

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.2446, -8.0023,
-41.9652)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.2446, -8.0023,
-41.9652) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.1873, -8.0351,
-41.8981)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C9DE0
RGB	60, 157, 224
RGB Percent	24%, 62%, 88%
CMY	0.7647, 0.3843, 0.1216
CMYK	0.73, 0.30, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	205°, 73%, 56%
HSV	205°, 73%, 88%
XYZ	27.3750, 30.4564, 74.9568
YIQ	135.6350, -79.3190, 0.2730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

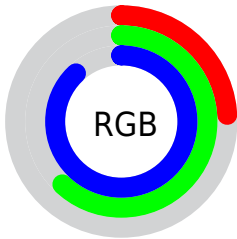
Format	Color
R _{YB}	60, 121, 224
Decimal	3972576
CIE Lab	62.05, -6.21, -42.03
CIE LCh	62, 42.488, 261.601
Yxy	30.4574, 0.2062, 0.2294
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282162656 (0xFF3C9DE0)
YUV	135.6350, 43.5639, -66.3319
Hunter-Lab	55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981

Details

The HunterLab color **55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as middle washed azure. A complement of this color would be **55.9958, 26.7991, 30.4453**, and the grayscale version is **49.3309, -2.6322, 2.6802**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **76.3679, -16.5494, -26.6831**, and **36.2425, -3.2297, -38.3281** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.8839, -5.4544, -48.7130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.7558, -9.7556, -35.1285**.

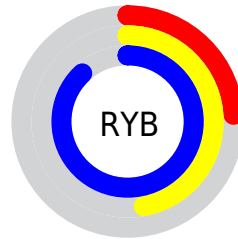
Distribution



Red (24%)

Green (62%)

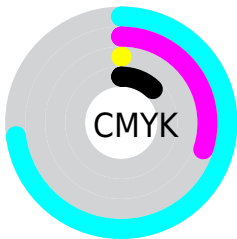
Blue (88%)



Red (24%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (88%)

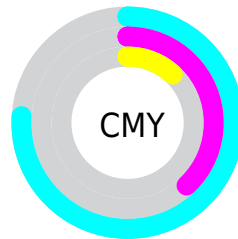


Cyan (73%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (12%)



Cyan (76%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.1873, -8.0351,
-41.8981

■ 55.1873, -8.0351,
-41.8981

174.3648,
-16.8518, -46.9496

■ 44.9289, -7.1366,
-41.2312

■ 77.7077, -9.8736,
-43.2662

■ 35.3982, -6.2496,
-40.6513

■ 89.8942, -10.8175,
-43.9193

■ 26.6570, -5.3690,
-40.2840

■ 102.6585,
-11.7786, -44.5355

■ 18.7842, -4.4861,
-40.4148

■ 115.9756,
-12.7574, -45.1095

■ 11.8889, -3.5846,
-41.8041

■ 129.8234,
-13.7541, -45.6387

■ 4.7603, -5.9351,
-63.0157

144.1823,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-14.7687, -46.1218

0.0000, NaN, -NF

159.0347,
-15.8013, -46.5586

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.1873, -8.0351,
-41.8981

■ 55.1873, -8.0351,
-41.8981

■ 51.8839, -5.4544,
-48.7130

■ 58.7558, -9.7556,
-35.1285

■ 48.8500, -2.0140,
-55.5274

■ 62.5720, -10.6612,
-28.4526

■ 46.9211, 0.7132,
-60.1869

■ 66.6193, -10.8164,
-21.9019

■ 70.8793, -10.2947,
-15.4956

■ 75.3343, -9.1696,
-9.2421

■ 79.9680, -7.5105,
-3.1418

■ 84.7652, -5.3807,
2.8106

■ 89.7124, -2.8360,
8.6237

■ 94.1223, -2.2459,
13.5351

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.1882, -23.3001, -30.5295



55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981



55.1882, 10.7296, -38.4874

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.1882, -8.0346, -41.8969



55.1882, 34.0629, 14.0400



55.1882, -28.0900, 20.1239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981



55.9958, 26.7991, 30.4453

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.1882, -15.4104, 26.0718



55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981



55.1882, 20.8622, 23.4478

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.1882, -8.0346, -41.8969



55.1882, 36.7167, -2.1562



55.1882, 2.3304, 27.0476



55.1882, -33.8417, 7.7096

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981



55.1882, 22.6374, -28.6601



55.1882, 2.3304, 27.0476



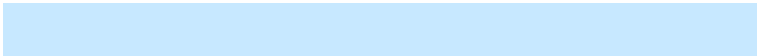
55.1882, -24.5823, 22.7509

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.1882, -8.0346, -41.8969



87.8104, -10.4465, -9.9541



74.6786, -53.5769, 29.5128



39.9605, -5.0359, -5.5099

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.1882, -8.0346, -41.8969



58.1491, -4.2763, -60.7076



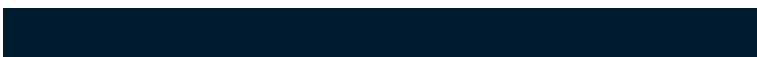
34.0125, 34.5847, -101.3683



38.1892, -3.1582, -0.4132



36.1195, -0.0102, -45.1242



10.3878, -1.4452, -9.8640

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.3840, 66.7693, -11.0243



49.8749, 85.7943, -9.1356



78.1611, -13.4243, 44.6835



37.1966, 2.3086, 0.5171



31.9767, 57.8906, -3.5979



8.5228, 15.6165, -2.4066

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

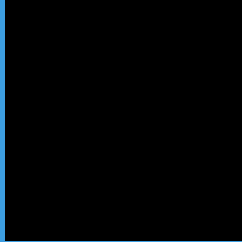
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

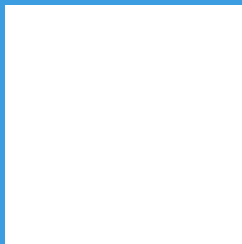
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981.



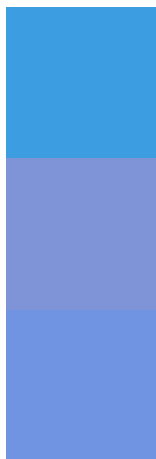
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981.

-41.8981.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981

Protanopia

55.0325, 5.7084, -35.2530

Deuteranopia

54.8776, 4.7958, -43.8374



Tritanopia

55.2513, -26.3483, -12.1809

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981

Protanomaly

54.8441, -0.5661, -37.9219

Deuteranomaly

54.6778, -0.4537, -43.5587

Tritanomaly

55.0501, -20.8573, -22.0498

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981

Achromatopsia

49.6187, -2.6475, 2.6959

Achromatomaly

50.9527, -7.8027, -11.8473

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 157, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 157, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 157, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 157, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 157, 224) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 157, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 157, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 157, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 157, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 157,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.1873, -8.0351, -41.8981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 157, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 157,  
224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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