

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327) contains.

HunterLab(55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5C96EF
RGB	92, 150, 239
RGB Percent	36%, 59%, 94%
CMY	0.6392, 0.4118, 0.0627
CMYK	0.62, 0.37, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	216°, 82%, 65%
HSV	216°, 62%, 94%
XYZ	30.9000, 30.3200, 85.8851
YIQ	142.8040, -63.1370, 15.3830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

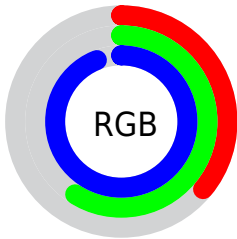
Format	Color
R_{YB}	92, 134, 239
Decimal	6067951
CIE Lab	61.93, 7.90, -50.43
CIE LCh	62, 51.045, 278.905
Yxy	30.3210, 0.2101, 0.2061
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284258031 (0xFF5C96EF)
YUV	142.8040, 47.4246, -44.5551
Hunter-Lab	55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327

Details

The HunterLab color **55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as light muted azure. A complement of this color would be **72.2318, 7.1740, 36.3219**, and the grayscale version is **52.1668, -2.7835, 2.8343**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6162, -7.7361, -27.7223**, and **35.3437, 3.8073, -52.3954** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.9414, 8.0686, -66.0336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **60.5467, 0.5608, -42.6486**.

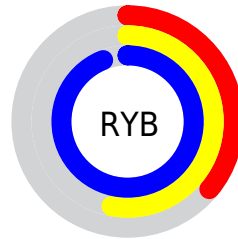
Distribution



Red (36%)

Green (59%)

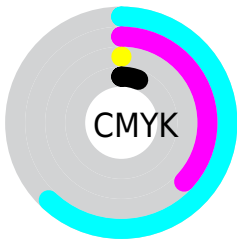
Blue (94%)



Red (36%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (94%)

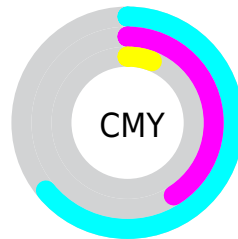


Cyan (62%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (6%)



Cyan (64%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327

■ 55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327

174.1832, 0.4804,
-60.1034

■ 44.8134, 3.9292,
-53.3309

■ 77.5690, 3.3865,
-55.3827

■ 35.2916, 3.9809,
-52.9458

■ 89.7486, 3.0975,
-56.1379

■ 26.5599, 3.9519,
-52.9972

■ 102.5063, 2.7617,
-56.8806

■ 18.6978, 3.8266,
-53.9753

■ 115.8171, 2.3825,
-57.5982

■ 11.8147, 3.5805,
-57.1730

129.6588, 1.9626,
-58.2829

■ 4.6226, 7.2014,
-90.7235

144.0119, 1.5043,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-58.9303

0.0000, NaN, -NF

158.8586, 1.0096,
-59.5376

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327

■ 55.0636, 3.8073,
-53.9327

■ 49.9414, 8.0686,
-66.0336

■ 60.5467, 0.5608,
-42.6486

■ 45.2345, 13.4646,
-78.9276

■ 66.3387, -1.8125,
-32.1393

■ 41.0050, 20.0486,
-92.4589

■ 72.3993, -3.4456,
-22.3237

■ 37.8020, 26.4399,
-104.3254

■ 78.6950, -4.4557,
-13.1118

■ 85.1983, -4.9415,
-4.4168

■ 91.8865, -4.9847,
3.8401

■ 98.3218, -6.1113,
11.2346

■ 99.5048, -8.0555,
12.5150

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.0645, -17.4468, -49.7829



55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327



55.0645, 26.4405, -38.7702

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.0645, 3.8079, -53.9313



55.0645, 34.2758, 22.8536



55.0645, -37.3093, 15.6763

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327



72.2318, 7.1740, 36.3219

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.0645, -27.2172, 26.1230



55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327



55.0645, 13.2415, 28.9818

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.0645, 3.8079, -53.9313



55.0645, 45.7686, 8.9071



55.0645, -9.3798, 29.8801



55.0645, -39.0167, -3.6501

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327



55.0645, 38.4807, -22.3009



55.0645, -9.3798, 29.8801



55.0645, -34.8713, 20.0845

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.0645, 3.8079, -53.9313



87.0876, -5.0346, -10.8349



82.0444, -48.8495, 18.4171



39.3537, -2.2374, -6.2980

0.0000, NaN, NaN



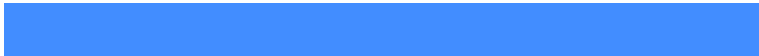
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.0645, 3.8079, -53.9313



52.3110, 10.1584, -74.8179



41.2254, 37.9904, -91.3775



40.3136, -2.3216, -1.2631



28.5225, 18.6478, -75.9058



9.3029, 3.0174, -18.1415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53.1118, 58.0565, 1.5321



52.0646, 73.4342, 4.7826



88.5448, -26.6741, 47.3128



39.8273, 2.1511, 1.5000



32.5801, 57.2480, 9.7844



9.4978, 16.8806, 1.3674

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

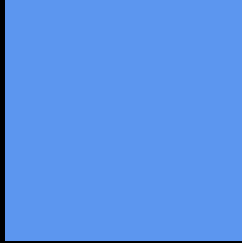
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

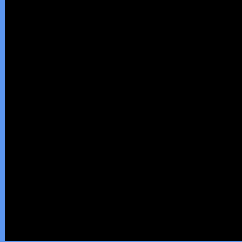
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

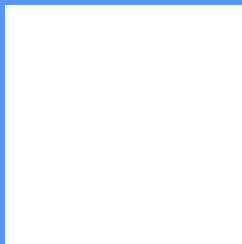
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327

Protanopia

54.9552, 8.8865, -50.7782

Deuteranopia

54.9670, 4.9687, -54.1265



Tritanopia

55.0937, -22.1536, -10.6422

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327

Protanomaly

54.8173, 7.0898, -51.9295

Deuteranomaly

54.9179, 4.8050, -54.2382

Tritanomaly

54.7665, -13.4357, -24.9841

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327

Achromatopsia

52.4097, -2.7964, 2.8475

Achromatomaly

52.9691, -2.9659, -14.5584

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(92, 150, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(92, 150, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(92, 150, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(92, 150, 239) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(92, 150, 239) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(92, 150, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(92, 150, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(92, 150, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 150, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(92, 150,  
239) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.0636, 3.8073, -53.9327 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(92, 150, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(92, 150,  
239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor