

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(56.4519,  
-13.5922, 1.9780)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7DA09B
RGB	125, 160, 155
RGB Percent	49%, 63%, 61%
CMY	0.5098, 0.3725, 0.3922
CMYK	0.22, 0.00, 0.03, 0.37
HSL	171°, 16%, 56%
HSV	171°, 22%, 63%
XYZ	26.9447, 31.8682, 35.7414
YIQ	148.9650, -19.2550, -8.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

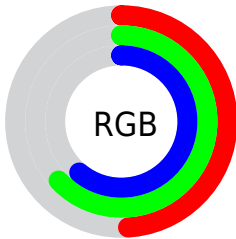
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	125, 144, 160
Decimal	8233115
CIELab	63.23, -13.07, -1.35
CIElCh	63, 13.137, 185.914
Yxy	31.8695, 0.2850, 0.3370
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286423195 (0xFF7DA09B)
YUV	148.9650, 2.9753, -21.0173
Hunter-Lab	56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780

# Details

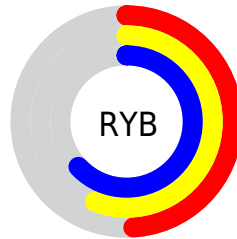
The HunterLab color **56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **669999**. A complement of this color would be **48.7375, 9.4257, 4.5034**, and the grayscale version is **54.8028, -2.9241, 2.9775**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.1639, -16.3955, 3.3154**, and **36.3599, -10.7921, 0.8599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.3936, -17.6537, 1.6995**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.6627, -9.0739, 2.4415**.

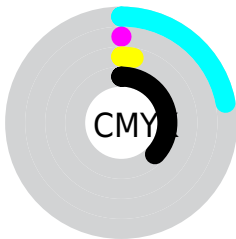
# Distribution



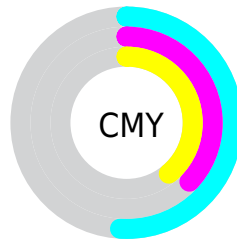
- Red (49%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (37%)



- Cyan (51%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780

■ 56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780

176.2170,  
-25.1918, 8.0014

■ 46.1105, -12.2954,  
1.4858

■ 79.1242, -16.1566,  
3.0850

■ 36.4904, -10.9758,  
1.0372

■ 91.3808, -17.4334,  
3.6930

■ 27.6517, -9.6199,  
0.6375

■ 104.2120,  
-18.7115, 4.3349

■ 19.6708, -8.2040,  
0.2931

117.5933,  
-19.9935, 5.0090

■ 12.6522, -6.6848,  
0.0128

131.5028,  
-21.2813, 5.7139

■ 5.9843, -9.8341,  
-0.6118

145.9212,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-22.5762, 6.4484

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.8312,  
-23.8794, 7.2112

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780

■ 56.4519, -13.5922,  
1.9780

■ 55.3936, -17.6537,  
1.6995

■ 57.6627, -9.0739,  
2.4415

■ 54.4847, -21.2245,  
1.6056

■ 59.0206, -4.1337,  
3.0821

■ 53.7245, -24.2833,  
1.6954

■ 60.5236, 1.1857,  
3.8928

■ 53.1090, -26.8200,  
1.9630

■ 62.1672, 6.8415,  
4.8638

■ 52.6318, -28.8387,  
2.3977

■ 63.9465, 12.7909,  
5.9841

■ 52.2833, -30.3604,  
2.9841

■ 65.8556, 18.9932,  
7.2421

■ 52.0502, -31.4263,  
3.7015

■ 67.8886, 25.4105,  
8.6260

■ 51.9161, -32.0711,  
4.3416

■ 70.0391, 32.0086,  
10.1241

■ 70.3710, 33.1189,  
9.5186

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.4531, -12.7548, 7.1973



56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780



56.4531, -11.6902, -3.4484

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.4531, -13.5931, 1.9788



56.4531, 3.6149, -6.1222



56.4531, 1.5663, 11.8530

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780



48.7375, 9.4257, 4.5034

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.4531, 6.2174, 8.8985



56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780



56.4531, 7.4329, -1.3882

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.4531, -13.5931, 1.9788



56.4531, -1.8719, -8.4167



56.4531, 8.4038, 4.1455



56.4531, -4.1495, 12.5620



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780



56.4531, -9.0765, -6.3461



56.4531, 8.4038, 4.1455



56.4531, 3.3131, 11.1051

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.4531, -13.5931, 1.9788



78.5405, -9.1384, 3.6696



56.0261, -16.7457, 13.6969



36.7356, -4.4464, 1.6971



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.4531, -13.5931, 1.9788



75.3823, -20.9267, 2.4613



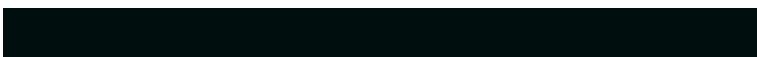
52.9156, -7.0747, -4.7833



27.3737, -3.6855, 1.2239



45.8256, -28.2728, 3.7549



6.1607, -3.5818, 0.0319



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48.7375, 9.4257, 4.5034



62.8894, 16.4371, 6.5922



51.8823, 2.7223, 9.8444



25.8086, 0.9651, 1.7274



24.2359, 41.7191, 13.9984



3.2998, 5.7962, 1.0066



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

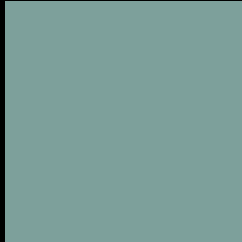
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

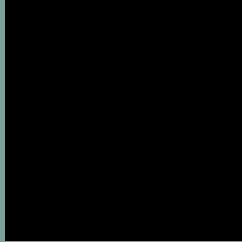
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

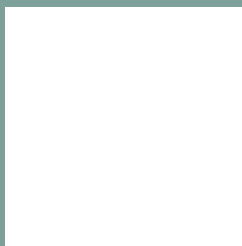
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780.



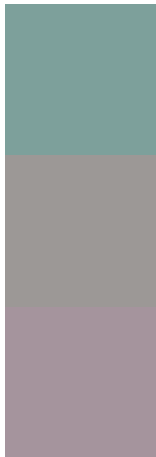
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.4519,

-13.5922, 1.9780.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780

### Protanopia

56.3262, -2.0940, 4.2989

### Deuteranopia

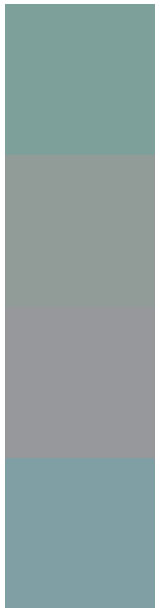
56.2259, 3.8070, 1.0761



## Tritanopia

56.5201, -9.2666, -5.2288

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780

## Protanomaly

56.3289, -6.4689, 3.3290

## Deuteranomaly

55.9829, -2.9322, 1.1345

## Tritanomaly

56.5906, -10.8976, -2.6153

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780

## Achromatopsia

54.8219, -2.9252, 2.9786

## Achromatomaly

55.3103, -7.1002, 2.5728

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(125, 160, 155)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(125, 160, 155)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(125, 160, 155) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(125, 160, 155) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(125, 160, 155) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(125, 160, 155) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(125, 160, 155)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(125, 160, 155); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 160, 155);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(125, 160,  
155) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.4519, -13.5922, 1.9780 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(125, 160, 155) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(125,  
160, 155) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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