

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.3579, -11.6081,
-101.4834)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.3579, -11.6081,
-101.4834) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(59.0402, -6.9696,
-58.7498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A7FF
RGB	0, 167, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 65%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3451, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.35, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	201°, 100%, 50%
HSV	201°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	31.8687, 34.8575, 99.6563
YIQ	127.0990, -127.7800, -8.0360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 101, 255
Decimal	43007
CIELab	65.64, -4.53, -53.43
CIELCh	66, 53.619, 265.158
Yxy	34.8585, 0.1915, 0.2095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278233087 (0xFF00A7FF)
YUV	127.0990, 63.0552, -111.4658
Hunter-Lab	59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498

Details

The HunterLab color **59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **53.1524, 57.2196, 33.7516**, and the grayscale version is **45.9131, -2.4498, 2.4945**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.3141, -24.3519, -22.2758**, and **40.7038, 0.8564, -52.7250** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **59.0326, -6.9574, -58.7665**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **61.9741, -10.6645, -52.5088**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 59.0402, -6.9696,
-58.7498

■ 59.0402, -6.9696,
-58.7498

179.9842,
-15.1830, -65.1813

■ 48.5323, -6.1598,
-58.1384

■ 82.0161, -8.6486,
-60.2292

■ 38.7337, -5.3702,
-57.7420

■ 94.4133, -9.5199,
-61.0070

■ 29.7010, -4.5981,
-57.7600

■ 107.3788,
-10.4123, -61.7768

■ 21.5057, -3.8398,
-58.6168

■ 120.8890,
-11.3256, -62.5253

■ 14.2441, -3.0879,
-61.3479

■ 134.9225,
-12.2595, -63.2442

■ 7.9006, -2.9181,
-70.7676

149.4605,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-13.2139, -63.9284

0.0000, NaN, -NF

164.4862,
-14.1885, -64.5747

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 59.0402, -6.9696,
-58.7498

■ 59.0402, -6.9696,
-58.7498

■ 59.0326, -6.9574,
-58.7665

■ 61.9741, -10.6645,
-52.5088

■ 65.1608, -13.5351,
-46.1691

■ 68.6303, -15.4511,
-39.7129

■ 72.3806, -16.4098,
-33.1839

■ 76.4014, -16.4505,
-26.6285

■ 80.6782, -15.6363,
-20.0870

■ 85.1945, -14.0411,
-13.5904

■ 89.9336, -11.7418,
-7.1604

■ 94.8791, -8.8132,
-0.8106

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



59.0411, -27.1022, -44.8773



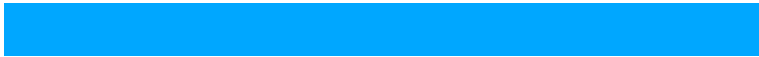
59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498



59.0411, 17.6005, -51.3687

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



59.0411, -6.9689, -58.7478



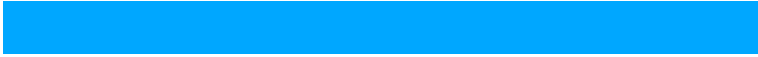
59.0411, 44.2711, 18.8942



59.0411, -36.2302, 23.0761

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498



53.1524, 57.2196, 33.7516

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



59.0411, -21.3855, 30.6081



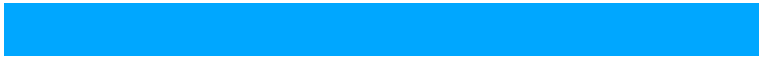
59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498



59.0411, 25.3500, 28.9511

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



59.0411, -6.9689, -58.7478



59.0411, 49.7503, -0.5823



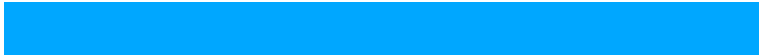
59.0411, 0.7614, 32.2262



59.0411, -42.2025, 6.7734

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498



59.0411, 32.9477, -36.4907



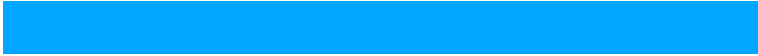
59.0411, 0.7614, 32.2262



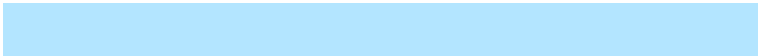
59.0411, -32.2390, 26.4170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



59.0411, -6.9689, -58.7478



85.1808, -14.0469, -13.6095



84.9571, -70.0898, 45.1180



38.5147, -6.8512, -7.5604

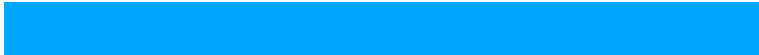
0.0000, NaN, NaN



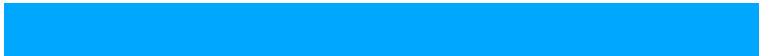
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



59.0411, -6.9689, -58.7478



59.0326, -6.9574, -58.7665



29.8607, 60.7174, -168.3856



44.0042, -4.0077, -0.2391



43.0099, -5.5669, -41.7414



14.1603, -2.8817, -11.4784

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.0425, 89.6672, -12.4096



49.0399, 89.6696, -12.3983



82.8274, -5.0567, 50.9478



42.6469, 2.8449, 0.2317



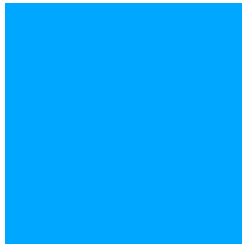
35.4900, 64.9664, -9.5369



11.1668, 20.6040, -4.2616

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

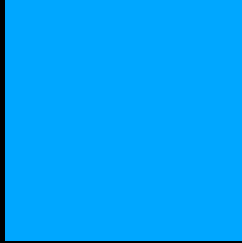
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

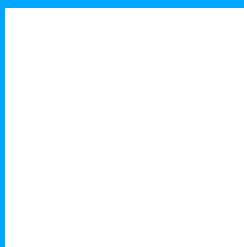
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498

Protanopia

58.7119, 9.1572, -50.8985

Deuteranopia

58.9771, 5.1876, -58.6775



Tritanopia

58.9277, -28.2717, -12.6240

Trichromacy



Original Color

59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498

Protanomaly

57.7419, 0.3640, -56.4387

Deuteranomaly

58.4386, -1.2106, -59.9978

Tritanomaly

58.8993, -21.3876, -27.4494

Monochromacy



Original Color

59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498

Achromatopsia

46.0685, -2.4581, 2.5030

Achromatomaly

49.1440, -10.7928, -18.2184

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 167, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 167, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 167, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 167, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 167, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 167, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 167, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 167, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 167, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 167,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 59.0402, -6.9696, -58.7498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 167, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 167,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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