

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.3442, -2.0097,
4.5187)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.3442, -2.0097, 4.5187)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.3262, -2.0940,
4.2989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9C9896
RGB	156, 152, 150
RGB Percent	61%, 60%, 59%
CMY	0.3882, 0.4039, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.04, 0.39
HSL	20°, 3%, 60%
HSV	20°, 4%, 61%
XYZ	30.4436, 31.7264, 33.3734
YIQ	152.9680, 3.0260, 0.2260

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

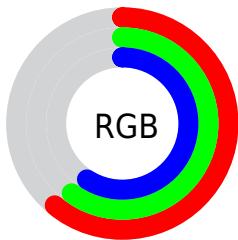
Format	Color
RYB	156, 153, 150
Decimal	10262678
CIELab	63.12, 1.08, 1.56
CIELCh	63, 1.899, 55.246
Yxy	31.7278, 0.3186, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288452758 (0xFF9C9896)
YUV	152.9680, -1.4632, 2.6591
Hunter-Lab	56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

Details

The HunterLab color $56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56.5641, -3.8932, 1.8178$, and the grayscale version is $56.4329, -3.0111, 3.0661$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $78.8694, -3.2488, 5.5971$, and $36.3476, -1.0849, 3.1230$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.9443, 0.5916, 7.2124$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.8223, -4.5899, 1.2164$.

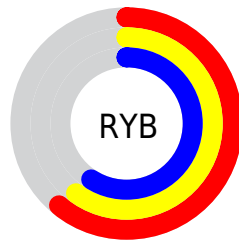
Distribution



Red (61%)

Green (60%)

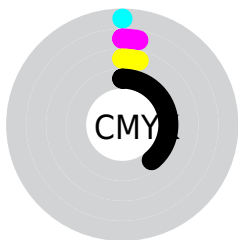
Blue (59%)



Red (61%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (59%)

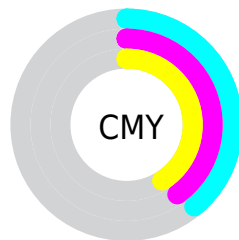


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (39%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.3262, -2.0940,
4.2989

■ 56.3262, -2.0940,
4.2989

176.0333, -8.0694,
11.3968

■ 45.9931, -1.6027,
3.6548

■ 78.9836, -3.1972,
5.6834

■ 36.3818, -1.1530,
3.0427

■ 91.2333, -3.8015,
6.4195

■ 27.5527, -0.7508,
2.4651

104.0579, -4.4386,
7.1838

■ 19.5824, -0.4018,
1.9233

117.4328, -5.1072,
7.9753

■ 12.5759, -0.1147,
1.4183

131.3362, -5.8057,
8.7931

■ 5.8745, 0.4893,
1.4209

145.7488, -6.5329,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

9.6364

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.6530, -7.2878,
10.5045

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.3262, -2.0940,
4.2989

■ 56.3262, -2.0940,
4.2989

■ 52.9443, 0.5916,
7.2124

■ 59.8223, -4.5899,
1.2164

■ 49.6856, 3.4901,
9.9255

■ 63.4182, -6.9110,
-2.0146

■ 46.5660, 6.6174,
12.4040

■ 67.1059, -9.0767,
-5.3741

■ 43.6024, 9.9863,
14.6058

■ 70.8773, -11.1037,
-8.8468

■ 40.8144, 13.6005,
16.4814

■ 74.7257, -13.0073,
-12.4201

■ 38.2239, 17.4490,
17.9756

■ 78.6451, -14.8008,
-16.0837

■ 35.8549, 21.4972,
19.0311

■ 82.4646, -17.4295,
-17.5114

■ 33.7321, 25.6774,
19.5986

■ 85.8995, -22.5055,
-12.7638

■ 31.8793, 29.8797,
19.6543

■ 89.3968, -27.5057,
-8.1416

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.3274, -1.5570, 3.7101



56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989



56.3274, -2.8761, 4.5588

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.3274, -2.0954, 4.2998



56.3274, -4.5909, 3.1918



56.3274, -2.3259, 1.6748

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989



56.5641, -3.8932, 1.8178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.3274, -3.1408, 1.5313



56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989



56.3274, -4.4455, 2.4144

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.3274, -2.0954, 4.2998



56.3274, -4.3144, 3.9251



56.3274, -3.9158, 1.8038



56.3274, -1.6906, 2.1933

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989



56.3274, -3.4278, 4.5119



56.3274, -3.9158, 1.8038



56.3274, -2.5880, 1.5808

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.3274, -2.0954, 4.2998



77.2284, -3.7993, 4.6422



55.8696, -0.4866, 1.9742



36.2404, -1.7921, 2.1657



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.3274, -2.0954, 4.2998



75.3320, -2.3850, 6.2999



57.1953, -3.5408, 5.2702



27.0495, -0.8010, 2.3342



28.1225, 29.0887, 17.8382



4.6365, 1.7943, 2.8884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.5641, -3.8932, 1.8178



75.7544, -5.5932, 1.8707



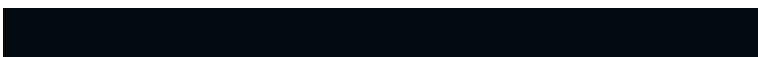
55.6938, -2.4497, 0.7915



27.2151, -2.0587, 0.5978



31.9142, -5.2499, -28.5569



5.0657, -1.8525, -2.3327

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

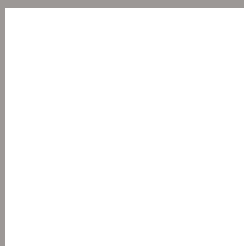
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989.



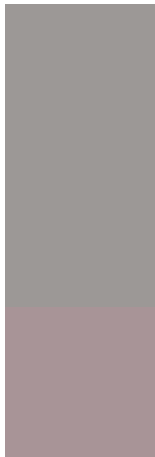
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.3262, -2.0940,

4.2989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

Protanopia

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

Deuteranopia

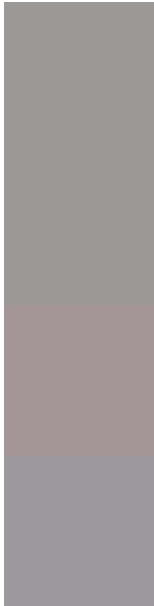
56.3374, 3.8262, 3.9692



Tritanopia

56.2943, 1.4568, -1.2877

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

Protanomaly

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

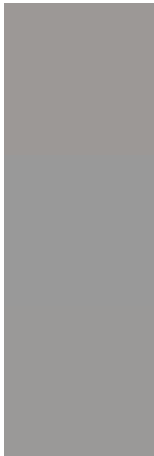
Deuteranomaly

56.2332, 2.0362, 3.8166

Tritanomaly

56.3648, -0.0133, 0.7050

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.4973, -2.8702, 3.5890

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(156, 152, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(156, 152, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(156, 152, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(156, 152, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(156, 152, 150) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(156, 152, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(156, 152, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(156, 152, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 152, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(156, 152,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(156, 152, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(156,  
152, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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