

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(55.5988,  
-34.8753, 11.8713)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2FAA80
RGB	47, 170, 128
RGB Percent	18%, 67%, 50%
CMY	0.8157, 0.3333, 0.4980
CMYK	0.72, 0.00, 0.25, 0.33
HSL	160°, 57%, 43%
HSV	160°, 72%, 67%
XYZ	19.4433, 30.9123, 25.3639
YIQ	128.4350, -59.8260, -39.1380

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

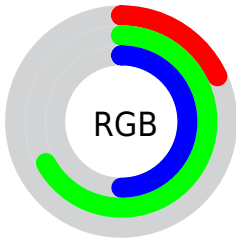
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	47, 121, 170
Decimal	3123840
CIELab	62.43, -43.47, 12.17
CIElCh	62, 45.138, 164.357
Yxy	30.9135, 0.2568, 0.4082
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281313920 (0xFF2FAA80)
YUV	128.4350, -0.2145, -71.4185
Hunter-Lab	55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713

# Details

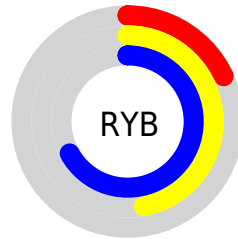
The HunterLab color **55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **33.6170, 44.1711, 4.8170**, and the grayscale version is **46.6504, -2.4892, 2.5346**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1306, -40.8486, 14.2543**, and **36.4515, -25.7284, 9.9790** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.1694, -36.8975, 13.4930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.1751, -32.2785, 10.3195**.

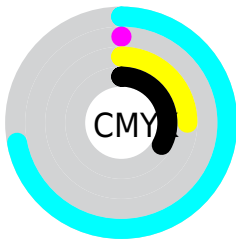
# Distribution



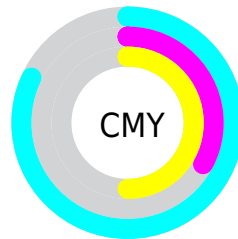
- Red (18%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (18%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (82%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713

■ 55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713

174.9684,  
-59.5338, 23.1392

■ 45.3133, -31.6433,  
10.6174

■ 78.1689, -40.9011,  
14.3519

■ 35.7534, -28.2059,  
9.3414

■ 90.3784, -43.7514,  
15.5889

■ 26.9802, -24.4923,  
8.0283

■ 103.1646,  
-46.5198, 16.8288

■ 19.0720, -20.3897,  
6.6525

■ 116.5026,  
-49.2203, 18.0740

■ 12.1362, -17.6008,  
5.3299

■ 130.3706,  
-51.8638, 19.3263

■ 5.1915, -9.0851,  
3.6341

144.7490,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-54.4593, 20.5873

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.6202,  
-57.0140, 21.8580

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713

■ 55.5988, -34.8753,  
11.8713

■ 55.1694, -36.8975,  
13.4930

■ 56.1751, -32.2785,  
10.3195

■ 54.8691, -38.3857,  
15.1546

■ 56.9052, -29.0878,  
8.8609

■ 54.6985, -39.2759,  
16.4170

■ 57.7968, -25.3060,  
7.5176

■ 58.8534, -20.9517,  
6.3076

■ 60.0764, -16.0568,  
5.2448

■ 61.4646, -10.6628,  
4.3388

■ 63.0152, -4.8174,  
3.5956

■ 64.7239, 1.4285,  
3.0173

■ 66.5854, 8.0238,  
2.6029

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.5999, -26.9957, 23.0797



55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



55.5999, -35.0423, -6.6437

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.5999, -34.8758, 11.8718



55.5999, 6.7126, -44.2655



55.5999, 26.7059, 22.7467

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



33.6170, 44.1711, 4.8170

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.5999, 38.5717, 11.2214



55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



55.5999, 25.9877, -29.2927

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.5999, -34.8758, 11.8718



55.5999, -12.7952, -43.9004



55.5999, 38.2919, -7.5634



55.5999, 7.5894, 27.7044



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



55.5999, -30.8492, -21.3179



55.5999, 38.2919, -7.5634



55.5999, 31.7857, 19.7292

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.5999, -34.8758, 11.8718



80.9127, -21.6611, 7.0709



55.7962, -36.5074, 30.8841



37.9959, -11.0759, 3.5069



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.5999, -34.8758, 11.8718



74.0406, -51.0272, 19.5645



50.8119, -20.1221, -13.4196



29.1339, -4.1931, 1.9257



46.9243, -33.6151, 13.9140



7.3806, -4.8686, 1.2847



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6170, 44.1711, 4.8170



41.4711, 67.6044, 11.3450



35.4747, 33.5620, 17.9515



27.5373, 1.2871, 1.2246



25.5367, 44.6513, 9.3779



4.1015, 7.3961, -0.2350



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

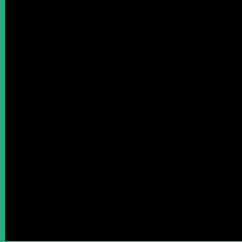
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.5988,

-34.8753, 11.8713.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713

### Protanopia

55.2192, -4.5880, 15.5424

### Deuteranopia

54.9671, 4.0025, 9.6125



## Tritanopia

55.7022, -21.4124, -10.3256

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



## Protanomaly

54.1947, -18.9509, 12.9193



## Deuteranomaly

53.6734, -14.0675, 8.7129



## Tritanomaly

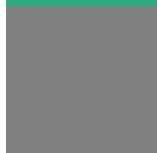
55.4975, -26.7441, -1.3132

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713



## Achromatopsia

46.4608, -2.4790, 2.5243



## Achromatomaly

48.8427, -16.5333, 5.0169

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(47, 170, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(47, 170, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 170, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(47, 170, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(47, 170, 128) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(47, 170, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(47, 170, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(47, 170, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 170, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(47, 170,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.5988, -34.8753, 11.8713 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(47, 170, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(47, 170,  
128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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