

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.4416, 0.3091,
5.7288)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.4416, 0.3091, 5.7288)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.5918, 0.1229,
5.9539)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | A39793 |
| RGB | 163, 151, 147 |
| RGB Percent | 64%, 59%, 58% |
| CMY | 0.3608, 0.4078, 0.4235 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.36 |
| HSL | 15°, 8%, 61% |
| HSV | 15°, 10%, 64% |
| XYZ | 31.4373, 32.0263, 32.1285 |
| YIQ | 154.1320, 8.4360, 1.3000 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

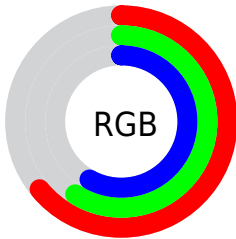
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 163, 152, 147 |
| Decimal | 10721171 |
| CIELab | 63.37, 3.69, 3.69 |
| CIElCh | 63, 5.219, 44.945 |
| Yxy | 32.0277, 0.3289, 0.3350 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4288911251 (0xFFA39793) |
| YUV | 154.1320, -3.5161, 7.7772 |
| Hunter-Lab | 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 |

Details

The HunterLab color $56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58.0026, -5.9760, 0.2166$, and the grayscale version is $56.9117, -3.0367, 3.0921$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.2371, -0.6007, 7.4673$, and $36.5217, 0.7194, 4.5519$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.7441, 3.7501, 8.5479$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60.5941, -3.2902, 3.2370$.

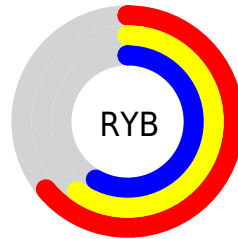
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (59%)

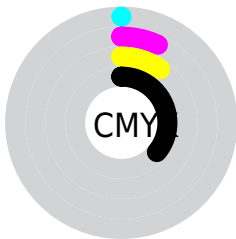
Blue (58%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (58%)

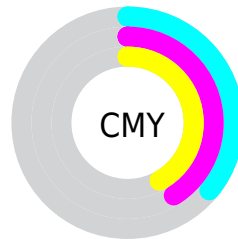


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.5918, 0.1229,
5.9539

■ 56.5918, 0.1229,
5.9539

176.4215, -4.8562,
13.8629

■ 46.2414, 0.4741,
5.1936

■ 79.2809, -0.7241,
7.5492

■ 36.6115, 0.7736,
4.4560

■ 91.5451, -1.2097,
8.3823

■ 27.7621, 1.0131,
3.7408

104.3837, -1.7334,
9.2390

■ 19.7693, 1.1827,
3.0450

117.7720, -2.2930,
10.1190

■ 12.7372, 1.2674,
2.3620

131.6883, -2.8866,
11.0217

■ 6.1042, 2.3109,
2.8359

146.1133, -3.5126,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

11.9469

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.0296, -4.1696,
12.8941

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5918, 0.1229,
5.9539

■ 56.5918, 0.1229,
5.9539

■ 52.7441, 3.7501,
8.5479

■ 60.5941, -3.2902,
3.2370

■ 49.0673, 7.6151,
10.9872

■ 64.7304, -6.5061,
0.4167

■ 45.5866, 11.7289,
13.2343

■ 68.9879, -9.5482,
-2.4897

■ 42.3300, 16.0900,
15.2399

■ 73.3545, -12.4369,
-5.4696

■ 39.3301, 20.6734,
16.9427

■ 77.8203, -15.1909,
-8.5133

■ 36.6228, 25.4171,
18.2716

■ 82.3767, -17.8269,
-11.6135

■ 34.2466, 30.2068,
19.1530

■ 86.7868, -21.6613,
-11.5347

■ 32.2380, 34.8657,
19.5298

■ 90.8967, -27.5711,
-6.1832

■ 30.6162, 39.1177,
19.5337

■ 93.0197, -30.5412,
-3.5186

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.5930, 1.2860, 4.1480



56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539



56.5930, -1.8767, 6.9705

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.5930, 0.1213, 5.9548



56.5930, -7.2041, 4.1556



56.5930, -1.8849, -1.1091

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539



58.0026, -5.9760, 0.2166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.5930, -4.1596, -1.1069



56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539



56.5930, -7.2062, 1.9918

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.5930, 0.1213, 5.9548



56.5930, -6.0938, 5.9601



56.5930, -6.0996, 0.0471



56.5930, 0.1153, 0.0411

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539



56.5930, -3.4010, 7.0891



56.5930, -6.0996, 0.0471



56.5930, -2.6434, -1.2445

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.5930, 0.1213, 5.9548



79.3343, -2.9540, 5.5266



55.8190, 3.9963, -0.3756



37.3974, -1.2314, 2.7554



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.5930, 0.1213, 5.9548



74.4762, 1.3036, 8.8208



58.8980, -3.7591, 8.4390



27.1304, -0.0339, 2.7742



27.0842, 34.1992, 17.2879



4.7339, 2.8439, 2.9668

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.0026, -5.9760, 0.2166



76.8185, -8.8324, -0.7156



55.6606, -2.1264, -2.6495



27.7664, -2.7848, 0.1852



36.0407, -10.5477, -22.2783



5.8391, -2.3668, -2.1891

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.5918, 0.1229,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539

Protanopia

56.6469, -2.5787, 5.5362

Deuteranopia

56.4482, 4.0273, 5.4262



Tritanopia

56.6281, 3.9681, -0.3397

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539

Protanomaly

56.5381, -1.4748, 5.4320

Deuteranomaly

56.4345, 2.5464, 5.3846

Tritanomaly

56.6617, 2.3342, 2.0441

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539

Achromatopsia

56.8457, -3.0331, 3.0885

Achromatomaly

56.7318, -2.1146, 4.3224

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 151, 147)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 151, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 151, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 151, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 151, 147) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 151, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 151, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 151, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 151, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 151,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.5918, 0.1229, 5.9539 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 151, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
151, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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