

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.6858, 4.9309,
-22.4850)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.6858, 4.9309,
-22.4850) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.6847, 4.9316,
-22.4862)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E94C6
RGB	142, 148, 198
RGB Percent	56%, 58%, 78%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4196, 0.2235
CMYK	0.28, 0.25, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	234°, 33%, 67%
HSV	234°, 28%, 78%
XYZ	31.9383, 31.0079, 57.7279
YIQ	151.9060, -19.6260, 14.2780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

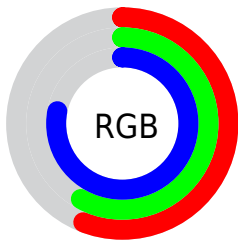
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 147, 198
Decimal	9344198
CIE Lab	62.52, 9.19, -26.50
CIE LCh	63, 28.049, 289.120
Yxy	31.0091, 0.2647, 0.2570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287534278 (0xFF8E94C6)
YUV	151.9060, 22.7243, -8.6876
Hunter-Lab	55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862

Details

The HunterLab color $55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $71.8738, -9.0007, 23.0192$, and the grayscale version is $55.9143, -2.9834, 3.0379$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.3144, 4.7128, -23.2859$, and $35.9481, 4.7118, -21.2848$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.2762, 8.9419, -33.7636$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.3657, 1.4301, -12.3373$.

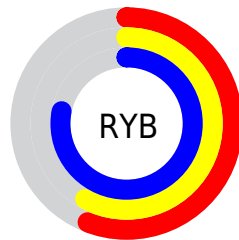
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (58%)

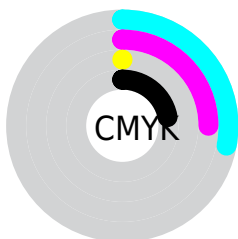
Blue (78%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (78%)

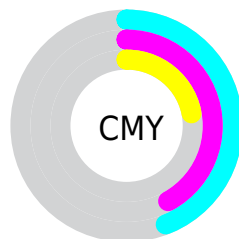


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.6847, 4.9316,
-22.4862

■ 55.6847, 4.9316,
-22.4862

175.0943, 2.0636,
-24.3073

■ 45.3936, 4.9891,
-22.0074

■ 78.2652, 4.6265,
-23.2714

■ 35.8276, 4.9738,
-21.4836

■ 90.4794, 4.3920,
-23.5778

■ 27.0477, 4.8733,
-20.9376

103.2701, 4.1086,
-23.8279

■ 19.1321, 4.6710,
-20.4325

116.6125, 3.7799,
-24.0237

■ 12.1879, 4.3413,
-20.1512

130.4847, 3.4087,
-24.1673

■ 5.2769, 7.3049,
-26.8030

144.8671, 2.9975,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-24.2610

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.7422, 2.5485,
-24.3070

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6847, 4.9316,
-22.4862

■ 55.6847, 4.9316,
-22.4862

■ 49.2762, 8.9419,
-33.7636

■ 62.3657, 1.4301,
-12.3373

■ 43.1939, 13.6078,
-46.4819

■ 69.2746, -1.6749,
-3.0688

■ 37.5191, 19.0965,
-60.9746

■ 76.3819, -4.4713,
5.5164

■ 32.3665, 25.5572,
-77.4773

■ 83.6641, -7.0251,
13.5687

■ 27.8963, 32.9894,
-95.7846

■ 91.1029, -9.3866,
21.2027

■ 24.3166, 40.9587,
-114.5669

■ 98.1161, -13.6113,
27.9355

■ 21.8243, 48.2396,
-130.8513

■ 98.4161, -14.0835,
28.2105

■ 21.4979, 49.2737,
-133.2383

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.6858, -7.3390, -23.6810



55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862



55.6858, 15.9228, -13.6665

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6858, 4.9309, -22.4850



55.6858, 13.2486, 17.4179



55.6858, -24.2159, 7.0860

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862



71.8738, -9.0007, 23.0192

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.6858, -19.6454, 15.7623



55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862



55.6858, 1.5292, 20.8131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6858, 4.9309, -22.4850



55.6858, 21.0037, 9.8651



55.6858, -10.4616, 20.2806



55.6858, -23.4762, -4.7964

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862



55.6858, 20.7171, -5.5357



55.6858, -10.4616, 20.2806



55.6858, -23.2664, 10.4217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6858, 4.9309, -22.4850



92.3356, -2.2920, -3.8923



70.6554, -20.5577, 1.5892



42.0605, -0.7824, -2.6412

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6858, 4.9309, -22.4850



68.7428, 9.7950, -39.0677



55.9108, 14.1104, -21.9567



32.3533, -0.6371, -1.9149



17.5149, 39.0261, -106.1382



4.5672, 5.8973, -18.4393

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8713, 16.8831, 7.2505



72.5080, 28.9253, 10.9203



71.8570, -18.6783, 22.8345



32.6422, 1.2748, 2.3346



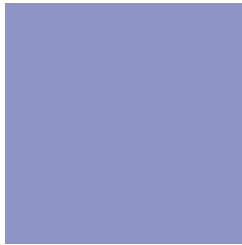
28.0173, 48.1304, 16.9417



6.1488, 10.6663, 2.9163

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

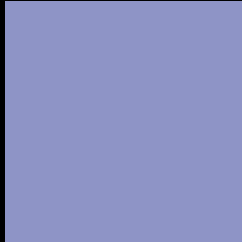
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

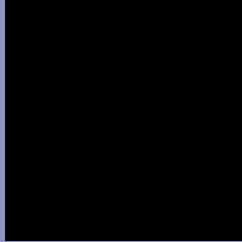
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862.

-22.4862.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862

Protanopia

55.6208, 3.3459, -23.2654

Deuteranopia

55.8100, 3.8984, -22.2993



Tritanopia

55.6914, -6.3364, -4.2017

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862

Protanomaly

55.7740, 3.8606, -23.0038

Deuteranomaly

55.8881, 4.1604, -22.1673

Tritanomaly

55.7441, -2.3038, -10.4897

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

55.9408, -0.7636, -5.3264

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 148, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 148, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 148, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 148, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 148, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 148, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 148, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 148, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 148, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 148,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.6847, 4.9316, -22.4862 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 148, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
148, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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