135, 15.7346, 24.9515

## Tritanomaly

54.5754, 40.7977, 19.5297

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316

## Achromatopsia

53.6135, -2.8607, 2.9129

## Achromatomaly

53.0380, 9.6079, 11.5334

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 115, 85)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 115, 85)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 115, 85) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 115, 85) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 115, 85) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 115, 85) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 115, 85)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 115, 85); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 115, 85);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 115,  
85) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.6866, 37.2283, 25.0316 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 115, 85) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
115, 85) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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