

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.3381, -4.0154,
3.3079)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.3381, -4.0154, 3.3079)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.2395, -3.7686,
3.2715)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	979998
RGB	151, 153, 152
RGB Percent	59%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4078, 0.4000, 0.4039
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	150°, 1%, 60%
HSV	150°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	29.8213, 31.6288, 34.2390
YIQ	152.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

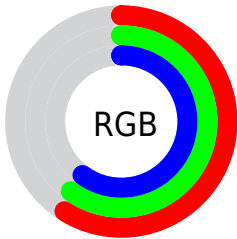
Format	Color
RYB	151, 152, 153
Decimal	9935256
CIELab	63.04, -0.91, 0.26
CIELCh	63, 0.952, 163.858
Yxy	31.6302, 0.3116, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288125336 (0xFF979998)
YUV	152.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715

Details

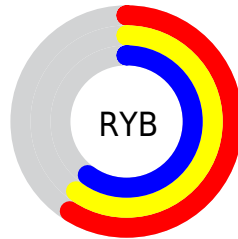
The HunterLab color $56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55.8332, -2.2058, 2.8188$, and the grayscale version is $56.1533, -2.9962, 3.0509$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.7788, -5.0163, 4.5083$, and $36.2652, -2.6476, 2.1713$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.7877, -9.3559, 4.8946$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57.8356, 2.1696, 1.7406$.

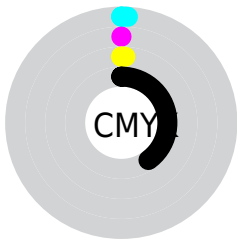
Distribution



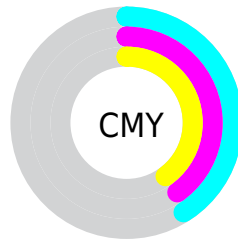
- Red (59%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (40%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.2395, -3.7686,
3.2715

■ 56.2395, -3.7686,
3.2715

175.9065,
-10.5172, 9.8840

■ 45.9121, -3.1679,
2.6963

■ 78.8865, -5.0714,
4.5304

■ 36.3069, -2.6006,
2.1586

■ 91.1314, -5.7678,
5.2086

■ 27.4844, -2.0704,
1.6621

103.9515, -6.4931,
5.9175

■ 19.5214, -1.5795,
1.2106

117.3220, -7.2461,
6.6560

■ 12.5233, -1.1310,
0.8092

131.2212, -8.0258,
7.4229

■ 5.7975, -0.9967,
0.5047

145.6297, -8.8315,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.2171

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.5300, -9.6622,
9.0378

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.2395, -3.7686,
3.2715

■ 56.2395, -3.7686,
3.2715

■ 54.7877, -9.3559,
4.8946

■ 57.8356, 2.1696,
1.7406

■ 53.4812, -14.5386,
6.5965

■ 59.5671, 8.4136,
0.3070

■ 52.3245, -19.2700,
8.3639

■ 61.4291, 14.9157,
-1.0238

■ 51.3192, -23.5066,
10.1795

■ 63.4153, 21.6331,
-2.2497

■ 50.4653, -27.2129,
12.0231

■ 65.5192, 28.5277,
-3.3706

■ 49.7604, -30.3648,
13.8721

■ 67.7342, 35.5659,
-4.3882

■ 49.1994, -32.9529,
15.7026

■ 69.6289, 41.5200,
-5.8888

■ 48.7745, -34.9860,
17.4895

■ 69.9017, 42.8350,
-9.7348

■ 48.4736, -36.4949,
19.2077

■ 70.1866, 44.2032,
-13.7347

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.2407, -3.5568, 3.6070



56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715



56.2407, -3.7781, 2.8788

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.2407, -3.7699, 3.2724



56.2407, -2.8122, 2.3178



56.2407, -2.4262, 3.5858

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715



55.8332, -2.2058, 2.8188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.2407, -2.2254, 3.2432



56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715



56.2407, -2.4488, 2.5101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.2407, -3.7699, 3.2724



56.2407, -3.2260, 2.3258



56.2407, -2.2337, 2.8495



56.2407, -2.7814, 3.7871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715



56.2407, -3.6663, 2.6359



56.2407, -2.2337, 2.8495



56.2407, -2.3383, 3.4835

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.2407, -3.7699, 3.2724



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



56.3001, -3.6207, 3.7948



35.4919, -1.8938, 1.9283



87.6224, -4.6753, 4.7607

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.2407, -3.7699, 3.2724



75.1130, -5.6079, 4.5338



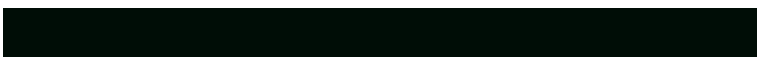
56.2691, -3.6142, 2.8680



26.9273, -1.9557, 1.6097



43.8997, -34.0453, 18.6233



5.4355, -3.7447, 1.2898

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.8332, -2.2058, 2.8188



74.2637, -2.3486, 3.5885



55.8048, -2.3607, 3.2230



26.6520, -0.8991, 1.3032



24.5809, 43.9061, 1.8494



3.1252, 5.7996, -1.4507

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

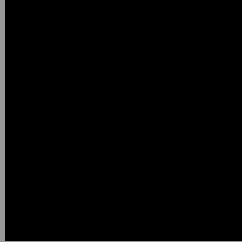
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

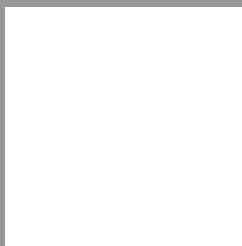
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715

Protanopia

56.2667, -2.2426, 3.7807

Deuteranopia

56.2985, 3.8120, 3.0192



Tritanopia

56.1693, -0.3715, -1.9707

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715

Protanomaly

56.1791, -2.5465, 3.6732

Deuteranomaly

56.2936, 0.9061, 2.9626

Tritanomaly

56.2451, -1.8396, 0.0491

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(151, 153, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(151, 153, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(151, 153, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(151, 153, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(151, 153, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(151, 153, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(151, 153, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(151, 153, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(151, 153,  
152) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.2395, -3.7686, 3.2715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(151, 153, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(151,  
153, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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