

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.8533, -4.5807,
-1.4516)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.8533, -4.5807,
-1.4516) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(55.8528, -4.5756,
-1.4572)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8F99A1
RGB	143, 153, 161
RGB Percent	56%, 60%, 63%
CMY	0.4392, 0.4000, 0.3686
CMYK	0.11, 0.05, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	207°, 9%, 60%
HSV	207°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	29.1520, 31.1954, 38.2031
YIQ	150.9220, -8.5280, 0.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

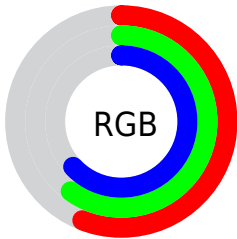
Format	Color
RYB	143, 149, 161
Decimal	9410977
CIELab	62.67, -1.91, -5.42
CIELCh	63, 5.746, 250.570
Yxy	31.1967, 0.2958, 0.3165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287601057 (0xFF8F99A1)
YUV	150.9220, 4.9685, -6.9476
Hunter-Lab	55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572

Details

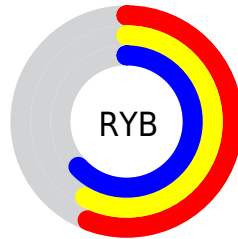
The HunterLab color $55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.2968, -1.1072, 7.3016$, and the grayscale version is $55.5825, -2.9657, 3.0199$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.3925, -5.7276, -0.9302$, and $35.9940, -3.0827, -2.1741$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.5255, -5.5111, -5.7918$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.2880, -3.3481, 2.7545$.

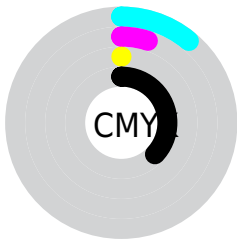
Distribution



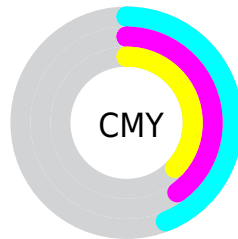
- Red (56%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.8528, -4.5756,
-1.4572

■ 55.8528, -4.5756,
-1.4572

175.3406,
-11.7054, 3.0978

■ 45.5507, -3.9204,
-1.7458

■ 78.4535, -5.9769,
-0.7252

■ 35.9728, -3.2948,
-1.9775

■ 90.6770, -6.7189,
-0.2917

■ 27.1800, -2.7007,
-2.1439

■ 103.4767, -7.4876,
0.1830

■ 19.2500, -2.1389,
-2.2351

116.8277, -8.2822,
0.6963

■ 12.2894, -1.6089,
-2.2365

130.7080, -9.1020,
1.2462

■ 5.4401, -1.8217,
-3.8330

145.0984, -9.9462,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.8308

0.0000, NaN, NaN

159.9811,
-10.8142, 2.4485

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.8528, -4.5756,
-1.4572

■ 55.8528, -4.5756,
-1.4572

■ 52.5255, -5.5111,
-5.7918

■ 59.2880, -3.3481,
2.7545

■ 49.3126, -6.1106,
-10.2618

■ 62.8188, -1.8609,
6.8514

■ 46.2266, -6.3294,
-14.8737

■ 66.4384, -0.1457,
10.8456

■ 43.2800, -6.1174,
-19.6301

■ 70.1400, 1.7711,
14.7481

■ 40.4861, -5.4220,
-24.5271

■ 73.9175, 3.8668,
18.5691

■ 37.8591, -4.1927,
-29.5508

■ 77.7656, 6.1222,
22.3181

■ 35.4121, -2.3880,
-34.6760

■ 81.5979, 8.2492,
25.9242

■ 33.1557, 0.0123,
-39.8662

■ 83.6905, 4.4989,
27.7606

■ 31.2982, 2.5133,
-44.5456

■ 85.8242, 0.7733,
29.6040

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.8540, -6.5956, -0.0230



55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572



55.8540, -2.0968, -1.6547

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.8540, -4.5767, -1.4563



55.8540, 1.8317, 3.8744



55.8540, -6.0819, 6.4104

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572



56.2968, -1.1072, 7.3016

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.8540, -3.8642, 7.3601



55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572



55.8540, 0.7234, 5.9393

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.8540, -4.5767, -1.4563



55.8540, 1.6327, 1.4943



55.8540, -1.3717, 7.1915



55.8540, -7.4540, 4.5433

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572



55.8540, -0.5120, -1.0510



55.8540, -1.3717, 7.1915



55.8540, -5.4122, 6.8437

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.8540, -4.5767, -1.4563



78.4691, -4.8168, 2.6409



57.9291, -10.0361, 5.6405



36.5792, -2.3193, 1.0331



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.8540, -4.5767, -1.4563



73.8146, -6.4168, -3.1323



53.3110, -0.3297, -4.6563



27.3532, -2.1129, -0.3125



28.1171, 1.9837, -39.4261



5.0844, -1.3277, -3.4889

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.3347, 4.3603, 0.6699



71.4311, 7.7236, 0.2947



58.8499, -5.3428, 9.9881



26.7372, 1.4833, 0.5287



25.7725, 46.4277, -1.1105



3.8587, 7.1714, -1.8733

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

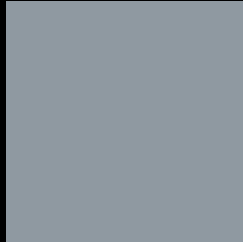
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

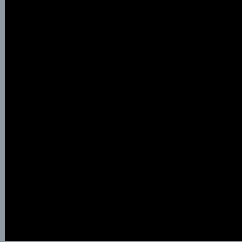
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

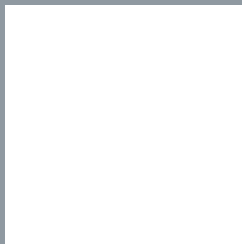
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572.

-1.4572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572

Protanopia

55.9570, -1.3537, -0.2979

Deuteranopia

55.7253, 3.8727, -1.9635



Tritanopia

55.7695, -3.1084, -3.5339

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572

Protanomaly

56.0215, -2.5519, -0.7226

Deuteranomaly

55.6539, 0.7352, -2.1092

Tritanomaly

55.7370, -3.2867, -3.0735

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572

Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225

Achromatomaly

55.7843, -3.6842, 1.3504

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(143, 153, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(143, 153, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(143, 153, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(143, 153, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(143, 153, 161) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(143, 153, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(143, 153, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(143, 153, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 153, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(143, 153,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.8528, -4.5756, -1.4572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(143, 153, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(143,  
153, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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