

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.7781, 2.1207,
-6.6727)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.7781, 2.1207, -6.6727)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(54.6867, 2.2784,
-6.9582)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9692A9
RGB	150, 146, 169
RGB Percent	59%, 57%, 66%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4274, 0.3373
CMYK	0.11, 0.14, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	250°, 12%, 62%
HSV	250°, 14%, 66%
XYZ	30.0180, 29.9064, 41.7265
YIQ	149.8180, -4.9990, 8.0010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

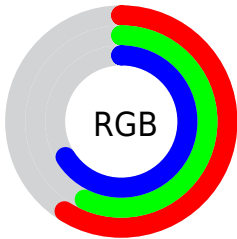
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 146, 169
Decimal	9867945
CIE Lab	61.57, 6.13, -11.52
CIE LCh	62, 13.053, 298.017
Yxy	29.9076, 0.2953, 0.2942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288058025 (0xFF9692A9)
YUV	149.8180, 9.4567, 0.1596
Hunter-Lab	54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582

Details

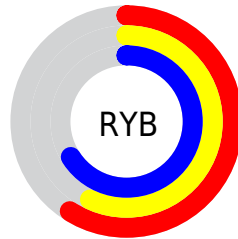
The HunterLab color $54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $62.0092, -8.0689, 12.0655$, and the grayscale version is $55.1176, -2.9409, 2.9946$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.1542, 1.5041, -6.6242$, and $35.0753, 2.4317, -6.7924$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48.8159, 6.6641, -15.3938$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.7564, -1.8970, 0.7739$.

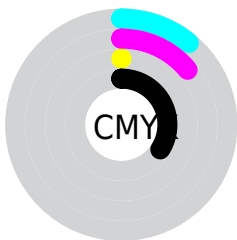
Distribution



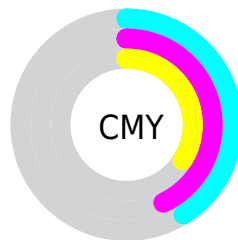
- Red (59%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.6867, 2.2784,
-6.9582

■ 54.6867, 2.2784,
-6.9582

173.6299, -1.7082,
-4.5027

■ 44.4617, 2.4900,
-6.9667

■ 77.1466, 1.6877,
-6.7518

■ 34.9669, 2.6391,
-6.9059

■ 89.3052, 1.3204,
-6.5661

■ 26.2647, 2.7150,
-6.7674

102.0428, 0.9098,
-6.3304

■ 18.4354, 2.7038,
-6.5440

115.3343, 0.4586,
-6.0479

■ 11.5897, 2.5837,
-6.2348

129.1575, -0.0308,
-5.7217

■ 4.1749, 6.1765,
-11.2187

143.4926, -0.5562,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-5.3540

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.3221, -1.1159,
-4.9470

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.6867, 2.2784,
-6.9582

■ 54.6867, 2.2784,
-6.9582

■ 48.8159, 6.6641,
-15.3938

■ 60.7564, -1.8970,
0.7739

■ 43.1753, 11.3262,
-24.7440

■ 66.9956, -5.9090,
7.9596

■ 37.8142, 16.3361,
-35.2679

■ 73.3856, -9.7979,
14.7216

■ 32.8003, 21.7614,
-47.2589

■ 79.9111, -13.5940,
21.1526

■ 28.2309, 27.6188,
-60.9544

■ 86.5595, -17.3206,
27.3232

■ 24.2434, 33.7575,
-76.2703

■ 93.3208, -20.9956,
33.2879

■ 21.0196, 39.6417,
-92.2331

■ 97.1045, -20.0451,
36.5653

■ 18.7546, 44.1734,
-106.3371

■ 97.7981, -17.5359,
37.1992

■ 17.6957, 46.4921,
-114.0493

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.6878, -3.2965, -8.3938



54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582



54.6878, 6.6042, -2.7861

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.6878, 2.2773, -6.9572



54.6878, 2.9543, 11.0385



54.6878, -13.3623, 3.3333

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582



62.0092, -8.0689, 12.0655

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.6878, -11.8357, 8.1736



54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582



54.6878, -2.5444, 12.3323

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.6878, 2.2773, -6.9572



54.6878, 7.0061, 7.6130



54.6878, -7.9320, 11.3384



54.6878, -12.1868, -2.1045

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582



54.6878, 8.1193, 0.7869



54.6878, -7.9320, 11.3384



54.6878, -13.1494, 5.0798

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.6878, 2.2773, -6.9572



80.9256, -2.2849, 0.5737



59.9557, -8.1586, -0.3182



37.5008, -0.8799, -0.0730



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.6878, 2.2773, -6.9572



71.0540, 4.5889, -12.2315



55.7094, 5.7023, -5.5215



27.1310, 0.2126, -1.6751



15.3323, 40.1811, -98.0302



2.7355, 6.5834, -12.9518

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.3122, 7.4324, -2.6517



73.6818, 12.8360, -5.1352



61.0650, -11.4525, 11.0225



27.6476, 1.8793, -0.3449



27.7424, 52.5913, -21.4656



4.3928, 8.4337, -4.2224

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

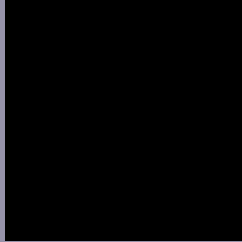
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582.

-6.9582.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582

Protanopia

54.8651, 0.0360, -7.2891

Deuteranopia

54.6696, 3.6636, -6.9572



Tritanopia

54.7530, -1.0773, -1.7992

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582

Protanomaly

54.7474, 1.0987, -7.4314

Deuteranomaly

54.5809, 3.3655, -7.0832

Tritanomaly

54.6821, 0.4047, -3.8682

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582

Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005

Achromatomaly

55.1482, -1.3140, -0.3349

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 146, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 146, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 146, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 146, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 146, 169) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 146, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 146, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 146, 169); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 146, 169); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 146, 169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.6867, 2.2784, -6.9582 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 146, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
146, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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