

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.1964, -7.5976,  
1.6407)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.1964, -7.5976, 1.6407)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(56.3196, -7.8504,  
1.9205)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C9C9B
RGB	140, 156, 155
RGB Percent	55%, 61%, 61%
CMY	0.4510, 0.3882, 0.3922
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.01, 0.39
HSL	176°, 7%, 58%
HSV	176°, 10%, 61%
XYZ	28.6201, 31.7190, 35.6243
YIQ	151.1020, -9.2150, -3.7030

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

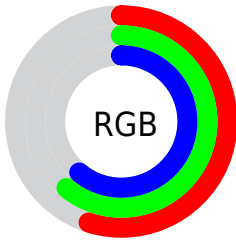
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	140, 148, 156
Decimal	9215131
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	63.11, -5.86, -1.42
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	63, 6.030, 193.583
Yxy	31.7203, 0.2982, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287405211 (0xFF8C9C9B)
YUV	151.1020, 1.9217, -9.7365
Hunter-Lab	56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205

# Details

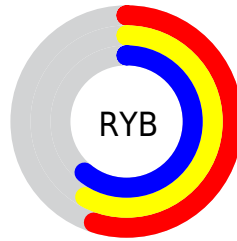
The HunterLab color **56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **52.6764, 2.3494, 4.1353**, and the grayscale version is **55.6674, -2.9703, 3.0245**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78.8454, -9.3810, 3.0594**, and **36.4366, -6.1200, 1.0339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.1607, -12.0909, 0.9064**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6246, -3.2015, 3.1003**.

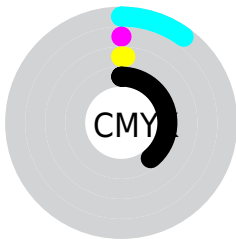
# Distribution



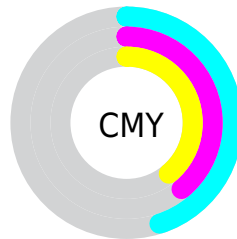
- Red (55%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.3196, -7.8504,  
1.9205

■ 56.3196, -7.8504,  
1.9205

176.0236,  
-16.5483, 7.9176

■ 45.9869, -6.9718,  
1.4320

■ 78.9762, -9.6582,  
3.0207

■ 36.3761, -6.1050,  
0.9874

■ 91.2255, -10.5875,  
3.6256

■ 27.5475, -5.2473,  
0.5922

■ 104.0498,  
-11.5349, 4.2645

■ 19.5777, -4.3913,  
0.2525

117.4243,  
-12.5007, 4.9357

■ 12.5719, -3.5231,  
-0.0222

131.3274,  
-13.4849, 5.6378

■ 5.8687, -4.6657,  
-0.6808

145.7397,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.4876, 6.3696

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.6436,  
-15.5088, 7.1298

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.3196, -7.8504,  
1.9205

■ 56.3196, -7.8504,  
1.9205

■ 55.1607, -12.0909,  
0.9064

■ 57.6246, -3.2015,  
3.1003

■ 54.1463, -15.8845,  
0.0644

■ 59.0691, 1.8201,  
4.4323

■ 53.2776, -19.2033,  
-0.5981

■ 60.6501, 7.1723,  
5.9052

■ 52.5532, -22.0271,  
-1.0784

■ 62.3627, 12.8146,  
7.5061

■ 51.9692, -24.3469,  
-1.3774

■ 64.2014, 18.7081,  
9.2224

■ 51.5195, -26.1671,  
-1.5009

■ 66.1604, 24.8164,  
11.0416

■ 51.1953, -27.5079,  
-1.4596

■ 68.2337, 31.1063,  
12.9520

■ 50.9840, -28.4073,  
-1.2699

■ 69.0478, 33.5620,  
13.4540

■ 50.8534, -28.9870,  
-0.9878

■ 69.0732, 33.6875,  
13.0878

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3208, -7.7888, 4.4117



56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205



56.3208, -6.6334, -0.3612

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3208, -7.8515, 1.9214



56.3208, 0.5294, -0.5406



56.3208, -1.5682, 7.4980

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205



52.6764, 2.3494, 4.1353

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.3208, 0.7112, 6.2899



56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205



56.3208, 1.9375, 1.6857

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3208, -7.8515, 1.9214



56.3208, -1.8127, -1.8261



56.3208, 2.0046, 4.1865



56.3208, -4.1937, 7.5546



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205



56.3208, -5.2458, -1.4263



56.3208, 2.0046, 4.1865



56.3208, -0.7350, 7.2157

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3208, -7.8515, 1.9214



77.1469, -6.1231, 3.7116



55.9824, -9.9064, 8.0453



36.1237, -3.1031, 1.6820



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3208, -7.8515, 1.9214



75.5764, -11.7579, 2.3006



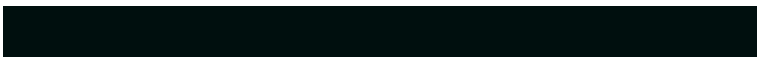
54.3073, -4.4031, -0.9532



27.3904, -3.5928, 0.9861



46.1542, -26.2949, -0.9257



6.1873, -3.4222, -0.3460



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52.6764, 2.3494, 4.1353



69.7315, 4.6101, 5.8544



54.5978, -1.1648, 6.6787



25.7925, 0.8787, 1.9564



24.1690, 41.4713, 14.9887



3.2588, 5.6452, 1.6062



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

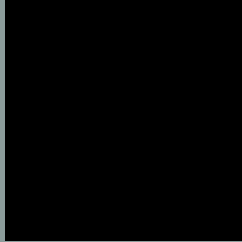
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

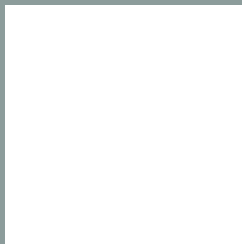
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205.



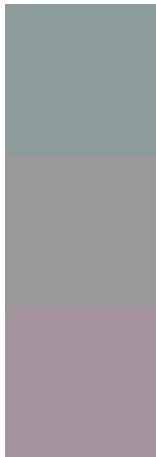
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.3196, -7.8504,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205

### Protanopia

56.3249, -1.9246, 2.9500

### Deuteranopia

56.2259, 3.8070, 1.0761



## Tritanopia

56.2274, -4.4489, -3.4723

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205

## Protanomaly

56.2135, -3.7417, 2.3280

## Deuteranomaly

56.2152, -0.6482, 1.4553

## Tritanomaly

56.3152, -5.9107, -1.3904

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205

## Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225

## Achromatomaly

55.9039, -4.9439, 2.8562

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 156, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 156, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 156, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 156, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 156, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 156, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 156, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 156, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 156, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 156,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.3196, -7.8504, 1.9205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 156, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
156, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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