

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.0748, 1.5069,
8.8430)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.0748, 1.5069, 8.8430)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.1912, 1.2346,
8.8732)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A7958B |
| RGB | 167, 149, 139 |
| RGB Percent | 65%, 58%, 55% |
| CMY | 0.3451, 0.4157, 0.4549 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.11, 0.17, 0.35 |
| HSL | 21°, 14%, 60% |
| HSV | 21°, 17%, 65% |
| XYZ | 31.3440, 31.5745, 28.8686 |
| YIQ | 153.2420, 13.9380, 0.7060 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

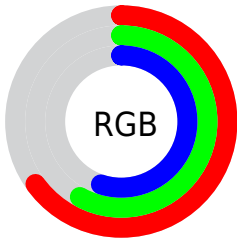
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 167, 155, 139 |
| Decimal | 10982795 |
| CIELab | 62.99, 4.97, 7.71 |
| CIElCh | 63, 9.168, 57.189 |
| Yxy | 31.5759, 0.3415, 0.3440 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289172875 (0xFFA7958B) |
| YUV | 153.2420, -7.0213, 12.0658 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 |

Details

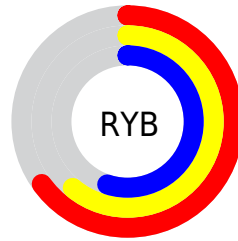
The HunterLab color $56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.9142, -6.5165, -3.1295$, and the grayscale version is $56.5628, -3.0180, 3.0732$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.7701, 0.3715, 11.0079$, and $36.1960, 1.9554, 6.8567$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.8042, 4.2568, 11.8283$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.7132, -1.5547, 5.6697$.

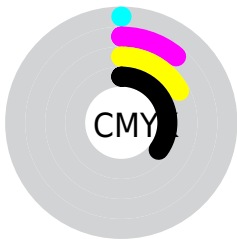
Distribution



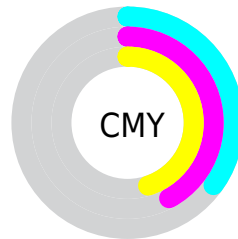
- Red (65%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (55%)



- Red (65%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.1912, 1.2346,
8.8732

■ 56.1912, 1.2346,
8.8732

175.8360, -3.2462,
18.3409

■ 45.8670, 1.5156,
7.8862

■ 78.8325, 0.5156,
10.8772

■ 36.2652, 1.7402,
6.9020

■ 91.0747, 0.0894,
11.8974

■ 27.4464, 1.8984,
5.9140

■ 103.8923, -0.3775,
12.9318

■ 19.4875, 1.9785,
4.9097

117.2604, -0.8826,
13.9814

■ 12.4941, 1.9626,
3.8647

131.1572, -1.4237,
15.0468

■ 5.7542, 3.4547,
4.0279

145.5634, -1.9991,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

16.1284

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.4616, -2.6070,
17.2264

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.1912, 1.2346,
8.8732

■ 56.1912, 1.2346,
8.8732

■ 52.8042, 4.2568,
11.8283

■ 59.7132, -1.5547,
5.6697

■ 49.5637, 7.5350,
14.4911

■ 63.3532, -4.1261,
2.2498

■ 46.4885, 11.0804,
16.8140

■ 67.1011, -6.5019,
-1.3572

■ 43.5986, 14.8957,
18.7417

■ 70.9471, -8.7017,
-5.1277

■ 40.9159, 18.9674,
20.2150

■ 74.8827, -10.7439,
-9.0423

■ 38.4644, 23.2571,
21.1767

■ 78.9007, -12.6450,
-13.0851

■ 36.2681, 27.6913,
21.5838

■ 82.9595, -14.6166,
-16.7515

■ 34.3471, 32.1436,
21.4595

■ 86.4758, -19.9302,
-11.9284

■ 33.7817, 33.5343,
21.4032

■ 90.0607, -25.1626,
-7.2289

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.1925, 4.0143, 6.3042



56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732



56.1925, -2.6231, 9.8948

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.1925, 1.2329, 8.8741



56.1925, -10.4882, 3.4168



56.1925, 0.5610, -3.8557

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732



56.9142, -6.5165, -3.1295

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.1925, -3.3785, -4.7614



56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732



56.1925, -9.6887, -0.3927

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.1925, 1.2329, 8.8741



56.1925, -9.3284, 6.8853



56.1925, -7.1137, -3.4533



56.1925, 3.6188, -1.0575

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732



56.1925, -5.2591, 9.6169



56.1925, -7.1137, -3.4533



56.1925, -0.7073, -4.3997

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.1925, 1.2329, 8.8741



80.7169, -2.6766, 6.8396



53.9651, 9.0000, -1.7340



38.0296, -1.1529, 3.3787



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.1925, 1.2329, 8.8741



73.5478, 3.0674, 13.3386



60.1692, -5.4434, 12.9111



28.2216, -0.4184, 3.1193



29.6952, 28.9447, 18.8048



5.5782, 2.2636, 3.4769

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9142, -6.5165, -3.1295



74.7145, -9.4752, -6.0853



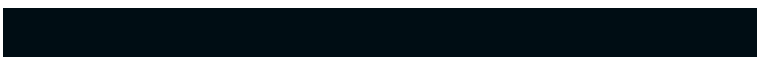
52.9004, 0.1339, -8.3761



28.4154, -2.4959, -0.0995



32.1411, -3.8474, -31.8681



5.8537, -1.8517, -3.3194

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

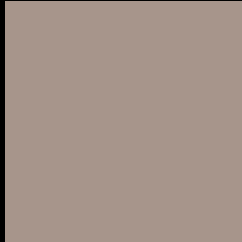
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

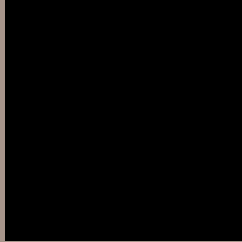
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.1912, 1.2346,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732

Protanopia

56.2571, -2.8290, 8.0580

Deuteranopia

56.1268, 3.8885, 8.8504



Tritanopia

56.0905, 6.2632, 0.4794

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732

Protanomaly

56.2172, -1.5428, 8.4467

Deuteranomaly

56.2049, 2.7222, 8.9140

Tritanomaly

56.0595, 4.3229, 3.6539

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.4479, -1.7861, 5.3241

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(167, 149, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(167, 149, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(167, 149, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(167, 149, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(167, 149, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(167, 149, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(167, 149, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(167, 149, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 149, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(167, 149,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.1912, 1.2346, 8.8732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(167, 149, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(167,  
149, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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