

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.1128, -2.1818,
-65.4262)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.1128, -2.1818,
-65.4262) contains.

HunterLab(55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(55.9767, -1.9534,
-65.7492)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	009DFF
RGB	0, 157, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 62%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3843, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.38, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	203°, 100%, 50%
HSV	203°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	30.1069, 31.3339, 99.0689
YIQ	121.2290, -125.0300, -2.8060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 97, 255
Decimal	40447
CIELab	62.79, 1.23, -57.96
CIELCh	63, 57.971, 271.218
Yxy	31.3348, 0.1876, 0.1952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278230527 (0xFF009DFF)
YUV	121.2290, 65.9491, -106.3178
Hunter-Lab	55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492

Details

The HunterLab color **55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **54.7810, 52.7670, 34.6772**, and the grayscale version is **43.6114, -2.3270, 2.3695**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75.6659, -19.1185, -27.8421**, and **37.9279, 5.8540, -60.0436** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.9682, -1.9392, -65.7694**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59.1606, -6.2317, -58.4694**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (62%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (38%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55.9767, -1.9534,
-65.7492

■ 55.9767, -1.9534,
-65.7492

■ 175.5215, -7.8594,
-72.5232

■ 45.6661, -1.4693,
-65.2932

■ 78.5919, -3.0369,
-67.1373

■ 36.0795, -1.0299,
-65.1901

■ 90.8222, -3.6332,
-67.9310

■ 27.2772, -0.6388,
-65.7502

■ 103.6284, -4.2627,
-68.7408

■ 19.3366, -0.3022,
-67.6512

■ 116.9856, -4.9239,
-69.5464

■ 12.3640, -0.0294,
-72.6392

■ 130.8720, -5.6154,
-70.3345

■ 5.5569, 0.6693,
-103.2239

145.2681, -6.3358,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-71.0967

0.0000, NaN, -NF

160.1565, -7.0842,
-71.8274

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 55.9767, -1.9534,
-65.7492

■ 55.9767, -1.9534,
-65.7492

■ 55.9682, -1.9392,
-65.7694

■ 59.1606, -6.2317,
-58.4694

■ 62.6218, -9.6412,
-51.1556

■ 66.3859, -12.0592,
-43.7998

■ 70.4450, -13.4954,
-36.4550

■ 74.7839, -14.0022,
-29.1704

■ 79.3840, -13.6535,
-21.9832

■ 84.2258, -12.5316,
-14.9181

■ 89.2903, -10.7190,
-7.9882

■ 94.5594, -8.2935,
-1.1985

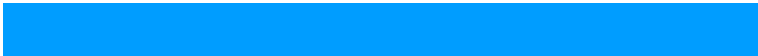
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



55.9775, -24.5344, -54.5584



55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492



55.9775, 24.5126, -52.7144

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



55.9775, -1.9525, -65.7473



55.9775, 44.9692, 22.1129



55.9775, -39.5562, 21.0589

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492



54.7810, 52.7670, 34.6772

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



55.9775, -26.0321, 29.9294



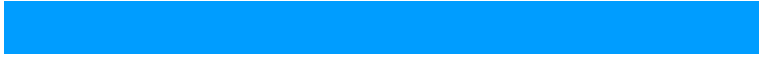
55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492



55.9775, 22.4038, 30.3203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



55.9775, -1.9525, -65.7473



55.9775, 54.4032, 4.0213



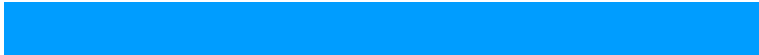
55.9775, -4.0197, 32.3731



55.9775, -43.7869, 2.0548

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492



55.9775, 40.1904, -34.3670



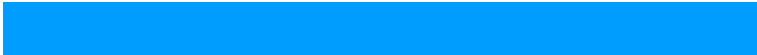
55.9775, -4.0197, 32.3731



55.9775, -36.0806, 24.9695

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55.9775, -1.9525, -65.7473



84.2111, -12.5360, -14.9389



85.0873, -69.2770, 43.2007



38.0025, -6.0593, -8.2823

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55.9775, -1.9525, -65.7473



55.9682, -1.9392, -65.7694



28.5303, 65.8835, -177.8743



43.8632, -3.7783, -0.4097



40.8237, -2.0151, -46.6759



13.5439, -1.9317, -12.7588

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.6785, 88.3555, -7.3101



48.6758, 88.3578, -7.2980



86.7471, -11.3986, 53.2521



42.6322, 2.7663, 0.4403



35.2284, 64.0242, -5.8758



11.0893, 20.3262, -3.1868

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

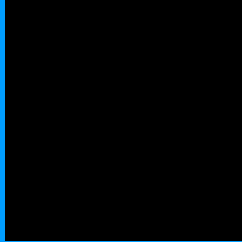
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

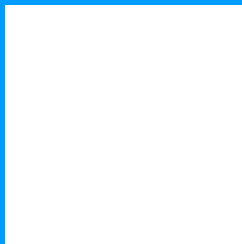
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492.

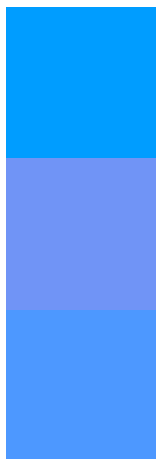


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492

Protanopia

55.9271, 10.3457, -57.7884

Deuteranopia

55.9055, 5.4195, -65.7917



Tritanopia

55.9469, -26.9471, -11.7578

Trichromacy



Original Color

55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492

Protanomaly

55.0567, 3.3913, -62.5286

Deuteranomaly

55.6634, 1.5892, -66.4442

Tritanomaly

55.7278, -18.9270, -28.7969

Monochromacy



Original Color

55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492

Achromatopsia

43.7266, -2.3331, 2.3758

Achromatomaly

46.4007, -8.7199, -20.1551

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 157, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 157, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 157, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 157, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 157, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 157, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 157, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 157, 255); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 157, 255); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 157, 255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 55.9767, -1.9534, -65.7492 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 157, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 157,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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