

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.8715, 38.9922,  
17.0333)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(54.8715, 38.9922,  
17.0333) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(54.9156, 38.9155,  
17.0084)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E57373
RGB	229, 115, 115
RGB Percent	90%, 45%, 45%
CMY	0.1020, 0.5490, 0.5490
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.50, 0.10
HSL	0°, 69%, 67%
HSV	0°, 50%, 90%
XYZ	41.5383, 30.1572, 19.8512
YIQ	149.0860, 67.9440, 24.1680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

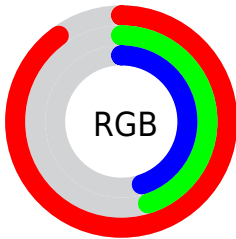
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 115, 115
Decimal	15037299
CIE Lab	61.79, 44.13, 20.71
CIE LCh	62, 48.753, 25.144
Yxy	30.1588, 0.4537, 0.3294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293227379 (0xFFE57373)
YUV	149.0860, -16.8044, 70.0846
Hunter-Lab	54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084

# Details

The HunterLab color **54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. A complement of this color would be **80.8313, -32.7387, -5.1387**, and the grayscale version is **54.9042, -2.9296, 2.9831**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.4058, 27.1304, 15.1543**, and **35.2069, 35.4931, 13.3731** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50.1054, 47.9956, 19.7063**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5309, 29.6266, 14.3026**.

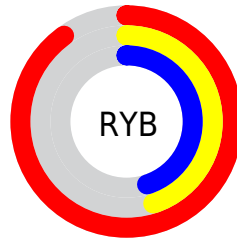
# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (45%)

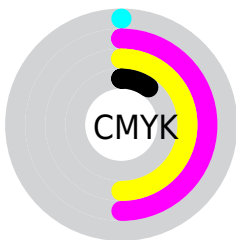
Blue (45%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (45%)

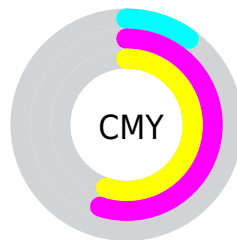


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (50%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (55%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 54.9156, 38.9155,  
17.0084

■ 54.9156, 38.9155,  
17.0084

173.9667, 48.1046,  
31.9081

■ 44.6757, 37.4065,  
15.2091

■ 77.4036, 41.5848,  
20.4607

■ 35.1644, 35.7819,  
13.3329

■ 89.5750, 42.7668,  
22.1369

■ 26.4443, 34.0432,  
11.3491

■ 102.3249, 43.8554,  
23.7914

■ 18.5950, 32.2244,  
9.2072

115.6281, 44.8571,  
25.4304

■ 11.7265, 30.4600,  
8.2086

129.4626, 45.7780,  
27.0582

■ 4.4528, 45.9648,  
3.1170

143.8087, 46.6231,

0.0000, INF, NaN

28.6786

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.6487, 47.3973,  
30.2945

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9156, 38.9155,  
17.0084

■ 54.9156, 38.9155,  
17.0084

■ 50.1054, 47.9956,  
19.7063

■ 60.5309, 29.6266,  
14.3026

■ 46.2300, 56.3002,  
22.2096

■ 66.8173, 20.4874,  
11.6932

■ 43.4004, 63.0693,  
24.2735

■ 73.6640, 11.6611,  
9.2290

■ 41.6542, 67.6038,  
25.6666

■ 80.9792, 3.2019,  
6.9216

■ 40.8291, 69.8537,  
26.3607

■ 88.6900, -4.8966,  
4.7636

■ 40.8145, 69.8943,  
26.3733

■ 96.7386, -12.6679,  
2.7396

■ 97.6719, -13.5320,  
2.5181

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.9170, 43.7122, -0.3855



54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084



54.9170, 22.2778, 26.1918

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.9170, 38.9119, 17.0094



54.9170, -32.4620, 20.8124



54.9170, -6.3317, -51.1695

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084



80.8313, -32.7387, -5.1387

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.9170, -24.2838, -39.1389



54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084



54.9170, -37.8449, 6.1626

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.9170, 38.9119, 17.0094



54.9170, -19.1563, 27.7339



54.9170, -35.0935, -16.1048



54.9170, 15.4235, -44.7875



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084



54.9170, 7.8804, 28.7661



54.9170, -35.0935, -16.1048



54.9170, -12.9699, -49.0460

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.9170, 38.9119, 17.0094



87.0372, 8.6372, 9.1812



58.8020, 56.7291, -37.5170



39.4629, 4.9392, 4.5057

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.9170, 38.9119, 17.0094



56.3238, 54.7913, 22.4333



68.8483, 9.5633, 28.6234



37.9053, 1.3690, 3.1964



30.8617, 52.8499, 19.9421



8.3897, 14.3658, 5.4212



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.8313, -32.7387, -5.1387



90.3103, -40.8615, -7.1779



62.2954, -5.9615, -32.2704



40.4182, -5.3372, 1.1297



59.3892, -31.4832, -6.2682



16.1444, -8.5585, -1.7038



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.9156, 38.9155,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084

### Protanopia

55.0470, -3.1088, 10.7374

### Deuteranopia

54.8797, 4.0368, 17.9499



## Tritanopia

54.8614, 40.1359, 14.6094

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084

## Protanomaly

54.2580, 10.9017, 12.4229

## Deuteranomaly

54.4800, 16.3114, 17.1732

## Tritanomaly

54.7947, 39.8223, 15.5768

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084

## Achromatopsia

54.8219, -2.9252, 2.9786

## Achromatomaly

54.0023, 10.6781, 7.4786

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 115, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 115, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 115, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 115, 115) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 115, 115) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 115, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 115, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 115, 115); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 115, 115); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 115, 115) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.9156, 38.9155, 17.0084 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 115, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
115, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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