

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(55.9890, -33.0663,  
7.9187)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(55.9890, -33.0663,  
7.9187) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(55.9165,  
-33.0459, 7.9772)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	31AA8B
RGB	49, 170, 139
RGB Percent	19%, 67%, 55%
CMY	0.8078, 0.3333, 0.4549
CMYK	0.71, 0.00, 0.18, 0.33
HSL	165°, 55%, 43%
HSV	165°, 71%, 67%
XYZ	20.3016, 31.2665, 29.3912
YIQ	130.2870, -62.1650, -35.2930

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

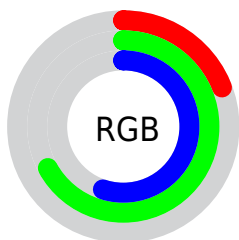
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">49, 118, 170</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">3254923</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">62.73, -40.48, 6.49</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">63, 40.997, 170.891</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.2678, 0.2508, 0.3862</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4281445003</a> (0xFF31AA8B)
YUV	<a href="#">130.2870, 4.2955, -71.2887</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color **55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **33.6493, 42.5663, 8.1048**, and the grayscale version is **47.3626, -2.5271, 2.5733**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.5132, -38.7443, 10.0420**, and **36.6659, -24.4183, 6.8829** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.4951, -34.9756, 9.2339**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56.4828, -30.5597, 6.8421**.

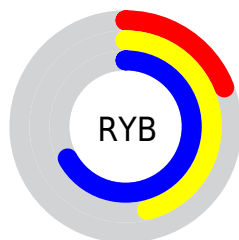
# Distribution



Red (19%)

Green (67%)

Blue (55%)



Red (19%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (67%)

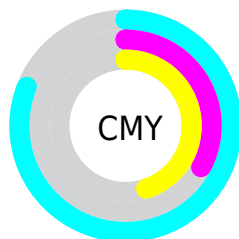


Cyan (71%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (81%)

Magenta (33%)


Yellow (45%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55.9165, -33.0459,  
7.9772


 55.9165, -33.0459,  
7.9772


175.4338,  
-56.3530, 16.9612


 45.6101, -30.0185,  
7.0603


 78.5248, -38.7088,  
9.8542


 36.0277, -26.8067,  
6.1525


 90.7518, -41.3955,  
10.8163


 27.2300, -23.3464,  
5.2491


 103.5548,  
-44.0095, 11.7956

 19.2946, -19.5348,  
4.3403

 116.9090,  
-46.5636, 12.7926

 12.3278, -16.4822,  
3.4070

 130.7925,  
-49.0677, 13.8076

 5.5006, -9.6260,  
3.8504

145.1858,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-51.5298, 14.8406

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.0715,  
-53.9565, 15.8919

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.9165, -33.0459,  
7.9772

■ 55.9165, -33.0459,  
7.9772

■ 55.4951, -34.9756,  
9.2339

■ 56.4828, -30.5597,  
6.8421

■ 55.2011, -36.3882,  
10.5845

■ 57.2004, -27.4976,  
5.8481

■ 55.0168, -37.3274,  
11.8130

■ 58.0771, -23.8611,  
5.0128

■ 59.1165, -19.6667,  
4.3489

■ 60.3199, -14.9439,  
3.8645

61.6864, -9.7313,  
3.5637

63.2134, -4.0740,  
3.4466

64.8967, 1.9798,  
3.5102

66.7314, 8.3813,  
3.7486

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9176, -27.2424, 19.9939



55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772



55.9176, -31.6190, -9.9203

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.9176, -33.0463, 7.9778



55.9176, 9.8095, -36.9447



55.9176, 20.3957, 22.9395

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772



33.6493, 42.5663, 8.1048

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9176, 32.8963, 13.4957



55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772



55.9176, 26.2707, -21.7670

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.9176, -33.0463, 7.9778



55.9176, -8.3261, -39.8373



55.9176, 35.1717, -2.3854



55.9176, 2.5610, 26.6648



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772



55.9176, -26.6762, -22.8784



55.9176, 35.1717, -2.3854



55.9176, 25.4500, 20.5002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.9176, -33.0463, 7.9778



