

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.3097, 1.1011,
-1.2802)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.3097, 1.1011, -1.2802)
contains.

HunterLab(55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(55.3639, 1.0153,
-0.9942)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9B949F
RGB	155, 148, 159
RGB Percent	61%, 58%, 62%
CMY	0.3922, 0.4196, 0.3765
CMYK	0.03, 0.07, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	278°, 5%, 60%
HSV	278°, 7%, 62%
XYZ	30.3655, 30.6516, 37.1168
YIQ	151.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

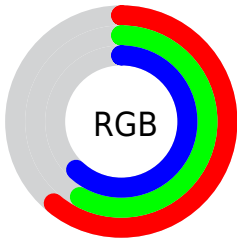
Format	Color
R _Y B	155, 148, 159
Decimal	10196127
CIE Lab	62.21, 4.69, -4.86
CIE LCh	62, 6.752, 313.941
Yxy	30.6529, 0.3094, 0.3123
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288386207 (0xFF9B949F)
YUV	151.3470, 3.7729, 3.2037
Hunter-Lab	55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942

Details

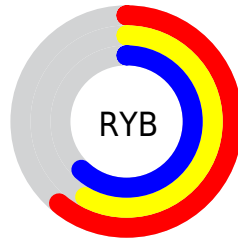
The HunterLab color $55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57.9747, -6.9525, 6.9478$, and the grayscale version is $55.7565, -2.9750, 3.0294$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $77.8790, 0.2073, -0.4409$, and $35.4615, 1.8212, -1.8376$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.4421, 7.1220, -7.3481$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.4768, -4.9776, 5.0207$.

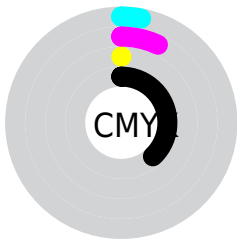
Distribution



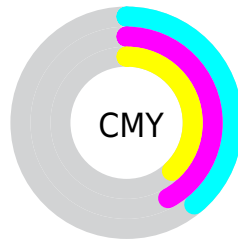
- Red (61%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (38%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.3639, 1.0153,
-0.9942

■ 55.3639, 1.0153,
-0.9942

174.6242, -3.5461,
3.7403

■ 45.0940, 1.3076,
-1.3070

■ 77.9059, 0.2764,
-0.2170

■ 35.5508, 1.5435,
-1.5642

■ 90.1022, -0.1593,
0.2378

■ 26.7958, 1.7136,
-1.7576

102.8760, -0.6355,
0.7329

■ 18.9077, 1.8062,
-1.8773

116.2021, -1.1495,
1.2659

■ 11.9950, 1.8033,
-1.9087

130.0586, -1.6993,
1.8349

■ 4.9503, 3.8600,
-3.8016

144.4258, -2.2830,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.4379

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.2863, -2.8991,
3.0735

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.3639, 1.0153,
-0.9942

■ 55.3639, 1.0153,
-0.9942

■ 50.4421, 7.1220,
-7.3481

■ 60.4768, -4.9776,
5.0207

■ 45.7379, 13.3501,
-14.1032

■ 65.7534, -10.8654,
10.7497

■ 41.2911, 19.6821,
-21.3116

■ 71.1759, -16.6652,
16.2428

■ 37.1506, 26.0611,
-29.0006

■ 76.7290, -22.3924,
21.5418

■ 33.3778, 32.3562,
-37.1324

■ 82.4001, -28.0615,
26.6815

■ 30.0469, 38.3165,
-45.5396

■ 88.1790, -33.6853,
31.6907

■ 27.2403, 43.5293,
-53.8466

■ 92.5688, -37.3334,
35.3777

■ 25.0337, 47.4381,
-61.4307

■ 92.9933, -35.7121,
35.7636

■ 23.4318, 49.6430,
-67.6904

■ 93.4322, -34.0449,
36.1614

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.3651, -1.5908, -2.4544



55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942



55.3651, 2.5716, 1.5079

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.3651, 1.0140, -0.9932



55.3651, -1.3872, 7.9288



55.3651, -8.3290, 1.7045

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942



57.9747, -6.9525, 6.9478

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.3651, -8.2770, 4.4783



55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942



55.3651, -4.3103, 7.9753

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.3651, 1.0140, -0.9932



55.3651, 1.1657, 6.6113



55.3651, -6.8193, 6.7418



55.3651, -6.9627, -0.8429

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942



55.3651, 2.7867, 3.3814



55.3651, -6.8193, 6.7418



55.3651, -8.4759, 2.6434

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.3651, 1.0140, -0.9932



77.3995, -2.5732, 2.6492



55.9175, -3.0293, -0.3766



36.7891, -1.2671, 1.3034



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.3651, 1.0140, -0.9932



73.2632, 2.3583, -2.3538



55.6818, 1.9991, 0.1252



25.7563, 1.1518, -1.1589



20.4798, 44.7260, -61.6000



3.1332, 6.4940, -6.7212

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.5150, 1.0987, 2.4999



73.5024, 2.4938, 3.1917



57.6870, -7.8940, 5.9817



25.8535, 1.2070, 1.0864



24.6357, 43.1935, 8.1353



3.4101, 6.1976, -0.5685

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

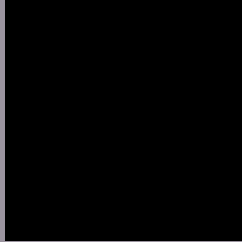
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942.

-0.9942.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942

Protanopia

55.2422, -0.8024, -1.6687

Deuteranopia

55.3516, 3.8619, -0.9597



Tritanopia

55.3953, 1.1855, -1.4408

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942

Protanomaly

55.4151, -0.2085, -1.4403

Deuteranomaly

55.4451, 2.7397, -0.8626

Tritanomaly

55.3953, 1.1855, -1.4408

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942

Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225

Achromatomaly

55.5168, -1.7005, 1.5298

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(155, 148, 159)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(155, 148, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(155, 148, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(155, 148, 159) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(155, 148, 159) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(155, 148, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(155, 148, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(155, 148, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 148, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(155, 148,  
159) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.3639, 1.0153, -0.9942 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(155, 148, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(155,  
148, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor