

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.0569, -13.5220,  
3.4712)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.0569, -13.5220,  
3.4712) contains.

<b>HunterLab(56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(56.0948,  
-13.5591, 3.3821)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7E9F97
RGB	126, 159, 151
RGB Percent	49%, 62%, 59%
CMY	0.5059, 0.3765, 0.4078
CMYK	0.21, 0.00, 0.05, 0.38
HSL	165°, 15%, 56%
HSV	165°, 21%, 62%
XYZ	26.5882, 31.4663, 33.9504
YIQ	148.2210, -17.1000, -9.4840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

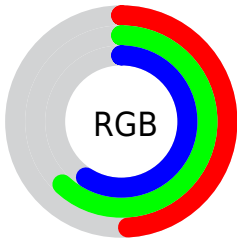
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	126, 145, 159
Decimal	8298391
CIELab	62.90, -13.08, 0.41
CIELCh	63, 13.086, 178.188
Yxy	31.4676, 0.2890, 0.3420
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286488471 (0xFF7E9F97)
YUV	148.2210, 1.3700, -19.4878
Hunter-Lab	56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821

# Details

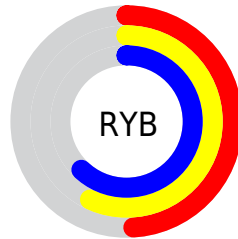
The HunterLab color **56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **49.0048, 9.1765, 3.0676**, and the grayscale version is **54.5083, -2.9084, 2.9615**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.7938, -16.3355, 4.8055**, and **36.3066, -11.2093, 2.4869** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54.9819, -17.9134, 3.7346**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.3596, -8.7588, 3.2026**.

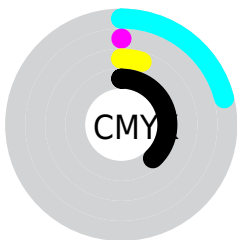
# Distribution



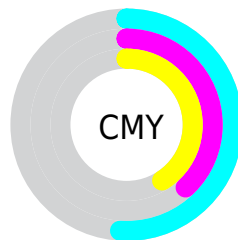
- Red (49%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (38%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (41%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.0948, -13.5591,  
3.3821

■ 56.0948, -13.5591,  
3.3821

175.6948,  
-25.1632, 10.0463

■ 45.7768, -12.2611,  
2.7995

■ 78.7245, -16.1254,  
4.6543

■ 36.1818, -10.9396,  
2.2538

■ 90.9614, -17.4028,  
5.3386

■ 27.3704, -9.5812,  
1.7487

■ 103.7738,  
-18.6814, 6.0535

■ 19.4197, -8.1617,  
1.2877

117.1370,  
-19.9639, 6.7977

■ 12.4356, -6.6366,  
0.8752

131.0292,  
-21.2520, 7.5700

■ 5.6665, -9.9163,  
0.6111

145.4309,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.5472, 8.3694

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.3247,  
-23.8506, 9.1952

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0948, -13.5591,  
3.3821

■ 56.0948, -13.5591,  
3.3821

■ 54.9819, -17.9134,  
3.7346

■ 57.3596, -8.7588,  
3.2026

■ 54.0183, -21.7835,  
4.2550

■ 58.7705, -3.5506,  
3.1931

■ 53.2040, -25.1435,  
4.9377

■ 60.3248, 2.0208,  
3.3506

■ 52.5359, -27.9778,  
5.7720

■ 62.0179, 7.9110,  
3.6693

■ 52.0080, -30.2851,  
6.7433

■ 63.8444, 14.0767,  
4.1414

■ 51.6116, -32.0808,  
7.8330

■ 65.7983, 20.4772,  
4.7580

■ 51.3342, -33.4006,  
9.0181

■ 67.8736, 27.0752,  
5.5094

■ 51.1512, -34.3215,  
10.1557

■ 70.0638, 33.8375,  
6.3859

■ 70.4201, 35.1126,  
5.0356

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0960, -12.0302, 8.2879



56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821



56.0960, -12.3548, -2.1109

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0960, -13.5600, 3.3829



56.0960, 2.2883, -6.9611



56.0960, 2.9134, 11.2283

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821



49.0048, 9.1765, 3.0676

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0960, 7.0193, 7.7692



56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821



56.0960, 6.6484, -2.7397

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0960, -13.5600, 3.3829



56.0960, -3.3431, -8.4288



56.0960, 8.4124, 2.7220



56.0960, -2.6483, 12.5270



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821



56.0960, -10.1343, -5.3079



56.0960, 8.4124, 2.7220



56.0960, 4.5178, 10.2978

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0960, -13.5600, 3.3829



77.6118, -8.5506, 4.2517



56.0294, -15.1037, 13.3727



36.7976, -4.2584, 2.0196



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0960, -13.5600, 3.3829



74.3399, -20.9738, 4.7207



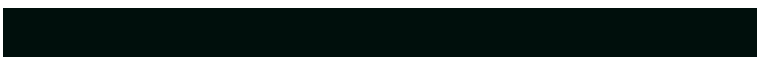
53.8450, -8.4028, -3.0876



27.3532, -3.7995, 1.5160



45.4658, -30.4562, 8.9179



6.1297, -3.7681, 0.4726



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0048, 9.1765, 3.0676



62.7856, 16.1516, 4.2485



50.9878, 3.9799, 8.5349



25.8287, 1.0734, 1.4403



24.3740, 42.2301, 11.9611



3.3500, 5.9797, 0.2835



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

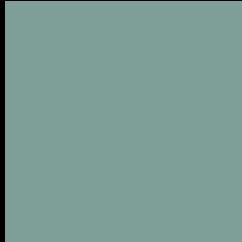
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

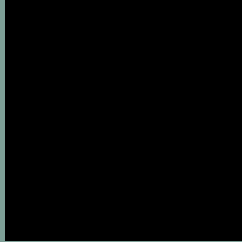
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821.



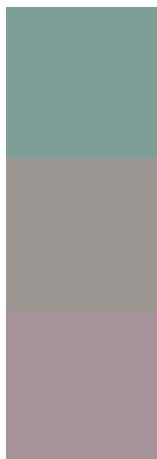
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0948,

-13.5591, 3.3821.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821

### Protanopia

55.9533, -2.0751, 5.1920

### Deuteranopia

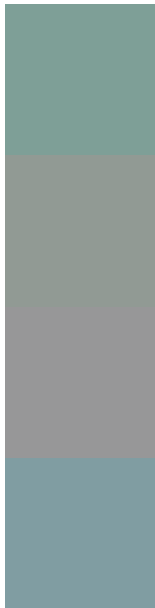
55.9235, 3.9843, 2.5783



## Tritanopia

55.9541, -8.2674, -5.4400

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821

## Protanomaly

55.9187, -6.6332, 4.6347

## Deuteranomaly

55.6593, -2.8077, 2.6043

## Tritanomaly

55.9569, -10.2626, -1.9178

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821

## Achromatopsia

54.4186, -2.9036, 2.9567

## Achromatomaly

54.9562, -6.9553, 3.0660

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(126, 159, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(126, 159, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(126, 159, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(126, 159, 151) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(126, 159, 151) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(126, 159, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(126, 159, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(126, 159, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 159, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(126, 159,  
151) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.0948, -13.5591, 3.3821 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(126, 159, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(126,  
159, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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