

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.5389, 2.1757,
-5.1849)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.5389, 2.1757, -5.1849)
contains.

HunterLab(55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(55.5671, 2.2893,
-5.2476)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A94A8
RGB	154, 148, 168
RGB Percent	60%, 58%, 66%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4196, 0.3412
CMYK	0.08, 0.12, 0.00, 0.34
HSL	258°, 10%, 62%
HSV	258°, 12%, 66%
XYZ	30.9843, 30.8770, 41.3727
YIQ	152.0740, -2.8440, 7.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

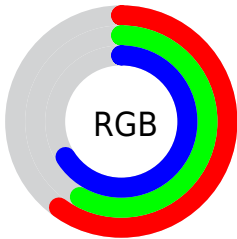
Format	Color
RYB	154, 148, 168
Decimal	10130600
CIELab	62.40, 6.17, -9.68
CIELCh	62, 11.478, 302.502
Yxy	30.8783, 0.3001, 0.2991
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288320680 (0xFF9A94A8)
YUV	152.0740, 7.8515, 1.6891
Hunter-Lab	55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476

Details

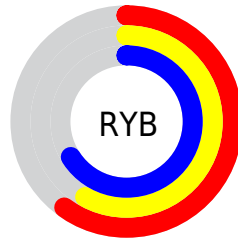
The HunterLab color $55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $61.5026, -8.2268, 10.7430$, and the grayscale version is $56.0358, -2.9899, 3.0445$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.0888, 1.5298, -4.8610$, and $35.6285, 2.8837, -5.4916$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.8865, 7.1907, -13.1638$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.4395, -2.4521, 2.0656$.

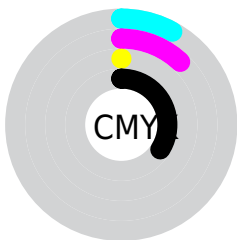
Distribution



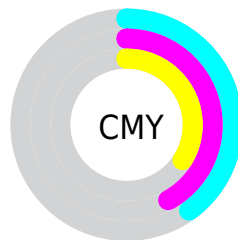
- Red (60%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.5671, 2.2893,
-5.2476

■ 55.5671, 2.2893,
-5.2476

174.9221, -1.7141,
-2.1533

■ 45.2838, 2.5038,
-5.3401

■ 78.1335, 1.6935,
-4.8823

■ 35.7261, 2.6565,
-5.3664

■ 90.3412, 1.3242,
-4.6214

■ 26.9554, 2.7367,
-5.3173

103.1257, 0.9116,
-4.3129

■ 19.0498, 2.7311,
-5.1834

116.4622, 0.4586,
-3.9602

■ 12.1171, 2.6185,
-4.9561

130.3286, -0.0324,
-3.5656

■ 5.1597, 4.9328,
-7.4957

144.7055, -0.5593,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.1317

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.5752, -1.1204,
-2.6604

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.5671, 2.2893,
-5.2476

■ 55.5671, 2.2893,
-5.2476

■ 49.8865, 7.1907,
-13.1638

■ 61.4395, -2.4521,
2.0656

■ 44.4262, 12.2973,
-21.8506

■ 67.4758, -7.0661,
8.9025

■ 39.2307, 17.6493,
-31.5059

■ 73.6584, -11.5840,
15.3654

■ 34.3598, 23.2712,
-42.3461

■ 79.9725, -16.0296,
21.5327

■ 29.8960, 29.1293,
-54.5390

■ 86.4062, -20.4220,
27.4652

■ 25.9524, 35.0438,
-68.0295

■ 92.9495, -24.7762,
33.2104

■ 22.6747, 40.5421,
-82.1872

■ 96.0399, -23.9726,
35.8892

■ 20.2202, 44.7518,
-95.3846

■ 97.1187, -20.0320,
36.8770

■ 18.7489, 47.1869,
-104.7733

■ 97.7789, -17.6431,
37.4783

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.5683, -2.5480, -6.9003



55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476



55.5683, 5.8116, -1.3618

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.5683, 2.2881, -5.2466



55.5683, 1.5370, 10.5348



55.5683, -12.2424, 2.6244

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476



61.5026, -8.2268, 10.7430

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.5683, -11.2342, 7.0805



55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476



55.5683, -3.3866, 11.4010

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.5683, 2.2881, -5.2466



55.5683, 5.3673, 7.7139



55.5683, -8.0356, 10.1924



55.5683, -10.8392, -2.1125

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476



55.5683, 6.8797, 1.8191



55.5683, -8.0356, 10.1924



55.5683, -12.1743, 4.2040

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.5683, 2.2881, -5.2466



81.0275, -1.9333, 0.7045



59.2304, -6.4300, -0.6987



37.5569, -0.6867, -0.0005



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.5683, 2.2881, -5.2466



73.0289, 4.6151, -9.4972



56.4495, 5.2470, -4.0347



27.2131, 0.4929, -1.5640



16.3659, 41.0718, -90.5456



3.0237, 6.8960, -11.3626

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.6698, 5.5943, -0.7469



74.8244, 9.9484, -2.0810



60.7057, -11.0820, 9.8475



27.6183, 1.7222, 0.0713



26.9754, 49.8668, -11.0224



4.3061, 8.1286, -3.0635

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

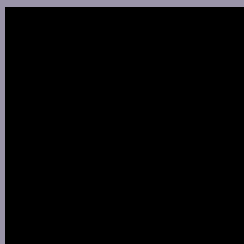
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

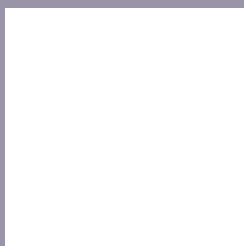
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476.

-5.2476.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476

Protanopia

55.6535, -0.2737, -5.7001

Deuteranopia

55.5542, 3.6908, -5.2401



Tritanopia

55.5341, 0.2624, -1.7742

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476

Protanomaly

55.5369, 0.7966, -5.8372

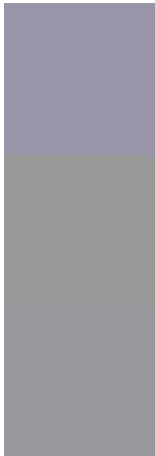
Deuteranomaly

55.4640, 3.3875, -5.3654

Tritanomaly

55.6305, 0.7843, -3.1394

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

56.0126, -1.2235, 0.2528

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 148, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 148, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 148, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 148, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 148, 168) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 148, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 148, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 148, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 148, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 148,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.5671, 2.2893, -5.2476 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 148, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
148, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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