

Converting Colors

HunterLab(54.9795, -28.7832,
-2.0003)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(54.9795, -28.7832,
-2.0003) contains.

HunterLab(54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(54.9789,
-28.7813, -1.9991)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28A69F
RGB	40, 166, 159
RGB Percent	16%, 65%, 62%
CMY	0.8431, 0.3490, 0.3765
CMYK	0.76, 0.00, 0.04, 0.35
HSL	177°, 61%, 40%
HSV	177°, 76%, 65%
XYZ	20.7693, 30.2268, 37.5406
YIQ	127.5280, -72.8490, -28.8890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

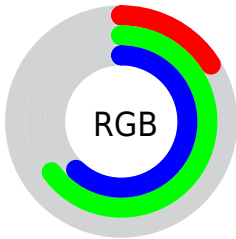
Format	Color
RYB	40, 105, 166
Decimal	2664095
CIELab	61.85, -34.40, -6.02
CIELCh	62, 34.920, 189.923
Yxy	30.2279, 0.2346, 0.3414
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280854175 (0xFF28A69F)
YUV	127.5280, 15.5157, -76.7621
Hunter-Lab	54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991

Details

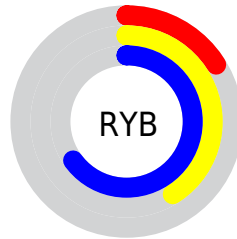
The HunterLab color **54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009999**. A complement of this color would be **31.3540, 41.9055, 14.9664**, and the grayscale version is **46.2388, -2.4672, 2.5122**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.6037, -33.8588, -1.3787**, and **35.9068, -20.0253, -1.6514** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.7099, -29.9090, -1.9059**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55.3780, -27.1582, -1.9215**.

Distribution



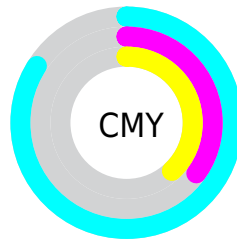
- Red (16%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (16%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (84%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54.9789, -28.7813,
-1.9991

■ 54.9789, -28.7813,
-1.9991

174.0590,
-49.4454, 2.3180

■ 44.7344, -26.1424,
-2.2549

■ 77.4742, -33.7456,
-1.3281

■ 35.2186, -23.3541,
-2.4514

■ 89.6490, -36.1141,
-0.9229

■ 26.4936, -20.3618,
-2.5802

■ 102.4023,
-38.4265, -0.4752

■ 18.6388, -17.0762,
-2.6305

■ 115.7087,
-40.6932, 0.0121

■ 11.7641, -14.4081,
-2.5878

■ 129.5463,
-42.9225, 0.5369

■ 4.5260, -7.9206,
-5.2650

143.8954,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-45.1210, 1.0972

0.0000, NaN, NaN

158.7382,
-47.2938, 1.6914

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9789, -28.7813,
-1.9991

■ 54.9789, -28.7813,
-1.9991

■ 54.7099, -29.9090,
-1.9059

■ 55.3780, -27.1582,
-1.9215

■ 54.5500, -30.6033,
-1.6685

■ 55.9159, -25.0056,
-1.6602

■ 54.4978, -30.8350,
-1.5537

■ 56.6021, -22.3088,
-1.2055

■ 57.4422, -19.0689,
-0.5537

■ 58.4393, -15.3009,
0.2942

■ 59.5943, -11.0307,
1.3329

■ 60.9062, -6.2929,
2.5539

■ 62.3725, -1.1278,
3.9460

■ 63.9891, 4.4213,
5.4963

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



54.9799, -27.7014, 11.6780



54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



54.9799, -23.5343, -17.9185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



54.9799, -28.7815, -1.9984



54.9799, 17.0278, -22.7722



54.9799, 7.4212, 23.1712

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



31.3540, 41.9055, 14.9664

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



54.9799, 21.2258, 17.9676



54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



54.9799, 27.1749, -7.3911

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



54.9799, -28.7815, -1.9984



54.9799, 2.1724, -31.8845



54.9799, 28.7892, 7.5557



54.9799, -7.8655, 23.8844

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



54.9799, -16.7826, -26.7807



54.9799, 28.7892, 7.5557



54.9799, 12.4318, 21.9727

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54.9799, -28.7815, -1.9984



79.0919, -19.2522, 0.7187



52.9764, -41.2977, 29.6733



37.1726, -10.0117, 0.1266



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



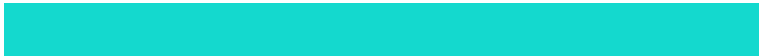
39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54.9799, -28.7815, -1.9984



73.5435, -40.9797, -2.3676



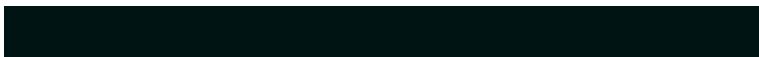
38.2911, -4.1360, -32.3404



29.1972, -3.8413, 1.0238



47.9922, -27.1383, -1.4022



7.4998, -4.1495, -0.4166

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



31.3540, 41.9055, 14.9664



39.1059, 64.0409, 23.3079



40.4650, 18.1448, 22.3095



27.4751, 0.9523, 2.1119



25.1089, 43.0716, 15.6688



3.9426, 6.8148, 2.0591

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

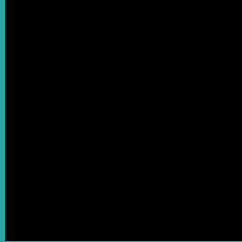
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991.



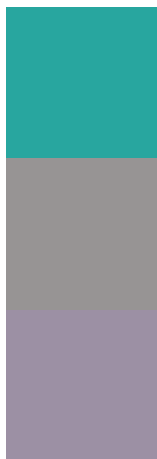
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 54.9789,

-28.7813, -1.9991.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991

Protanopia

54.6784, -2.0022, 3.2775

Deuteranopia

54.4929, 4.1662, -4.5626



Tritanopia

54.8624, -22.9685, -11.5481

Trichromacy



Original Color

54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



Protanomaly

53.9344, -15.1394, 0.3136



Deuteranomaly

53.5187, -11.3121, -5.0886



Tritanomaly

54.8467, -25.1954, -7.7560

Monochromacy



Original Color

54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991



Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243



Achromatomaly

48.6794, -14.9430, -0.0158

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 166, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 166, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 166, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 166, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 166, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 166, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 166, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 166, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 166, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 166,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 54.9789, -28.7813, -1.9991 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 166, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 166,  
159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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