

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719)**

# Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	9A989F
RGB	154, 152, 159
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 62%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4039, 0.3765
CMYK	0.03, 0.04, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	257°, 4%, 61%
HSV	257°, 4%, 62%
XYZ	30.8126, 31.8297, 37.3206
YIQ	153.3960, -1.0550, 2.6010

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

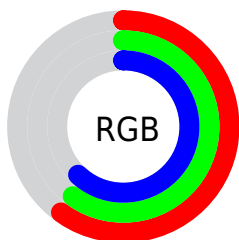
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">154, 152, 159</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">10131615</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.20, 2.09, -3.41</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">63, 4.001, 301.498</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">31.8310, 0.3082, 0.3184</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4288321695</a> (0xFF9A989F)
YUV	<a href="#">153.3960, 2.7628, 0.5297</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719</a>

# Details

The HunterLab color  $56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $58.5083, -4.8494, 5.8634$ , and the grayscale version is  $56.5911, -3.0196, 3.0747$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $78.9984, -2.1749, 0.8935$ , and  $36.4330, -0.2910, -0.6433$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $50.9394, 3.1634, -6.7345$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $62.0574, -5.5243, 6.8042$ .

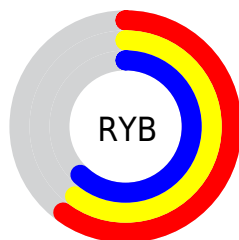
# Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (60%)

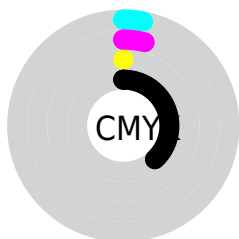
Blue (62%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (62%)

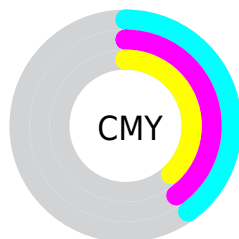


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (40%)


Yellow (38%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719


 56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719


176.1672, -6.8322,  
5.5530

 46.0787, -0.8062,  
-0.1168


 79.0861, -2.2468,  
1.1889

 36.4610, -0.4149,  
-0.4549


 91.3408, -2.8050,  
1.7086

 27.6249, -0.0761,  
-0.7353

104.1703, -3.3982,  
2.2659

 19.6468, 0.2029,  
-0.9494

117.5498, -4.0245,  
2.8588

 12.6315, 0.4107,  
-1.0846

131.4577, -4.6824,  
3.4854

 5.9548, 1.2115,  
-2.0504

145.8745, -5.3704,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


4.1442


0.0000, NaN, NaN


160.7829, -6.0874,  
4.8338

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719


 56.4178, -1.2432,  
0.2719


 50.9394, 3.1634,  
-6.7345


 62.0574, -5.5243,  
6.8042


 45.6429, 7.7357,  
-14.3485


 67.8362, -9.7062,  
12.9615


 40.5613, 12.5139,  
-22.7343

 73.7408, -13.8142,  
18.8236

 35.7381, 17.5381,  
-32.0891

 79.7595, -17.8673,  
24.4514

 31.2335, 22.8285,  
-42.6205

 85.8827, -21.8808,  
29.8927

■ 27.1309, 28.3395,  
-54.4676

■ 92.1025, -25.8663,  
35.1848

■ 23.5441, 33.8640,  
-67.5015

■ 95.6224, -25.8492,  
38.1313

■ 20.6166, 38.8857,  
-80.9466

■ 96.6522, -22.0655,  
39.0488

■ 18.4929, 42.5196,  
-93.0245

■ 97.6131, -18.5733,  
39.9001

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.4190, -2.9254, -0.2236



56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719



56.4190, -0.0256, 1.5220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4190, -1.2445, 0.2728



56.4190, -1.3986, 5.8123



56.4190, -6.3381, 2.9873

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719



58.5083, -4.8494, 5.8634

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.4190, -5.9403, 4.5773



56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719



56.4190, -3.1013, 6.1782

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4190, -1.2445, 0.2728



56.4190, -0.1154, 4.7180



56.4190, -4.7608, 5.7329



56.4190, -5.8541, 1.3729



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719



56.4190, 0.3534, 2.5957



56.4190, -4.7608, 5.7329



56.4190, -6.3031, 3.5423

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4190, -1.2445, 0.2728



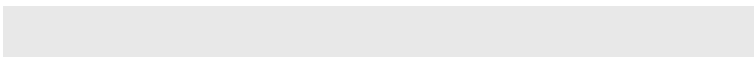
78.0315, -3.6193, 3.3847



57.7054, -4.2640, 1.7811



37.0717, -1.7347, 1.6321



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4190, -1.2445, 0.2728



74.9858, -1.2619, -0.2636



56.7256, -0.1906, 0.6665



26.5076, -0.3550, -0.2390



15.6321, 39.4179, -87.9391



2.5206, 5.7190, -9.2429



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.8007, -0.0544, 1.7014



75.5788, 0.5825, 1.9628



58.2123, -5.8904, 5.5097



26.7372, 0.3579, 0.6248



26.0420, 48.2843, -11.7496



3.5791, 6.8001, -2.8865



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

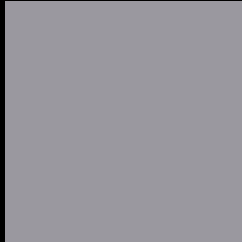
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

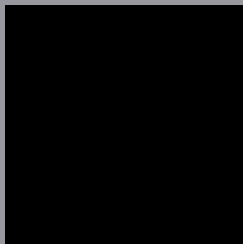
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719

### Protanopia

56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719

### Deuteranopia

56.3180, 4.3004, -0.2346



## Tritanopia

56.3437, 0.2262, -1.7396

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719

## Protanomaly

56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719

## Deuteranomaly

56.2228, 2.5409, -0.3834

## Tritanomaly

56.3120, 0.0543, -1.2900

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719

## Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

## Achromatomaly

56.4990, -2.6884, 2.2251

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(154, 152, 159) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 152, 159)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 152, 159) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 152, 159) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 152, 159) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 152, 159) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 152, 159)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 152, 159); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152, 159);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152,  
159) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.4178, -1.2432, 0.2719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 152, 159) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
152, 159) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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