

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.2449, -8.0063,
6.5204)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.2449, -8.0063, 6.5204)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.4006, -8.1875,
6.8732)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	919C90
RGB	145, 156, 144
RGB Percent	57%, 61%, 56%
CMY	0.4314, 0.3882, 0.4353
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.08, 0.39
HSL	115°, 6%, 59%
HSV	115°, 8%, 61%
XYZ	28.5995, 31.8103, 31.0182
YIQ	151.3430, -2.7040, -6.0640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

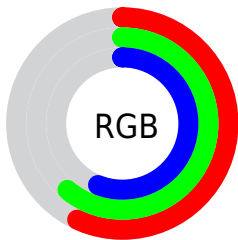
Format	Color
RYB	144, 156, 155
Decimal	9542800
CIELab	63.19, -6.27, 4.93
CIElCh	63, 7.975, 141.816
Yxy	31.8116, 0.3128, 0.3479
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287732880 (0xFF919C90)
YUV	151.3430, -3.6201, -5.5628
Hunter-Lab	56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732

Details

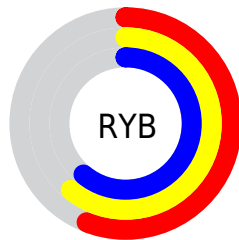
The HunterLab color $56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.1445, 2.4772, -1.0364$, and the grayscale version is $55.7847, -2.9765, 3.0309$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.9383, -9.7186, 8.3433$, and $36.5297, -6.3097, 5.2113$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.9078, -14.4080, 11.3801$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58.0553, -1.4938, 1.9686$.

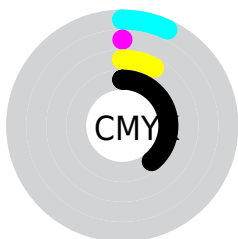
Distribution



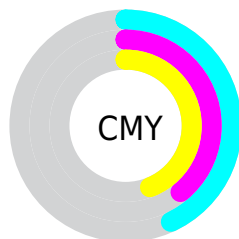
- Red (57%)
- Green (61%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (61%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (39%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.4006, -8.1875,
6.8732

■ 56.4006, -8.1875,
6.8732

176.1421,
-17.0487, 15.2569

■ 46.0626, -7.2858,
6.0442

■ 79.0669, -10.0379,
8.5925

■ 36.4461, -6.3939,
5.2321

■ 91.3206, -10.9867,
9.4826

■ 27.6113, -5.5085,
4.4346

104.1492,
-11.9527, 10.3934

■ 19.6347, -4.6218,
3.6461

117.5278,
-12.9362, 11.3250

■ 12.6210, -3.7183,
2.8549

131.4349,
-13.9375, 12.2774

■ 5.9398, -4.9162,
3.7640

145.8509,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-14.9567, 13.2503

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.7585,
-15.9938, 14.2435

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.4006, -8.1875,
6.8732

■ 56.4006, -8.1875,
6.8732

■ 54.9078, -14.4080,
11.3801

■ 58.0553, -1.4938,
1.9686

■ 53.5783, -20.0872,
15.4399

■ 59.8618, 5.6126,
-3.2882

■ 52.4171, -25.1658,
19.0111

■ 61.8144, 13.0685,
-8.8494

■ 51.4258, -29.5916,
22.0587

■ 63.9055, 20.8171,
-14.6707

■ 50.6038, -33.3250,
24.5596

■ 66.1273, 28.8070,
-20.7120

■ 49.9477, -36.3443,
26.5054

■ 68.4723, 36.9934,
-26.9373

■ 49.4508, -38.6496,
27.9070

■ 70.9329, 45.3379,
-33.3154

■ 49.1029, -40.2670,
28.7973

■ 72.2898, 49.2502,
-32.1877

■ 48.8864, -41.2697,
29.2758

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.4018, -5.4837, 8.6786



56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732



56.4018, -9.4996, 3.9709

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4018, -8.1888, 6.8740



56.4018, -3.9642, -3.6181



56.4018, 3.3510, 5.3903

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732



54.1445, 2.4772, -1.0364

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.4018, 3.7818, 2.1542



56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732



56.4018, -0.4980, -3.1809

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4018, -8.1888, 6.8740



56.4018, -7.0996, -2.1793



56.4018, 2.3575, -1.0187



56.4018, 1.1944, 7.8589

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732



56.4018, -9.4291, 1.7478



56.4018, 2.3575, -1.0187



56.4018, 3.7045, 4.3611

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4018, -8.1888, 6.8740



77.2446, -6.0073, 5.5879



57.0314, -4.4474, 7.6336



36.2475, -2.7655, 2.5828



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4018, -8.1888, 6.8740



75.6979, -12.3224, 10.2008



56.4602, -7.7035, 4.7958



27.2510, -4.4614, 3.6908



44.3422, -37.5748, 26.6657



5.9867, -4.7806, 3.6053

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.1445, 2.4772, -1.0364



72.0751, 4.7977, -2.4969



54.0829, 1.9621, 1.2617



25.9354, 1.7554, -0.9201



26.0668, 52.2248, -41.9504



3.5905, 7.1334, -5.3120

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

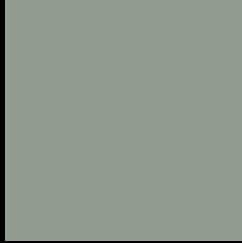
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

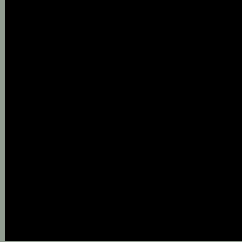
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

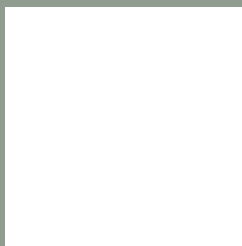
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4006, -8.1875,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732

Protanopia

56.2837, -2.6835, 7.6767

Deuteranopia

56.3925, 3.7292, 6.2227



Tritanopia

56.3870, -2.4567, -2.7275

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732

Protanomaly

56.1587, -4.5564, 7.0893

Deuteranomaly

56.3512, -0.8128, 6.5241

Tritanomaly

56.3459, -4.5999, 1.0745

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732

Achromatopsia

55.6299, -2.9683, 3.0225

Achromatomaly

55.9555, -4.9933, 4.7055

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 156, 144)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 156, 144)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 156, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 156, 144) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 156, 144) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 156, 144) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 156, 144) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 156, 144); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 156, 144);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 156,  
144) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.4006, -8.1875, 6.8732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 156, 144) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
156, 144) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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