

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.1008, 0.7466,
8.9358)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.1008, 0.7466, 8.9358)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.0945, 0.9055,
8.7635)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A6958B
RGB	166, 149, 139
RGB Percent	65%, 58%, 55%
CMY	0.3490, 0.4157, 0.4549
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.16, 0.35
HSL	22°, 13%, 60%
HSV	22°, 16%, 65%
XYZ	31.1335, 31.4659, 28.8587
YIQ	152.9430, 13.3420, 0.4940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

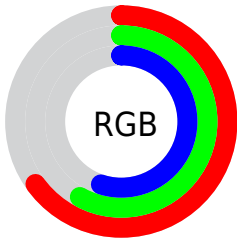
Format	Color
RYB	166, 155, 139
Decimal	10917259
CIELab	62.90, 4.58, 7.56
CIELCh	63, 8.844, 58.786
Yxy	31.4673, 0.3404, 0.3441
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289107339 (0xFFA6958B)
YUV	152.9430, -6.8739, 11.4510
Hunter-Lab	56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635

Details

The HunterLab color $56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.5848, -6.2204, -3.0431$, and the grayscale version is $56.4410, -3.0116, 3.0665$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.6701, 0.0292, 10.8925$, and $36.1027, 1.6406, 6.7537$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.7812, 3.7866, 11.7603$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.5370, -1.7454, 5.5100$.

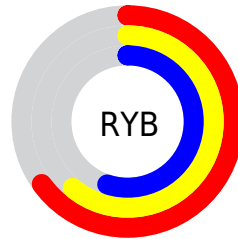
Distribution



Red (65%)

Green (58%)

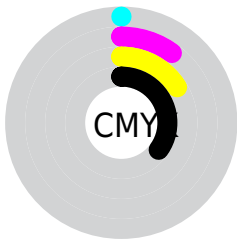
Blue (55%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (61%)

Blue (55%)

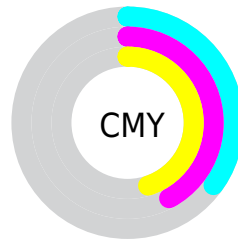


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (35%)



Cyan (35%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (45%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.0945, 0.9055,
8.7635

■ 56.0945, 0.9055,
8.7635

175.6945, -3.7187,
18.1739

■ 45.7766, 1.2066,
7.7847

■ 78.7243, 0.1498,
10.7526

■ 36.1816, 1.4525,
6.8095

■ 90.9611, -0.2935,
11.7658

■ 27.3702, 1.6337,
5.8314

■ 103.7736, -0.7767,
12.7937

■ 19.4196, 1.7391,
4.8382

117.1368, -1.2975,
13.8371

■ 12.4355, 1.7513,
3.8059

131.0289, -1.8538,
14.8965

■ 5.6663, 3.2220,
3.9664

145.4306, -2.4437,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

15.9723

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.3244, -3.0658,
17.0647

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.0945, 0.9055,
8.7635

■ 56.0945, 0.9055,
8.7635

■ 52.7812, 3.7866,
11.7603

■ 59.5370, -1.7454,
5.5100

■ 49.6075, 6.9209,
14.4568

■ 63.0926, -4.1810,
2.0315

■ 46.5911, 10.3204,
16.8063

■ 66.7519, -6.4229,
-1.6422

■ 43.7503, 13.9897,
18.7551

■ 70.5055, -8.4904,
-5.4872

■ 41.1055, 17.9193,
20.2461

■ 74.3456, -10.4012,
-9.4838

■ 38.6788, 22.0772,
21.2243

■ 78.2652, -12.1716,
-13.6155

■ 36.4924, 26.4002,
21.6486

■ 82.2504, -13.8603,
-17.7582

■ 34.5657, 30.7779,
21.5326

■ 85.6625, -19.0435,
-13.0299

■ 33.9092, 32.3676,
21.4613

■ 89.1405, -24.1488,
-8.4213

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.0958, 3.6606, 6.3492



56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635



56.0958, -2.8387, 9.6659

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.0958, 0.9038, 8.7644



56.0958, -10.2280, 3.2029



56.0958, 0.6241, -3.4962

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635



56.5848, -6.2204, -3.0431

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.0958, -3.1534, -4.4769



56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635



56.0958, -9.3563, -0.4552

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.0958, 0.9038, 8.7644



56.0958, -9.2059, 6.5919



56.0958, -6.7924, -3.3292



56.0958, 3.4961, -0.7316

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635



56.0958, -5.3672, 9.3371



56.0958, -6.7924, -3.3292



56.0958, -0.5851, -4.0534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.0958, 0.9038, 8.7644



80.7607, -2.7502, 6.8886



53.8296, 8.4887, -1.3741



38.0530, -1.1924, 3.4048



92.0917, -4.9138, 5.0035



39.3538, -2.0998, 2.1382

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.0958, 0.9038, 8.7644



73.7155, 2.7730, 13.5098



59.9610, -5.5697, 12.6970



28.2500, -0.4666, 3.1502



29.9992, 28.1327, 18.9779



5.6305, 2.1534, 3.5072

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.5848, -6.2204, -3.0431



74.5354, -9.1904, -6.3156



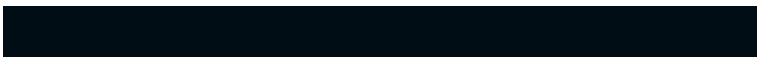
52.6949, 0.2377, -8.1173



28.3862, -2.4484, -0.1347



31.5944, -2.9684, -33.0824



5.7946, -1.7686, -3.4248

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

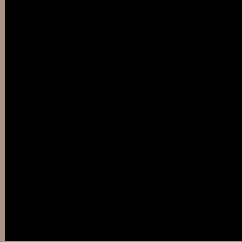
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.0945, 0.9055,

8.7635.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635

Protanopia

56.2308, -2.9733, 8.4363

Deuteranopia

56.1268, 3.8885, 8.8504



Tritanopia

55.9922, 5.9372, 0.3531

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635

Protanomaly

56.2172, -1.5428, 8.4467

Deuteranomaly

56.2049, 2.7222, 8.9140

Tritanomaly

55.9619, 3.9959, 3.5340

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.4479, -1.7861, 5.3241

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(166, 149, 139)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(166, 149, 139)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(166, 149, 139) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(166, 149, 139) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(166, 149, 139) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(166, 149, 139) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(166, 149, 139)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(166, 149, 139); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 149, 139);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(166, 149,  
139) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.0945, 0.9055, 8.7635 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(166, 149, 139) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(166,  
149, 139) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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