

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.9466, 18.1895,  
-7.8152)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(55.9466, 18.1895,  
-7.8152) contains.

<b>HunterLab(56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(56.0565, 18.1137,  
-7.4954)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B88AAE
RGB	184, 138, 174
RGB Percent	72%, 54%, 68%
CMY	0.2784, 0.4588, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.05, 0.28
HSL	313°, 24%, 63%
HSV	313°, 25%, 72%
XYZ	36.4956, 31.4233, 44.1862
YIQ	155.8580, 15.8600, 20.9480

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

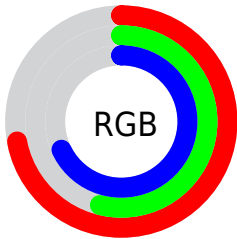
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	184, 138, 174
Decimal	12094126
CIELab	62.86, 23.49, -12.10
CIELCh	63, 26.419, 332.744
Yxy	31.4247, 0.3255, 0.2803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290284206 (0xFFB88AAE)
YUV	155.8580, 8.9440, 24.6805
Hunter-Lab	56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954

# Details

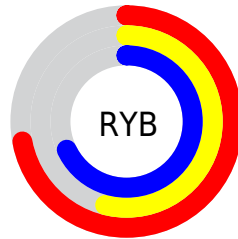
The HunterLab color **56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **64.6709, -22.1774, 13.7741**, and the grayscale version is **57.5622, -3.0714, 3.1275**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.7005, 18.9261, -7.5727**, and **36.0102, 16.9223, -7.8299** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51.4108, 27.0112, -11.7070**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.0883, 9.2739, -3.0756**.

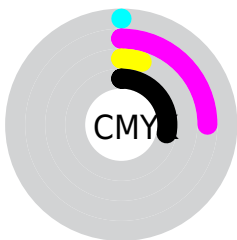
# Distribution



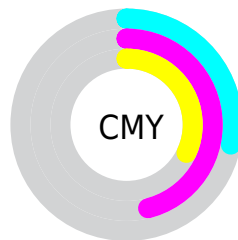
- Red (72%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (28%)




- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (32%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.0565, 18.1137,  
-7.4954


 56.0565, 18.1137,  
-7.4954


175.6389, 20.4050,  
-5.1711

 45.7411, 17.4735,  
-7.4886


 78.6817, 19.1075,  
-7.3193

 36.1488, 16.7250,  
-7.4130


 90.9165, 19.4832,  
-7.1487

 27.3403, 15.8511,  
-7.2603


 103.7269, 19.7871,  
-6.9278

 19.3929, 14.8333,  
-7.0242

117.0882, 20.0251,  
-6.6600

 12.4125, 13.6557,  
-6.7048

130.9785, 20.2019,  
-6.3482

 5.6314, 17.8860,  
-8.7916

145.3784, 20.3219,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-5.9947

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.2704, 20.3885,  
-5.6017

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0565, 18.1137,  
-7.4954

■ 56.0565, 18.1137,  
-7.4954

■ 51.4108, 27.0112,  
-11.7070

■ 61.0883, 9.2739,  
-3.0756

■ 47.2130, 35.8045,  
-15.5854

■ 66.4469, 0.5827,  
1.4644

■ 43.5381, 44.2099,  
-18.9473

■ 72.0876, -7.9274,  
6.0729

■ 40.4618, 51.8120,  
-21.5603

■ 77.9730, -16.2515,  
10.7184

■ 38.0497, 58.0927,  
-23.1740

■ 84.0726, -24.4006,  
15.3829

■ 36.3377, 62.5471,  
-23.5925

■ 90.3615, -32.3927,  
20.0569

■ 35.3066, 64.8869,  
-22.7739

■ 92.7227, -34.8455,  
20.7941

■ 34.9342, 65.5895,  
-22.1048

■ 92.8261, -34.2456,  
19.3014

■ 92.9321, -33.6317,  
17.7736

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0577, 9.5112, -17.7484



56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954



56.0577, 20.9192, 4.0519

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0577, 18.1120, -7.4942



56.0577, -4.0518, 20.2968



56.0577, -20.4526, -9.5993

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954



64.6709, -22.1774, 13.7741

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0577, -23.4685, 2.0321



56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954



56.0577, -14.4910, 18.0521

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0577, 18.1120, -7.4942



56.0577, 7.5270, 18.7511



56.0577, -21.3763, 11.8777



56.0577, -12.7923, -19.1263



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954



56.0577, 18.9572, 10.6095



56.0577, -21.3763, 11.8777



56.0577, -22.0138, -5.7320

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0577, 18.1120, -7.4942



87.9006, 3.2446, 0.6668



52.8508, 8.6595, -18.1550



40.6119, 1.8258, 0.1411



96.5975, -5.1542, 5.2483



43.2801, -2.3093, 2.3515



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0577, 18.1120, -7.4942



71.9625, 30.9815, -13.2557



55.3211, 14.3302, 2.9440



30.2132, 2.0422, -0.2432



29.0200, 54.5166, -18.6036



5.5256, 10.5077, -4.5297



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.0577, 18.1120, -7.4942



71.9625, 30.9815, -13.2557



65.2872, -18.6409, 4.9286



30.2132, 2.0422, -0.2432



29.0200, 54.5166, -18.6036

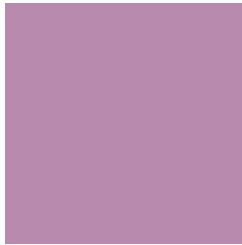


5.5256, 10.5077, -4.5297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

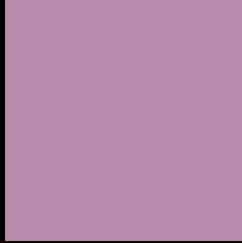
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

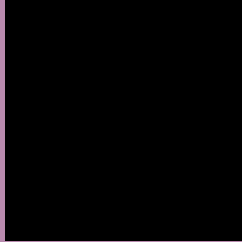
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954.

-7.4954.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954

### Protanopia

56.2700, 1.3503, -12.5072

### Deuteranopia

56.0602, 4.2208, -6.6604



## Tritanopia

56.0978, 11.5384, 2.9173

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954

## Protanomaly

55.9702, 7.3413, -11.1241

## Deuteranomaly

55.8383, 9.2215, -7.4104

## Tritanomaly

56.1854, 13.6618, -0.7209

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954

## Achromatopsia

57.6586, -3.0765, 3.1327

## Achromatomaly

56.7858, 4.6215, -1.1064

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(184, 138, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(184, 138, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(184, 138, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(184, 138, 174) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(184, 138, 174) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(184, 138, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(184, 138, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(184, 138, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 138, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(184, 138,  
174) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.0565, 18.1137, -7.4954 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(184, 138, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(184,  
138, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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