

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.6539, 17.2799,  
33.8318)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(55.6539, 17.2799,  
33.8318) contains.

<b>HunterLab(55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(55.7686, 17.0287,  
33.9082)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D48615
RGB	212, 134, 21
RGB Percent	83%, 53%, 8%
CMY	0.1686, 0.4745, 0.9176
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.90, 0.17
HSL	35°, 82%, 46%
HSV	35°, 90%, 83%
XYZ	35.8118, 31.1014, 4.8251
YIQ	144.4400, 82.7610, -18.6070

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

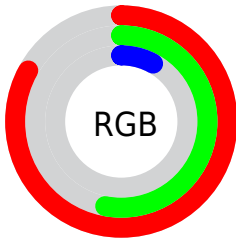
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">153, 212, 21</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13927957</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.59, 22.36, 64.73</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">63, 68.485, 70.939</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.1030, 0.4992, 0.4335</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4292118037</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFD48615</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">144.4400, -60.8559, 59.2501</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9933**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **37.1973, 14.8260, -76.1004**, and the grayscale version is **53.2013, -2.8387, 2.8905**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.7495, 9.9055, 40.9096**, and **35.9443, 16.2200, 22.4327** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53.6403, 21.0659, 33.4217**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58.0599, 13.2082, 33.7508**.

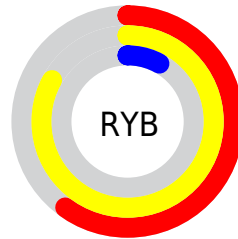
# Distribution



Red (83%)

Green (53%)

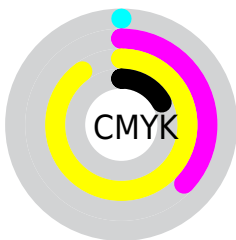
Blue (8%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (83%)

Blue (8%)

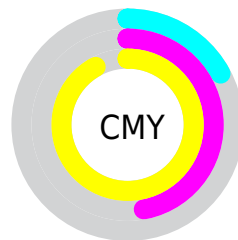


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (90%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (17%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 55.7686, 17.0287,  
33.9082

■ 55.7686, 17.0287,  
33.9082

175.2177, 18.9415,  
69.5258

■ 45.4723, 16.4360,  
29.1076

■ 78.3595, 17.9278,  
42.8413

■ 35.9003, 15.7383,  
24.1247

■ 90.5784, 18.2592,  
47.0271

■ 27.1140, 14.9166,  
18.9798

■ 103.3736, 18.5203,  
51.0588

■ 19.1911, 13.9516,  
13.4338

■ 116.7203, 18.7166,  
54.9571

■ 12.2387, 12.8249,  
8.5671

■ 130.5966, 18.8531,  
58.7393

■ 5.3593, 17.8980,  
3.7515

■ 144.9830, 18.9338,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

62.4202

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.8619, 18.9623,  
66.0122

0.0000, NaN, NaN

55.7686, 17.0287,  
33.9082

55.7686, 17.0287,  
33.9082

53.6403, 21.0659,  
33.4217

58.0599, 13.2082,  
33.7508

60.4953, 9.7333,  
32.7799

63.0717, 6.6275,  
30.9784

65.7827, 3.9006,  
28.3611

68.6214, 1.5514,  
24.9614

■ 71.5806, -0.4296,  
20.8230

■ 74.6529, -2.0568,  
15.9945

■ 77.8314, -3.3478,  
10.5259

■ 81.1095, -4.3219,  
4.4665

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.7700, 47.3257, 28.2669



55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082



55.7700, -13.4560, 34.4355

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.7700, 17.0254, 33.9087



55.7700, -48.8768, -8.3486



55.7700, 39.8232, -55.9461

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082



37.1973, 14.8260, -76.1004

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.7700, 8.3340, -81.5533



55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082



55.7700, -40.0439, -45.8862

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.7700, 17.0254, 33.9087



55.7700, -47.5129, 18.0820



55.7700, -20.5085, -77.1292



55.7700, 62.2822, -17.8950



# Rectangle

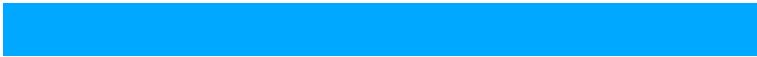
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082



55.7700, -29.5213, 32.4929



55.7700, -20.5085, -77.1292



55.7700, 29.6965, -67.0131

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.7700, 17.0254, 33.9087



89.2674, -1.1353, 24.0765



39.3255, 66.2083, 6.9887



40.7032, -0.1783, 12.0372

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.7700, 17.0254, 33.9087



65.8416, 26.5260, 41.0357



76.7383, -26.2097, 46.2785



36.9187, -1.6188, 4.7971



42.3845, 16.0514, 26.3982



11.1556, 2.4413, 6.9168



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



37.1973, 14.8260, -76.1004



41.4089, 26.7380, -109.4772



23.8366, 54.9770, -139.2784



35.8234, -2.1259, -1.0305



26.9923, 15.6666, -67.5576



7.7461, 1.5152, -12.9528



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082

### Protanopia

55.8471, -7.5692, 33.2427

### Deuteranopia

55.8306, 3.8238, 34.2255



## Tritanopia

55.8034, 31.0993, 10.9668

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082

## Protanomaly

55.4580, 1.2462, 33.2709

## Deuteranomaly

55.6124, 8.6117, 34.0129

## Tritanomaly

55.3857, 24.6389, 23.4738

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082

## Achromatopsia

52.8104, -2.8178, 2.8693

## Achromatomaly

53.0019, 1.5195, 19.4813

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 134, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 134, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 134, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 134, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 134, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 134, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 134, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 134, 21); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 134, 21);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 134,  
21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.7686, 17.0287, 33.9082 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 134, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
134, 21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor