

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.7877, -0.4383,
2.3395)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.7877, -0.4383, 2.3395)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.8395, -0.6480,
2.3975)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9699
RGB	156, 150, 153
RGB Percent	61%, 59%, 60%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4118, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.02, 0.39
HSL	330°, 3%, 60%
HSV	330°, 4%, 61%
XYZ	30.3664, 31.1805, 34.5549
YIQ	152.1360, 2.6130, 2.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

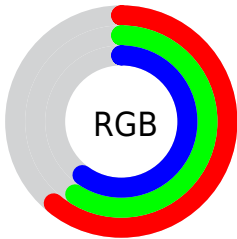
Format	Color
R_{YB}	156, 150, 153
Decimal	10262169
CIE Lab	62.66, 2.76, -0.80
CIE LCh	63, 2.874, 343.853
Yxy	31.1818, 0.3160, 0.3245
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452249 (0xFF9C9699)
YUV	152.1360, 0.4260, 2.3887
Hunter-Lab	55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975

Details

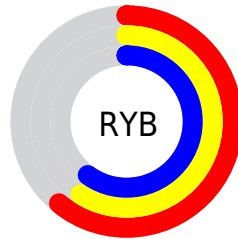
The HunterLab color $55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $57.0629, -5.3370, 3.7535$, and the grayscale version is $56.0884, -2.9927, 3.0474$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.3533, -1.7198, 3.5816$, and $35.8974, 0.2597, 1.3625$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.2644, 5.7536, 0.6156$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.6325, -6.9227, 4.3568$.

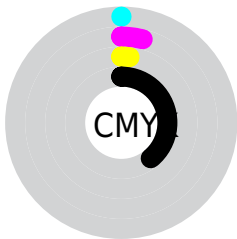
Distribution



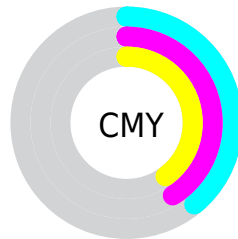
- Red (61%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (61%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (39%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.8395, -0.6480,
2.3975

■ 55.8395, -0.6480,
2.3975

175.3212, -5.9625,
8.6073

■ 45.5383, -0.2499,
1.8793

■ 78.4387, -1.5808,
3.5524

■ 35.9613, 0.0997,
1.4027

■ 90.6614, -2.1063,
4.1826

■ 27.1696, 0.3931,
0.9728

103.4604, -2.6682,
4.8457

■ 19.2407, 0.6218,
0.5951

116.8107, -3.2645,
5.5402

■ 12.2814, 0.7724,
0.2775

130.6904, -3.8935,
6.2648

■ 5.4274, 1.9266,
-0.3150

145.0801, -4.5537,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.0181

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.9623, -5.2437,
7.7993

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.8395, -0.6480,
2.3975

■ 55.8395, -0.6480,
2.3975

■ 51.2644, 5.7536,
0.6156

■ 60.6325, -6.9227,
4.3568

■ 46.9387, 12.2725,
-0.9435

■ 65.6115, -13.0695,
6.4549

■ 42.9066, 18.8624,
-2.2150

■ 70.7549, -19.1008,
8.6662

■ 39.2203, 25.4258,
-3.1166

■ 76.0441, -25.0310,
10.9707

■ 35.9412, 31.7850,
-3.5495

■ 81.4640, -30.8752,
13.3537

■ 33.1360, 37.6569,
-3.4078

■ 87.0020, -36.6476,
15.8038

■ 30.8695, 42.6544,
-2.6039

■ 91.1722, -40.4958,
16.8203

■ 29.1889, 46.3509,
-1.1101

■ 91.3874, -39.2348,
13.7270

■ 28.1023, 48.4292,
0.9981

■ 91.6125, -37.9188,
10.4986

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.8407, -1.3035, 1.3615



55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975



55.8407, -0.6240, 3.5855

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.8407, -0.6494, 2.3984



55.8407, -3.5582, 5.2193



55.8407, -4.7093, 1.4283

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975



57.0629, -5.3370, 3.7535

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.8407, -5.3025, 2.4880



55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975



55.8407, -4.6419, 4.6672

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.8407, -0.6494, 2.3984



55.8407, -2.3109, 5.1965



55.8407, -5.2780, 3.6732



55.8407, -3.6510, 0.7930

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975



55.8407, -0.9676, 4.3013



55.8407, -5.2780, 3.6732



55.8407, -4.9693, 1.7477

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.8407, -0.6494, 2.3984



77.0522, -3.2811, 3.9562



55.6657, -1.0713, 0.7815



36.1628, -1.5637, 1.8633



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.8407, -0.6494, 2.3984



74.4653, 0.1980, 2.9167



55.7531, -1.1263, 3.6487



26.7102, 0.2117, 1.0094



25.0628, 44.7547, 1.9788



3.4764, 6.4354, -1.4900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.8407, -0.6494, 2.3984



74.4653, 0.1980, 2.9167



57.1507, -4.8528, 2.5007



26.7102, 0.2117, 1.0094



25.0628, 44.7547, 1.9788



3.4764, 6.4354, -1.4900

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

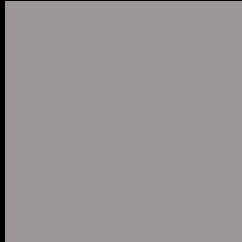
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975.

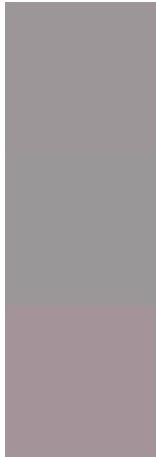


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.8395, -0.6480,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975

Protanopia

55.9492, -1.7437, 2.5086

Deuteranopia

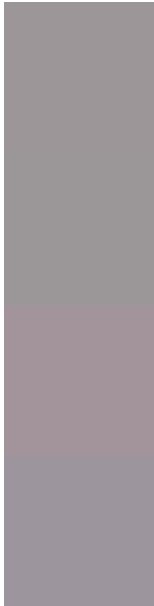
55.8568, 3.8201, 2.0347



Tritanopia

55.8894, 1.4735, -1.3053

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975

Protanomaly

56.0372, -1.4399, 2.6183

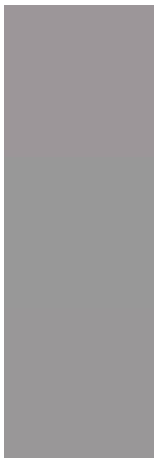
Deuteranomaly

55.8518, 2.3660, 2.0033

Tritanomaly

55.7957, 0.9676, 0.0244

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

55.8324, -2.2070, 2.8196

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 150, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 150, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 150, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 150, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 150, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 150, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 150, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 150, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 150, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 150,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.8395, -0.6480, 2.3975 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 150, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
150, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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