

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.5945, -10.5815,
-2.8828)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.5945, -10.5815,
-2.8828) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.4809,
-10.3628, -3.0237)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7D9CA3
RGB	125, 156, 163
RGB Percent	49%, 61%, 64%
CMY	0.5098, 0.3882, 0.3608
CMYK	0.23, 0.04, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	191°, 17%, 56%
HSV	191°, 23%, 64%
XYZ	26.9568, 30.7813, 39.1710
YIQ	147.5290, -20.7230, -4.3950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

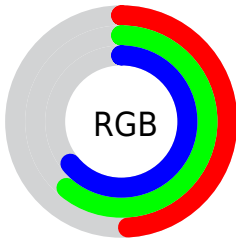
Format	Color
R_{YB}	125, 142, 163
Decimal	8232099
CIE _{Lab}	62.32, -9.09, -7.20
CIE _{LCh}	62, 11.598, 218.396
Yxy	30.7826, 0.2782, 0.3176
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286422179 (0xFF7D9CA3)
YUV	147.5290, 7.6272, -19.7579
Hunter-Lab	55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237

Details

The HunterLab color $55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $50.7640, 6.3046, 8.7295$, and the grayscale version is $54.2061, -2.8923, 2.9451$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.1764, -12.8044, -2.3575$, and $35.7025, -8.3709, -3.1215$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53.5347, -12.7544, -5.6115$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.5601, -7.5546, -0.3563$.

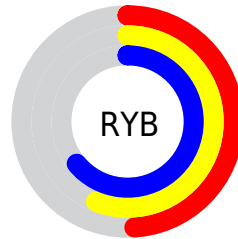
Distribution



Red (49%)

Green (61%)

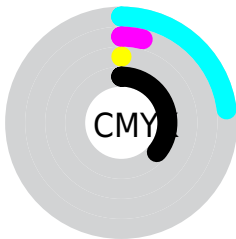
Blue (64%)



Red (49%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (64%)

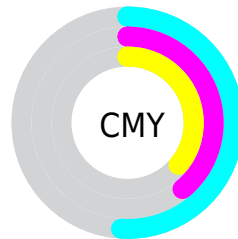


Cyan (23%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (51%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.4809, -10.3628,
-3.0237

■ 55.4809, -10.3628,
-3.0237

174.7957,
-20.3429, 0.9018

■ 45.2032, -9.2986,
-3.2268

■ 78.0369, -12.5054,
-2.4509

■ 35.6517, -8.2308,
-3.3682

■ 90.2398, -13.5883,
-2.0919

■ 26.8876, -7.1513,
-3.4390

■ 103.0197,
-14.6819, -1.6889

■ 18.9895, -6.0453,
-3.4286

116.3518,
-15.7873, -1.2446

■ 12.0653, -4.8846,
-3.3234

130.2140,
-16.9056, -0.7615

■ 5.0719, -8.0802,
-5.6110

144.5868,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.0374, -0.2415

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.4526,
-19.1830, 0.3134

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.4809, -10.3628,
-3.0237

■ 55.4809, -10.3628,
-3.0237

■ 53.5347, -12.7544,
-5.6115

■ 57.5601, -7.5546,
-0.3563

■ 51.7233, -14.6923,
-8.1055

■ 59.7631, -4.3639,
2.3728

■ 50.0518, -16.1471,
-10.4875

■ 62.0848, -0.8280,
5.1508

■ 48.5224, -17.0965,
-12.7403

■ 64.5188, 3.0178,
7.9663

■ 47.1349, -17.5297,
-14.8493

■ 67.0587, 7.1406,
10.8097

■ 45.8857, -17.4526,
-16.8043

■ 69.6984, 11.5101,
13.6730

■ 44.7663, -16.8942,
-18.6038

■ 72.4318, 16.0991,
16.5500

■ 44.0623, -16.3581,
-19.7615

■ 75.2024, 20.7230,
19.3832

■ 76.0128, 19.1197,
20.1457

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.4820, -12.2380, 1.6556



55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237



55.4820, -6.4902, -6.2634

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.4820, -10.3636, -3.0228



55.4820, 6.3474, -0.4864



55.4820, -4.3727, 11.3958

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237



50.7640, 6.3046, 8.7295

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.4820, 0.6539, 10.9332



55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237



55.4820, 6.9636, 4.3507

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.4820, -10.3636, -3.0228



55.4820, 3.1914, -4.7104



55.4820, 4.8463, 8.4514



55.4820, -8.8610, 9.7768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237



55.4820, -3.2347, -7.0193



55.4820, 4.8463, 8.4514



55.4820, -2.6915, 11.4755

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.4820, -10.3636, -3.0228



78.8329, -7.5271, 1.7725



56.7627, -18.4605, 11.8638



37.2825, -3.6802, 0.7442



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.4820, -10.3636, -3.0228



72.8692, -15.6079, -5.8635



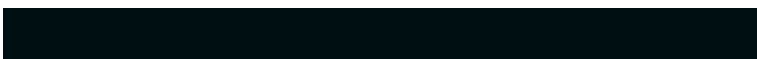
49.9057, -1.4239, -10.4399



27.9077, -3.0125, 0.3538



38.9226, -14.5261, -17.2920



6.1042, -2.7088, -1.7822

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.8546, 14.5793, -6.4315



63.8219, 24.9474, -11.4201



56.0271, -2.8898, 13.9404



26.7950, 1.7933, -0.2927



27.1542, 51.3703, -20.1894



4.0052, 7.6893, -3.8483

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

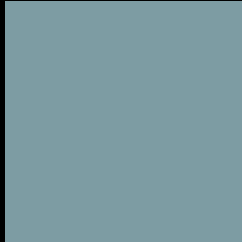
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

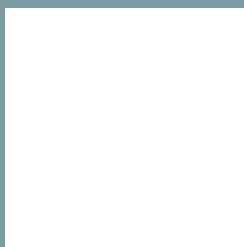
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237.



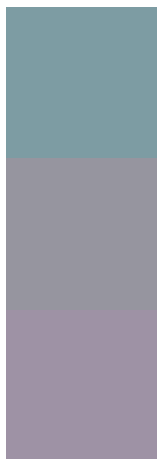
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.4809,

-10.3628, -3.0237.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237

Protanopia

55.2106, -0.9741, -1.2210

Deuteranopia

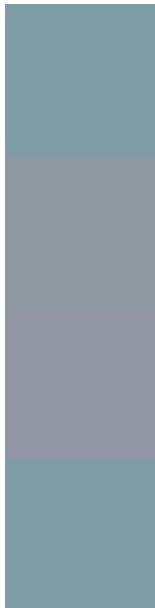
55.2662, 3.9610, -4.0650



Tritanopia

55.4125, -8.7297, -5.6460

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237

Protanomaly

55.3690, -4.8300, -1.5793

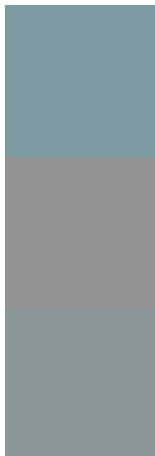
Deuteranomaly

55.3209, -1.7511, -3.5840

Tritanomaly

55.3457, -9.1028, -4.7030

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237

Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

Achromatomaly

54.7801, -5.8280, 1.0351

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 156, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 156, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 156, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 156, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 156, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 156, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 156, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 156, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 156, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 156,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.4809, -10.3628, -3.0237 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 156, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
156, 163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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