

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.5830, 46.4873,
-140.1330)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.5830, 46.4873,
-140.1330) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(50.5978, 22.5028,
-79.2883)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6880FF
RGB	104, 128, 255
RGB Percent	41%, 50%, 100%
CMY	0.5921, 0.4980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.59, 0.50, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	230°, 100%, 70%
HSV	230°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	31.4781, 25.6014, 97.8902
YIQ	135.3020, -55.0710, 34.4090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

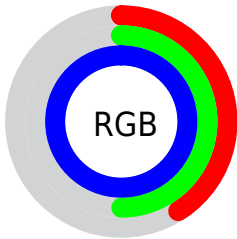
Format	Color
RYB	104, 125, 255
Decimal	6848767
CIELab	57.66, 28.45, -66.03
CIELCh	58, 71.901, 293.307
Yxy	25.6021, 0.2031, 0.1652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285038847 (0xFF6880FF)
YUV	135.3020, 59.0111, -27.4519
Hunter-Lab	50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883

Details

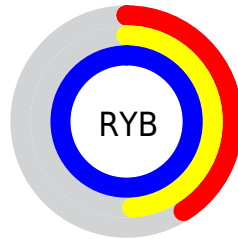
The HunterLab color $50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $6666CC$. A complement of this color would be $89.1152, -11.0991, 46.0032$, and the grayscale version is $49.1320, -2.6216, 2.6694$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $69.2600, 7.9075, -38.1728$, and $31.3327, 20.6561, -80.2875$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $43.9132, 30.6461, -100.1404$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.9346, 15.6921, -60.8473$.

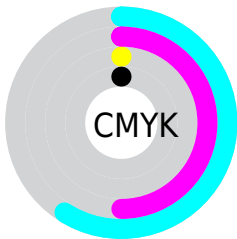
Distribution



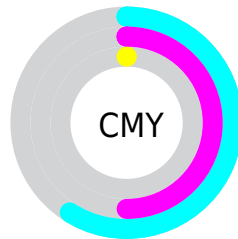
- Red (41%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (59%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 50.5978, 22.5028,
-79.2883

■ 50.5978, 22.5028,
-79.2883

167.5779, 26.8532,
-85.9909

■ 40.6524, 21.5829,
-79.3714

■ 72.5482, 24.0236,
-80.2063

■ 31.4599, 20.5377,
-80.2046

■ 84.4722, 24.6439,
-80.9327

■ 23.0887, 19.3541,
-82.4488

■ 96.9862, 25.1824,
-81.7401

■ 15.6291, 18.0234,
-87.6539

110.0635, 25.6458,
-82.5888

■ 9.2072, 16.5896,
-100.3893

123.6809, 26.0400,
-83.4529

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

137.8178, 26.3699,

-84.3152

0.0000, NaN, -NF

152.4556, 26.6397,
-85.1638

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.5978, 22.5028,
-79.2883

■ 50.5978, 22.5028,
-79.2883

■ 43.9132, 30.6461,
-100.1404

■ 57.9346, 15.6921,
-60.8473

■ 38.0666, 40.1807,
-123.1948

■ 65.7846, 9.9984,
-44.5563

■ 33.2990, 50.7043,
-147.0459

■ 74.0508, 5.1976,
-30.0285

■ 29.8392, 60.9055,
-168.5311

■ 82.6627, 1.0980,
-16.9021

■ 29.6191, 61.6244,
-170.0508

■ 91.5686, -2.4516,
-4.8766

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



50.5985, -9.3218, -89.1425



50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883



50.5985, 53.0711, -42.8769

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



50.5985, 22.5036, -79.2863



50.5985, 37.0755, 30.1017



50.5985, -48.5764, 8.8028

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883



89.1152, -11.0991, 46.0032

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



50.5985, -41.4909, 25.9552



50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883



50.5985, 4.2755, 32.6801

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



50.5985, 22.5036, -79.2863



50.5985, 62.7745, 20.1559



50.5985, -23.7731, 31.8058



50.5985, -45.8982, -24.4827

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883



50.5985, 66.1582, -15.9142



50.5985, -23.7731, 31.8058



50.5985, -47.3259, 16.2393

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



50.5985, 22.5036, -79.2863



83.7279, 0.6409, -15.3903



89.5362, -45.5858, 4.8809



37.5572, 0.8103, -8.8110

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



50.5985, 22.5036, -79.2863



42.8003, 32.2511, -104.1192



49.0157, 46.7507, -83.4169



42.2418, -1.0894, -2.4124



21.7280, 43.3538, -120.7466



7.6631, 10.5414, -32.3340

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.2020, 56.1953, 15.0635



52.0812, 66.9253, 18.7396



92.4401, -39.4528, 47.8691



42.4666, 1.8769, 2.8001



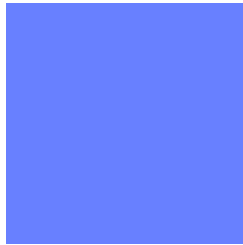
33.4732, 57.6099, 19.4123



10.5063, 18.2037, 5.1510

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

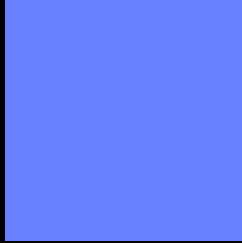
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

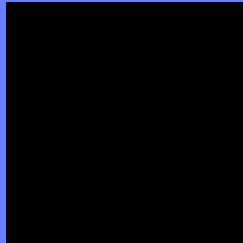
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883.

-79.2883.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883

Protanopia

50.7603, 14.8254, -78.9678

Deuteranopia

50.5307, 4.5518, -72.9849



Tritanopia

50.4758, -19.4523, -9.3890

Trichromacy



Original Color

50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883

Protanomaly

50.6961, 17.4007, -79.1021

Deuteranomaly

49.9854, 9.0010, -77.2974

Tritanomaly

49.9512, -6.0152, -31.3140

Monochromacy



Original Color

50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883

Achromatopsia

49.2221, -2.6264, 2.6743

Achromatomaly

49.0329, 4.1110, -21.2834

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 128, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 128, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 128, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 128, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 128, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 128, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 128, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 128, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 128, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 128,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 50.5978, 22.5028, -79.2883 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 128, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
128, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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