81.2133, -20.2676, 5.2164



55.4380, -37.9444, 30.3881



38.1372, -10.4044, 2.5350



93.2148, -4.9737, 5.0645



40.3295, -2.1519, 2.1912



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.9176, -33.0463, 7.9778



74.5176, -48.2139, 13.4009



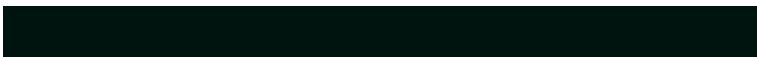
47.7841, -15.7781, -18.0212



29.1526, -4.0893, 1.6596



47.1957, -31.9537, 9.9882



7.4130, -4.6718, 0.8195



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33.6493, 42.5663, 8.1048



41.4875, 65.6681, 15.4217



37.5624, 28.3728, 19.0550



27.5185, 1.1861, 1.4922



25.3492, 43.9607, 12.1216

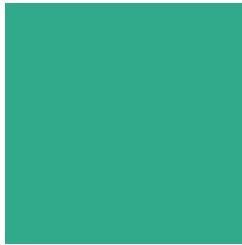


4.0547, 7.2263, 0.4303



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

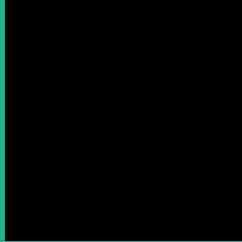
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772.



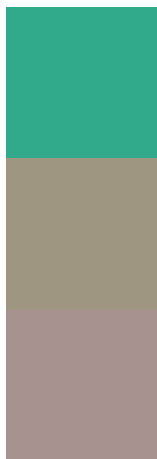
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.9165,

-33.0459, 7.9772.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

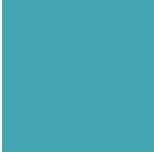
55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772

### Protanopia

55.3776, -3.5331, 11.8254

### Deuteranopia

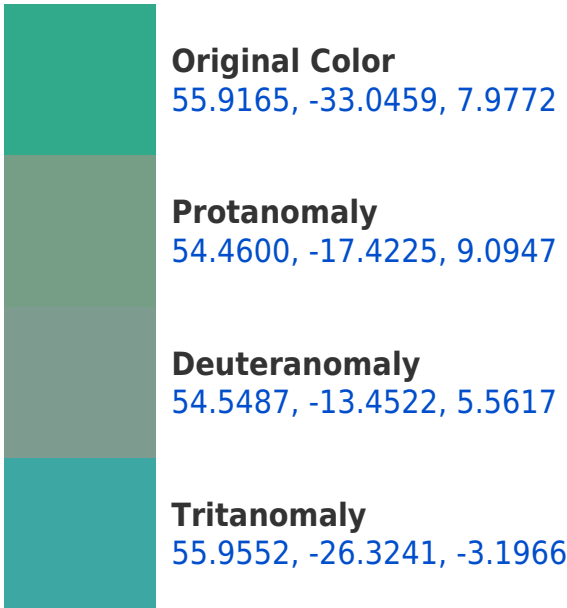
55.5844, 3.7604, 6.1721



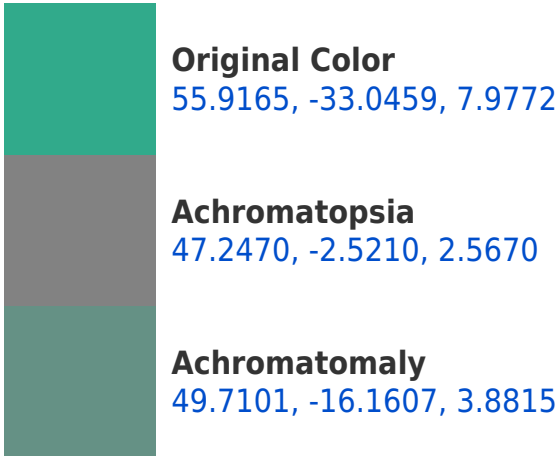
## Tritanopia

55.9943, -21.8809, -10.4782

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(49, 170, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(49, 170, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(49, 170, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(49, 170, 139) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(49, 170, 139) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(49, 170, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(49, 170, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(49, 170, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 170, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(49, 170,  
139) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.9165, -33.0459, 7.9772 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(49, 170, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(49, 170,  
139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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