

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.5612, 2.2426,  
-41.3336)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.5612, 2.2426,  
-41.3336) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(56.6586, 1.9856,  
-41.1006)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	709AE3
RGB	112, 154, 227
RGB Percent	44%, 60%, 89%
CMY	0.5608, 0.3961, 0.1098
CMYK	0.51, 0.32, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	218°, 67%, 66%
HSV	218°, 51%, 89%
XYZ	32.1028, 32.1020, 77.1773
YIQ	149.7640, -48.4650, 13.7990

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

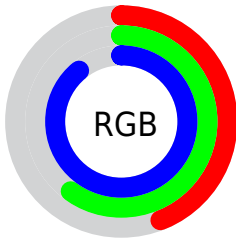
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	112, 143, 227
Decimal	7379683
CIE Lab	63.43, 5.85, -41.38
CIE LCh	63, 41.790, 278.046
Yxy	32.1031, 0.2271, 0.2271
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285569763 (0xFF709AE3)
YUV	149.7640, 38.0773, -33.1190
Hunter-Lab	56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006

# Details

The HunterLab color  $56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $6699CC$ . A complement of this color would be  $72.2499, 1.9185, 31.9728$ , and the grayscale version is  $54.9966, -2.9345, 2.9881$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $77.9530, -5.9701, -24.0276$ , and  $36.5662, 2.4820, -39.8958$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51.3053, 5.3121, -52.2768$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $62.3139, -0.5170, -30.7585$ .

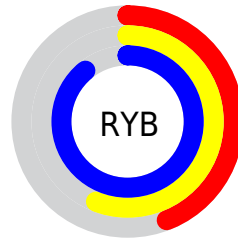
# Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (60%)

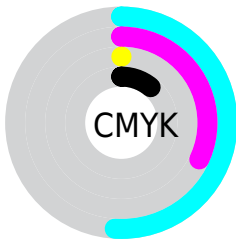
Blue (89%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (89%)

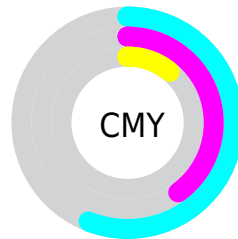


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (56%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.6586, 1.9856,  
-41.1006

■ 56.6586, 1.9856,  
-41.1006

176.5188, -2.1739,  
-45.9999

■ 46.3036, 2.2242,  
-40.4285

■ 79.3553, 1.3500,  
-42.4514

■ 36.6691, 2.4016,  
-39.8247

■ 91.6233, 0.9618,  
-43.0891

■ 27.8146, 2.5090,  
-39.3966

■ 104.4654, 0.5312,  
-43.6875

■ 19.8162, 2.5340,  
-39.3860

117.8570, 0.0611,  
-44.2424

■ 12.7778, 2.4571,  
-40.4192

131.7765, -0.4463,  
-44.7514

■ 6.1604, 3.8086,  
-50.6740

146.2046, -0.9891,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-45.2139

0.0000, NaN, -NF

161.1239, -1.5654,  
-45.6299

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.6586, 1.9856,  
-41.1006

■ 56.6586, 1.9856,  
-41.1006

■ 51.3053, 5.3121,  
-52.2768

■ 62.3139, -0.5170,  
-30.7585

■ 46.3022, 9.6036,  
-64.3592

■ 68.2265, -2.3286,  
-21.1545

■ 41.7118, 14.9859,  
-77.3346

■ 74.3639, -3.5633,  
-12.1820

■ 37.6030, 21.5146,  
-91.0396

■ 80.6990, -4.3166,  
-3.7429

■ 34.2310, 28.4879,  
-104.2830

■ 87.2100, -4.6661,  
4.2493

■ 93.8789, -4.6748,  
11.8682

■ 99.1181, -9.8931,  
17.4314

■ 99.1595, -9.9599,  
17.4739

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.6596, -15.5949, -37.5931



56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006



56.6596, 20.3411, -30.1312

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.6596, 1.9857, -41.0993



56.6596, 27.4451, 20.0835



56.6596, -32.1181, 14.2291

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006



72.2499, 1.9185, 31.9728

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.6596, -23.1296, 23.6250



56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006



56.6596, 10.7435, 26.1809

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.6596, 1.9857, -41.0993



56.6596, 36.2106, 7.5740



56.6596, -7.8698, 27.2311



56.6596, -33.8379, -1.8061



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006



56.6596, 30.0412, -17.6537



56.6596, -7.8698, 27.2311



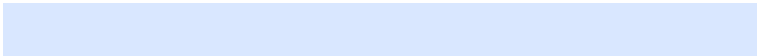
56.6596, -29.9071, 18.0979

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.6596, 1.9857, -41.0993



88.8415, -4.6054, -8.4751



78.6635, -40.3332, 13.2397



40.3936, -2.0442, -4.8685

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.6596, 1.9857, -41.0993



58.1047, 6.3808, -60.6220



46.5549, 27.6604, -63.3823



38.3988, -2.0636, -1.3028



26.5270, 20.7826, -78.0200



8.3198, 3.1220, -17.1384



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.0033, 44.2848, 1.7126



57.1649, 61.6070, 3.5627



83.6996, -23.9551, 40.2962



38.0192, 1.9828, 1.5689



31.4771, 55.1249, 10.8870



8.6577, 15.3549, 1.4984



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

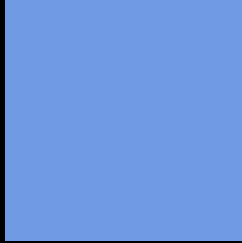
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

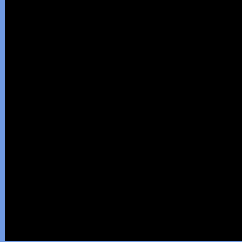
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006.

-41.1006.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006

### Protanopia

56.7293, 6.3663, -38.6364

### Deuteranopia

56.5646, 4.6416, -41.2384



## Tritanopia

56.7557, -17.4403, -8.7851

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006

## Protanomaly

56.6601, 4.7666, -39.5434

## Deuteranomaly

56.6661, 3.5018, -41.0595

## Tritanomaly

56.4859, -10.6820, -19.5735

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006

## Achromatopsia

55.2257, -2.9467, 3.0005

## Achromatomaly

55.3008, -2.3445, -11.1227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(112, 154, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(112, 154, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(112, 154, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(112, 154, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(112, 154, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(112, 154, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(112, 154, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(112, 154, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 154, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(112, 154,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.6586, 1.9856, -41.1006 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(112, 154, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(112,  
154, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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