

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.2498, 65.3070,
-5.5816)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.2498, 65.3070,
-5.5816) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.2845, 65.1268,
-5.2915)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FC5EAC |
| RGB | 252, 94, 172 |
| RGB Percent | 99%, 37%, 67% |
| CMY | 0.0118, 0.6313, 0.3255 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.63, 0.32, 0.01 |
| HSL | 330°, 96%, 68% |
| HSV | 330°, 63%, 99% |
| XYZ | 51.5940, 31.6794, 42.4252 |
| YIQ | 150.1340, 69.1300, 57.7540 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

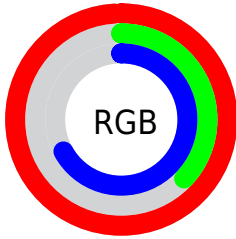
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| RYB | 252, 94, 172 |
| Decimal | 16539308 |
| CIELab | 63.08, 67.02, -9.74 |
| CIElCh | 63, 67.722, 351.734 |
| Yxy | 31.6811, 0.4105, 0.2520 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294729388 (0xFFFC5EAC) |
| YUV | 150.1340, 10.7799, 89.3365 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 |

Details

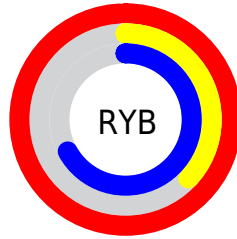
The HunterLab color **56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6699**. The color can be described as light muted rose. A complement of this color would be **86.6357, -54.6352, 25.0202**, and the grayscale version is **55.2198, -2.9464, 3.0002**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.1873, 45.8711, -17.3377**, and **36.2922, 60.6561, -5.6045** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.3831, 73.7350, -3.6808**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.1814, 54.8521, -5.6918**.

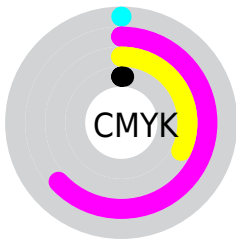
Distribution



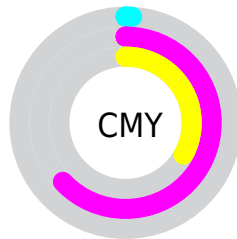
- Red (99%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 56.2845, 65.1268,
-5.2915


 56.2845, 65.1268,
-5.2915


175.9727, 80.7720,
-2.1885


 45.9544, 62.9306,
-5.3853


 78.9372, 69.2460,
-4.9229


 36.3460, 60.6830,
-5.4138

 91.1846, 71.1632,
-4.6608

 27.5200, 58.4484,
-5.3674


 104.0070, 72.9845,
-4.3514

 19.5532, 56.3971,
-5.2369

 117.3799, 74.7126,
-3.9978

 12.5507, 55.0061,
-5.0134

131.2813, 76.3515,
-3.6026

 5.8378, 67.0855,
-6.6227

145.6919, 77.9050,

0.0000, INF, NaN

-3.1680

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.5943, 79.3772,
-2.6961

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.2845, 65.1268,
-5.2915

■ 56.2845, 65.1268,
-5.2915

■ 52.3831, 73.7350,
-3.6808

■ 61.1814, 54.8521,
-5.6918

■ 49.5562, 79.8927,
-0.8355

■ 66.9487, 43.6612,
-5.0403

■ 47.8068, 83.0570,
3.0673

■ 73.4614, 32.0905,
-3.5305

■ 47.0753, 83.7306,
6.2900

■ 80.6041, 20.4754,
-1.3468

■ 88.2787, 8.9955,
1.3581

96.4050, -2.2693,
4.4661

99.7173, -6.3204,
5.0828

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2860, 49.0175, -41.8427



56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915



56.2860, 60.2255, 19.6521

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.2860, 65.1229, -5.2899



56.2860, -22.5707, 33.7229



56.2860, -34.0976, -58.1830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915



86.6357, -54.6352, 25.0202

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2860, -46.7216, -20.9002



56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915



56.2860, -41.0873, 27.3394

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.2860, 65.1229, -5.2899



56.2860, 5.4130, 34.6239



56.2860, -48.9850, 10.3057



56.2860, -10.9581, -81.1740

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915



56.2860, 46.0785, 28.5031



56.2860, -48.9850, 10.3057



56.2860, -39.4956, -46.2107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.2860, 65.1229, -5.2899



84.5029, 16.4455, -0.4097



48.9082, 56.0513, -80.5267



38.0829, 9.1561, -0.5358

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.2860, 65.1229, -5.2899



52.3190, 76.4527, -3.1623



54.3239, 56.6384, 22.9056



41.6750, 2.4598, 1.0619



34.0198, 60.5909, 3.9141



10.4560, 18.8130, -0.2731

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.2860, 65.1229, -5.2899



52.3190, 76.4527, -3.1623



88.8985, -41.1251, -7.3635



41.6750, 2.4598, 1.0619



34.0198, 60.5909, 3.9141



10.4560, 18.8130, -0.2731

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

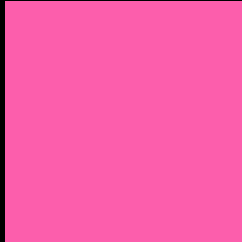
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915.

-5.2915.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915

Protanopia

56.5573, 4.5956, -29.6750

Deuteranopia

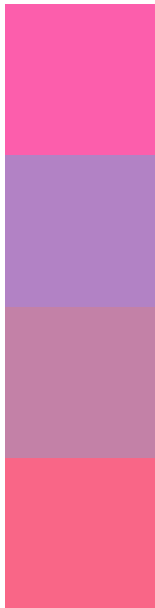
56.5347, 3.8440, -1.9299



Tritanopia

56.1288, 50.1388, 18.6479

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915

Protanomaly

54.2784, 24.7861, -23.8205

Deuteranomaly

54.8568, 25.4731, -5.2653

Tritanomaly

56.0283, 55.4830, 11.2397

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915

Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005

Achromatomaly

53.8504, 20.6098, -2.0721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(252, 94, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(252, 94, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(252, 94, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(252, 94, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(252, 94, 172) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(252, 94, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(252, 94, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(252, 94, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 94, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(252, 94,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.2845, 65.1268, -5.2915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(252, 94, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(252, 94,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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