

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.7002, -5.6738,
24.1986)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.7002, -5.6738,
24.1986) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.6430, -5.6419,
24.1176)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A69759
RGB	166, 151, 89
RGB Percent	65%, 59%, 35%
CMY	0.3490, 0.4078, 0.6510
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.46, 0.35
HSL	48°, 30%, 50%
HSV	48°, 46%, 65%
XYZ	28.5956, 30.9614, 13.9201
YIQ	148.4170, 28.8420, -16.1020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

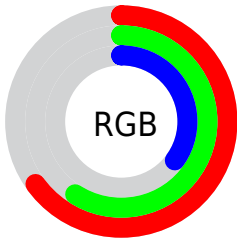
Format	Color
RYB	108, 166, 89
Decimal	10917721
CIELab	62.48, -3.22, 34.55
CIELCh	62, 34.699, 95.327
Yxy	30.9629, 0.3892, 0.4214
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289107801 (0xFFA69759)
YUV	148.4170, -29.2926, 15.4203
Hunter-Lab	55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176

Details

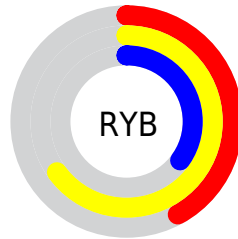
The HunterLab color **55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **38.4410, 6.8052, -31.8365**, and the grayscale version is **54.6938, -2.9183, 2.9716**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.1573, -7.3056, 29.2108**, and **35.6640, -4.1556, 18.4157** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.4870, -5.3838, 26.7341**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.8585, -5.6305, 20.8316**.

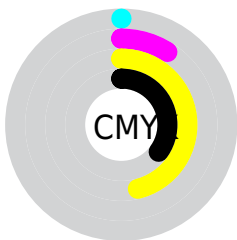
Distribution



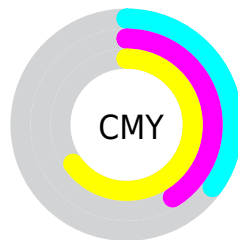
- Red (65%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (42%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.6430, -5.6419,
24.1176

■ 55.6430, -5.6419,
24.1176

175.0335,
-13.2836, 45.2415

■ 45.3548, -4.9148,
21.3852

■ 78.2187, -7.1766,
29.2361

■ 35.7917, -4.2105,
18.4919

■ 90.4306, -7.9796,
31.6667

■ 27.0151, -3.5305,
15.3898

■ 103.2191, -8.8066,
34.0334

■ 19.1030, -2.8726,
12.4602

■ 116.5594, -9.6569,
36.3477

■ 12.1629, -2.2323,
8.5140

■ 130.4296,
-10.5303, 38.6189

■ 5.2358, -2.9609,
3.6651

144.8100,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-11.4262, 40.8545

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.6833,
-12.3441, 43.0603

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.6430, -5.6419,
24.1176

■ 55.6430, -5.6419,
24.1176

■ 54.4870, -5.3838,
26.7341

■ 56.8585, -5.6305,
20.8316

■ 53.3860, -4.8547,
28.6843

■ 58.1295, -5.3431,
16.8788

■ 52.3401, -4.0661,
29.9863

■ 59.4569, -4.7841,
12.2716

■ 51.3470, -3.0338,
30.6746

■ 60.8399, -3.9585,
7.0271

■ 50.4019, -1.7884,
30.8233

■ 62.2775, -2.8729,
1.1667

■ 50.0664, -1.3169,
30.8276

■ 63.7683, -1.5358,
-5.2855

■ 65.3111, 0.0438,
-12.3034

■ 66.9045, 1.8558,
-19.8597

■ 68.5467, 3.8897,
-27.9269

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.6443, 9.6823, 22.7450



55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176



55.6443, -18.7950, 21.1883

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.6443, -5.6439, 24.1182



55.6443, -24.7467, -15.4393



55.6443, 25.9660, -9.7869

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176



38.4410, 6.8052, -31.8365

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.6443, 14.8440, -24.5661



55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176



55.6443, -14.5877, -28.3926

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.6443, -5.6439, 24.1182



55.6443, -29.0454, 0.4013



55.6443, -0.2488, -32.1136



55.6443, 29.0106, 5.5343

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176



55.6443, -24.9065, 16.5690



55.6443, -0.2488, -32.1136



55.6443, 22.9940, -15.0989

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.6443, -5.6439, 24.1182



80.4892, -6.2386, 15.1021



40.3232, 26.0144, 5.8880



37.8949, -3.0472, 7.8084



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.6443, -5.6439, 24.1182



73.3045, -7.2172, 36.2154



58.1587, -19.6775, 25.8573



29.1922, -2.0414, 4.1632



44.1624, -1.2846, 27.1902



7.3233, -0.9121, 4.4966

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



38.4410, 6.8052, -31.8365



45.4370, 14.1707, -57.1914



36.5370, 19.8475, -35.6809



27.4378, -0.8784, -1.2994



17.3323, 29.1120, -84.5083



3.7174, 1.8008, -8.5338

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

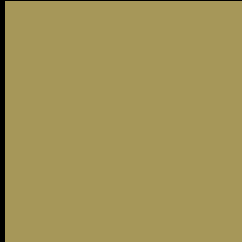
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

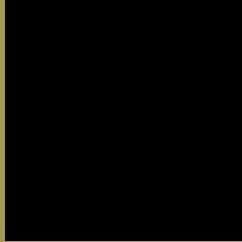
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.6430, -5.6419,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176

Protanopia

55.5462, -5.9836, 24.0344

Deuteranopia

55.4699, 3.9395, 23.6701



Tritanopia

55.5538, 8.4558, 1.7521

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176

Protanomaly

55.5462, -5.9836, 24.0344

Deuteranomaly

55.6352, 0.2080, 23.9775

Tritanomaly

55.4216, 2.4879, 11.6009

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176

Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

Achromatomaly

54.7684, -4.2755, 11.9368

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 151, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 151, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 151, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 151, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 151, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 151, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 151, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 151, 89); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 151, 89);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 151,  
89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.6430, -5.6419, 24.1176 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 151, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
151, 89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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