

Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.8954, -2.9844,
3.0475)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(55.8954, -2.9844, 3.0475)
contains.

HunterLab(56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**HunterLab(56.0347, -2.9899,
3.0445)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	989898
RGB	152, 152, 152
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4039, 0.4039, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	121°, 0%, 60%
HSV	121°, 0%, 60%
XYZ	29.8446, 31.3989, 34.1933
YIQ	152.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 152, 152
Decimal	10000536
CIE _{Lab}	62.84, 0.00, -0.01
CIE _{LCh}	63, 0.006, 288.875
Yxy	31.4002, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288190616 (0xFF989898)
YUV	152.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Details

The HunterLab color **56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**, and the color name is **spanish gray**. A complement of this color would be **56.0354, -2.9886, 3.0437**, and the grayscale version is **56.0358, -2.9899, 3.0445**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.5625, -4.1919, 4.2684**, and **36.0744, -1.9248, 1.9600** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.3741, -9.7086, 7.5270**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.8663, 4.1771, -1.7278**.

Distribution



- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.0347, -2.9899,
3.0445

■ 56.0347, -2.9899,
3.0445

175.6069, -9.3768,
9.5517

■ 45.7207, -2.4404,
2.4842

■ 78.6573, -4.1992,
4.2762

■ 36.1299, -1.9282,
1.9625

■ 90.8908, -4.8526,
4.9418

■ 27.3231, -1.4580,
1.4835

103.7001, -5.5366,
5.6388

■ 19.3776, -1.0338,
1.0514

117.0603, -6.2501,
6.3658

■ 12.3993, -0.6612,
0.6720

130.9495, -6.9919,
7.1216

■ 5.6112, -0.2981,
0.3010

145.3484, -7.7608,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

7.9051

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.2394, -8.5561,
8.7155

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0347, -2.9899,
3.0445

■ 56.0347, -2.9899,
3.0445

■ 54.3741, -9.7086,
7.5270

■ 57.8663, 4.1771,
-1.7278

■ 52.8880, -15.9010,
11.6675

■ 59.8573, 11.7252,
-6.7451

■ 51.5831, -21.4954,
15.4178

■ 62.0003, 19.5871,
-11.9629

■ 50.4628, -26.4247,
18.7327

■ 64.2863, 27.7043,
-17.3424

■ 49.5280, -30.6337,
21.5743

■ 66.7064, 36.0258,
-22.8502

■ 48.7764, -34.0850,
23.9163

■ 69.2520, 44.5085,
-28.4578

■ 48.2023, -36.7648,
25.7479

■ 71.3706, 51.4710,
-33.7145

■ 47.7956, -38.6882,
27.0769

■ 47.5410, -39.9039,
27.9333

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0359, -2.9940, 3.0452



56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445



56.0359, -2.9889, 3.0469

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0359, -2.9912, 3.0454



56.0359, -2.9894, 3.0540



56.0359, -2.9982, 3.0512

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445



56.0354, -2.9886, 3.0437

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0359, -2.9969, 3.0535



56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445



56.0359, -2.9919, 3.0552

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0359, -2.9912, 3.0454



56.0359, -2.9879, 3.0518



56.0359, -2.9947, 3.0550



56.0359, -2.9980, 3.0485

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445



56.0359, -2.9880, 3.0484



56.0359, -2.9947, 3.0550



56.0359, -2.9979, 3.0520

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0359, -2.9912, 3.0454



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



56.0361, -2.9904, 3.0457



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0359, -2.9912, 3.0454



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



56.0359, -2.9910, 3.0448



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



43.3975, -37.1796, 26.0169



5.3092, -4.5275, 3.1376

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.0354, -2.9886, 3.0437



74.4461, -3.9723, 4.0448



56.0354, -2.9888, 3.0442



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704



27.2820, 53.4870, -34.8179



3.3416, 6.5601, -4.3326

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

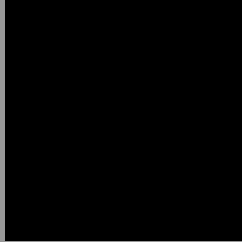
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

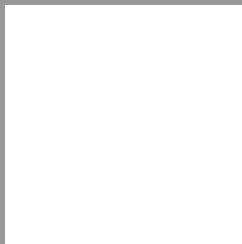
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Protanopia

56.0078, -1.6000, 3.0372

Deuteranopia

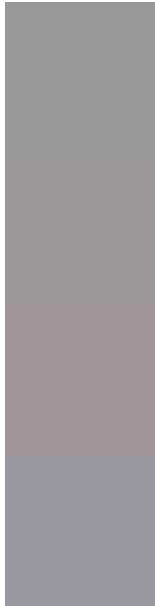
55.9235, 3.9843, 2.5783



Tritanopia

55.9387, 0.2443, -1.7569

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Protanomaly

55.9198, -1.9043, 2.9281

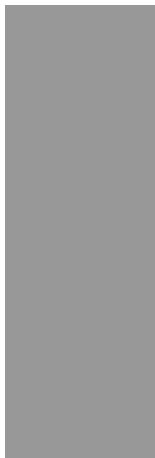
Deuteranomaly

56.0106, 1.3972, 2.6364

Tritanomaly

56.0126, -1.2235, 0.2528

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(152, 152, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(152, 152, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(152, 152, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(152, 152, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(152, 152, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(152, 152, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(152, 152, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(152, 152, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 152, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(152, 152,  
152) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(152, 152, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(152,  
152, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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