

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.1825, 95.8398,
-60.3862)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.1825, 95.8398,
-60.3862) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.1971, 95.8935,
-60.5771)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF33F9
RGB	255, 51, 249
RGB Percent	100%, 20%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.8000, 0.0235
CMYK	0.00, 0.80, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	302°, 100%, 60%
HSV	302°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	59.5227, 30.4672, 92.3661
YIQ	134.5680, 58.0260, 104.8260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

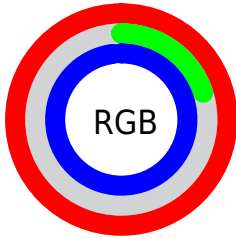
Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 51, 249
Decimal	16724985
CIE Lab	62.06, 91.33, -54.75
CIE LCh	62, 106.483, 329.059
Yxy	30.4683, 0.3264, 0.1671
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294915065 (0xFFFF33F9)
YUV	134.5680, 56.4150, 105.6189
Hunter-Lab	55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771

Details

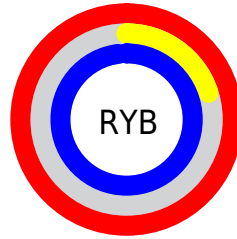
The HunterLab color **55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **85.1585, -69.6594, 48.5586**, and the grayscale version is **48.8210, -2.6050, 2.6525**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **65.1146, 67.6608, -44.8372**, and **39.0834, 76.6688, -50.2270** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.6379, 101.0832, -63.5693**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.7809, 87.5633, -55.4571**.

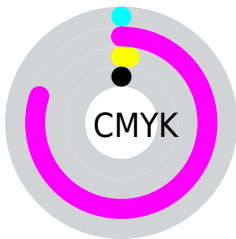
Distribution



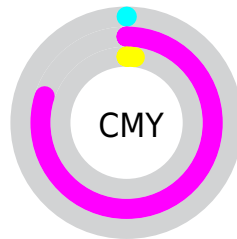
- Red (100%)
- Green (20%)
- Blue (98%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (80%)
- Yellow (2%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55.1971, 95.8935,
-60.5771


 55.1971, 95.8935,
-60.5771

174.3793,
117.2901, -67.1367


 44.9381, 93.2821,
-60.0554


 77.7187, 101.1267,
-62.0012


 35.4068, 90.8047,
-59.8326


 89.9058, 103.6728,
-62.7839


 26.6648, 88.6766,
-60.1856


 102.6707,
106.1465, -63.5703

 18.7911, 87.3977,
-61.7277

 115.9883,
108.5405, -64.3433

 11.8948, 88.3095,
-66.0677

 129.8366,
110.8517, -65.0921

 4.7711, 129.3481,
-103.7883

144.1959,

0.0000, INF, -NF

113.0796, -65.8099

0.0000, NaN, -NF

159.0488,
115.2252, -66.4923

■ 55.1971, 95.8935,
-60.5771

■ 55.1971, 95.8935,
-60.5771

■ 53.6379, 101.0832,
-63.5693

■ 57.7809, 87.5633,
-55.4571

■ 52.9213, 103.3755,
-64.6200

■ 61.3993, 76.6539,
-48.5573

■ 52.9210, 103.3763,
-64.6204

■ 65.9942, 63.9667,
-40.3961

■ 71.4667, 50.2796,
-31.4866

■ 77.7053, 36.1921,
-22.2313

■ 84.6023, 22.0972,
-12.9000

■ 92.0622, 8.2175,
-3.6505

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.1981, 47.2186, -133.8564



55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



55.1981, 117.0571, 1.5975

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.1981, 95.8901, -60.5752



55.1981, -1.4805, 38.5992



55.1981, -61.1523, -55.8897

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



85.1585, -69.6594, 48.5586

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.1981, -66.6866, 4.3756



55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



55.1981, -39.8371, 37.5937

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.1981, 95.8901, -60.5752



55.1981, 50.6111, 37.4560



55.1981, -60.3828, 31.2008



55.1981, -41.6291, -129.9123

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



55.1981, 108.7410, 24.1032



55.1981, -60.3828, 31.2008



55.1981, -64.3567, -32.3664

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.1981, 95.8901, -60.5752



81.7675, 27.7256, -16.6340



32.2250, 58.6991, -153.1822



36.6998, 15.1535, -9.2350

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.1981, 95.8901, -60.5752



53.1473, 102.6738, -64.3433



50.8115, 79.3438, -0.7764



42.7675, 3.4904, -1.4807



38.2597, 74.7451, -46.7816



11.9501, 23.3638, -14.7497

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.1981, 95.8901, -60.5752



53.1473, 102.6738, -64.3433



86.3934, -62.0121, 30.4405



42.7675, 3.4904, -1.4807



38.2597, 74.7451, -46.7816



11.9501, 23.3638, -14.7497

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

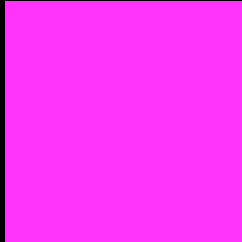
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

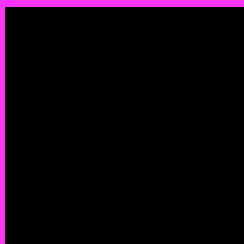
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771.

-60.5771.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771

Protanopia

55.5465, 11.5732, -66.5536

Deuteranopia

55.4562, 4.6987, -49.7767



Tritanopia

54.7956, 47.6679, 17.6951

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



Protanomaly

50.8412, 42.4365, -76.3003



Deuteranomaly

50.6920, 38.2078, -64.5155



Tritanomaly

53.5506, 64.6365, -3.7168

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771



Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743



Achromatomaly

47.5594, 34.5362, -21.2949

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 51, 249)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 51, 249)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 51, 249) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 51, 249) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 51, 249) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 51, 249) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 51, 249)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 51, 249); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51, 249);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 51,  
249) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.1971, 95.8935, -60.5771 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 51, 249) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 51,  
249) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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