

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.1397, -0.7803,
-0.5877)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.1397, -0.7803,
-0.5877) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.2656, -0.8477,
-0.6638)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	97959E
RGB	151, 149, 158
RGB Percent	59%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4157, 0.3804
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	253°, 4%, 60%
HSV	253°, 6%, 62%
XYZ	29.6815, 30.5429, 36.6788
YIQ	150.6240, -1.6970, 3.2230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

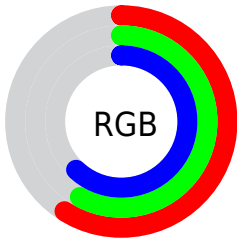
Format	Color
R_{YB}	151, 149, 158
Decimal	9934238
CIE Lab	62.12, 2.50, -4.47
CIE LCh	62, 5.121, 299.207
Yxy	30.5442, 0.3063, 0.3152
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288124318 (0xFF97959E)
YUV	150.6240, 3.6364, 0.3298
Hunter-Lab	55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638

Details

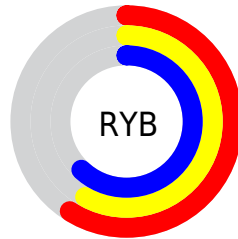
The HunterLab color $55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.0452, -5.1313, 6.6322$, and the grayscale version is $55.4652, -2.9595, 3.0135$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.7786, -1.7577, -0.0908$, and $35.3641, 0.0810, -1.5281$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.7629, 3.2572, -7.8207$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.9309, -4.8101, 5.9841$.

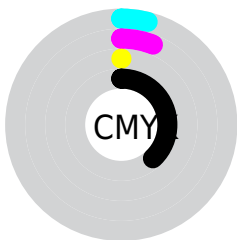
Distribution



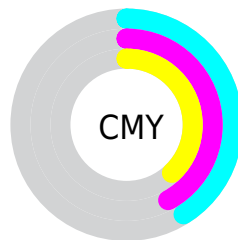
- Red (59%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.2656, -0.8477,
-0.6638

■ 55.2656, -0.8477,
-0.6638

174.4800, -6.2464,
4.2059

■ 45.0022, -0.4378,
-0.9951

■ 77.7957, -1.8019,
0.1477

■ 35.4660, -0.0758,
-1.2719

■ 89.9866, -2.3374,
0.6185

■ 26.7186, 0.2310,
-1.4863

102.7551, -2.9089,
1.1290

■ 18.8390, 0.4742,
-1.6284

116.0762, -3.5145,
1.6769

■ 11.9360, 0.6409,
-1.6839

129.9279, -4.1524,
2.2601

■ 4.8456, 1.9882,
-3.5599

144.2905, -4.8212,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.8770

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.1465, -5.5196,
3.5261

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.2656, -0.8477,
-0.6638

■ 55.2656, -0.8477,
-0.6638

■ 49.7629, 3.2572,
-7.8207

■ 60.9309, -4.8101,
5.9841

■ 44.4441, 7.5516,
-15.6353

■ 66.7364, -8.6608,
12.2322

■ 39.3438, 12.0857,
-24.2929

■ 72.6685, -12.4282,
18.1675

■ 34.5077, 16.9140,
-34.0202

■ 78.7152, -16.1332,
23.8560

■ 29.9999, 22.0758,
-45.0588

■ 84.8669, -19.7923,
29.3488

■ 25.9113, 27.5447,
-57.5703

■ 91.1158, -23.4185,
34.6858

■ 22.3674, 33.1160,
-71.3840

■ 95.9175, -24.7968,
38.6742

■ 19.5282, 38.2252,
-85.5107

■ 97.0521, -20.6432,
39.6798

■ 17.5353, 41.9432,
-97.8358

■ 97.5954, -18.6728,
40.1591

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.2668, -3.0111, -1.2173



55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638



55.2668, 0.7711, 0.8842

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.2668, -0.8489, -0.6629



55.2668, -0.7448, 6.3910



55.2668, -7.1645, 3.0646

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638



58.0452, -5.1313, 6.6322

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.2668, -6.5788, 5.0513



55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638



55.2668, -2.8926, 6.9246

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.2668, -0.8489, -0.6629



55.2668, 0.8319, 4.9574



55.2668, -5.0238, 6.4437



55.2668, -6.6365, 0.9856

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638



55.2668, 1.3133, 2.2408



55.2668, -5.0238, 6.4437



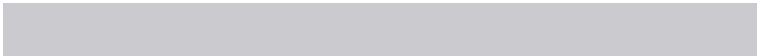
55.2668, -7.0915, 3.7650

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.2668, -0.8489, -0.6629



77.2429, -3.1153, 2.4520



57.1427, -4.8378, 1.5625



36.7191, -1.5095, 1.2153



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.2668, -0.8489, -0.6629



73.3926, -0.3593, -2.2378



55.6580, 0.4922, -0.1544



25.9912, -0.0770, -0.8815



15.0978, 38.9504, -91.7544



2.3931, 5.5754, -9.9044

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.8263, 0.9441, 1.0107



74.3426, 2.6698, 0.6265



57.6685, -6.4594, 6.1871



26.3412, 1.0379, 0.1753



26.4039, 49.5723, -16.6961



3.6112, 6.9127, -3.3139

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

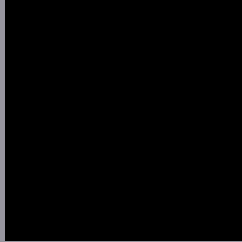
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

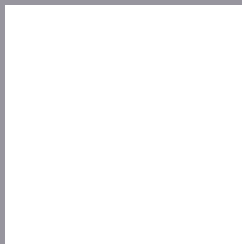
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638.

-0.6638.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638

Protanopia

55.1793, -1.1447, -0.7764

Deuteranopia

55.3516, 3.8619, -0.9597



Tritanopia

55.3284, -0.5062, -1.5548

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638

Protanomaly

55.1793, -1.1447, -0.7764

Deuteranomaly

55.2619, 2.1203, -1.1026

Tritanomaly

55.2968, -0.6775, -1.1078

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638

Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225

Achromatomaly

55.4302, -2.0000, 1.4202

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 149, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 149, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 149, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 149, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 149, 158) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 149, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 149, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 149, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 149, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 149,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.2656, -0.8477, -0.6638 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 149, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
149, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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