

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.5657, -1.2376,
-18.7256)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.5657, -1.2376,
-18.7256) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.5622, -1.2605,
-18.6691)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	859AC2
RGB	133, 154, 194
RGB Percent	52%, 60%, 76%
CMY	0.4784, 0.3961, 0.2392
CMYK	0.31, 0.21, 0.00, 0.24
HSL	219°, 33%, 64%
HSV	219°, 31%, 76%
XYZ	30.9661, 31.9928, 55.5821
YIQ	152.2810, -25.3560, 7.9880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

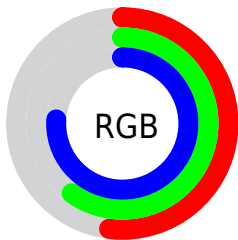
Format	Color
R _Y B	133, 149, 194
Decimal	8755906
CIE Lab	63.34, 2.08, -23.05
CIE LCh	63, 23.146, 275.151
Yxy	31.9941, 0.2612, 0.2699
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286945986 (0xFF859AC2)
YUV	152.2810, 20.5675, -16.9094
Hunter-Lab	56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691

Details

The HunterLab color $56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $65.6128, -2.1229, 20.3403$, and the grayscale version is $56.0763, -2.9921, 3.0467$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.1464, -2.1456, -19.6375$, and $36.5284, -0.5103, -17.7714$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.5548, 0.4650, -26.9215$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $61.7624, -2.5073, -10.9826$.

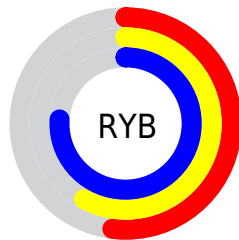
Distribution



Red (52%)

Green (60%)

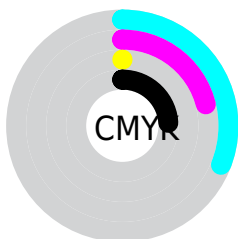
Blue (76%)



Red (52%)

Yellow (58%)

Blue (76%)

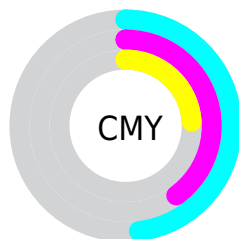


Cyan (31%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (24%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.5622, -1.2605,
-18.6691

■ 56.5622, -1.2605,
-18.6691

176.3781, -6.8575,
-19.5555

■ 46.2136, -0.8215,
-18.2846

■ 79.2476, -2.2657,
-19.2486

■ 36.5858, -0.4289,
-17.8416

■ 91.5102, -2.8249,
-19.4491

■ 27.7386, -0.0885,
-17.3497

■ 104.3473, -3.4191,
-19.5929

■ 19.7484, 0.1922,
-16.8431

117.7341, -4.0464,
-19.6830

■ 12.7192, 0.4020,
-16.4271

131.6489, -4.7052,
-19.7219

■ 6.0789, 1.1648,
-19.5520

146.0725, -5.3941,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-19.7121

0.0000, NaN, NaN

160.9875, -6.1119,
-19.6559

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5622, -1.2605,
-18.6691

■ 56.5622, -1.2605,
-18.6691

■ 51.5548, 0.4650,
-26.9215

■ 61.7624, -2.5073,
-10.9826

■ 46.7660, 2.7688,
-35.8425

■ 67.1286, -3.3547,
-3.7741

■ 42.2337, 5.7638,
-45.5269

■ 72.6431, -3.8691,
3.0370

■ 38.0038, 9.5713,
-56.0419

■ 78.2906, -4.1036,
9.5179

■ 34.1318, 14.2969,
-67.3781

■ 84.0587, -4.1011,
15.7245

■ 30.6815, 19.9803,
-79.3748

■ 89.9368, -3.8961,
21.7031

■ 28.0794, 25.4440,
-90.0230

■ 94.4916, -8.4864,
26.0513

■ 98.3235, -14.5993,
29.5536

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.5633, -10.9787, -16.4555



56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691



56.5633, 8.6400, -14.2702

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.5633, -1.2611, -18.6680



56.5633, 13.8088, 12.7447



56.5633, -19.6387, 10.3275

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691



65.6128, -2.1229, 20.3403

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.5633, -13.8080, 16.2345



56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691



56.5633, 5.4023, 17.4483

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.5633, -1.2611, -18.6680



56.5633, 17.7231, 4.7179



56.5633, -4.7599, 18.6036



56.5633, -21.1490, 1.3894

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691



56.5633, 13.8743, -8.5699



56.5633, -4.7599, 18.6036



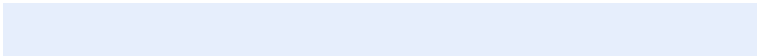
56.5633, -18.1402, 12.6795

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.5633, -1.2611, -18.6680



92.0453, -4.7115, -2.9280



68.2455, -24.0285, 7.4381



42.5631, -2.1469, -2.0184

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.5633, -1.2611, -18.6680



71.2791, -0.1067, -32.9964



51.4152, 11.7702, -26.9690



32.0973, -1.6396, -1.0958



23.0708, 19.8440, -71.6740



5.9965, 1.4454, -10.6154

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55.2978, 20.9508, 1.6606



69.5909, 36.0359, 2.2295



71.1149, -15.2714, 25.0520



31.8337, 1.5587, 1.3997



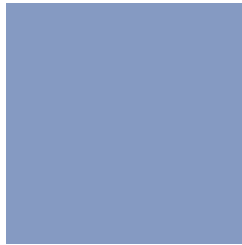
27.9635, 48.8853, 10.3408



5.9240, 10.5693, 0.5398

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

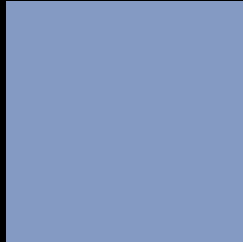
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

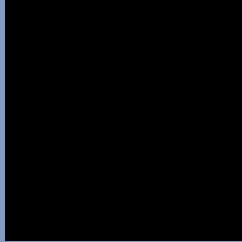
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

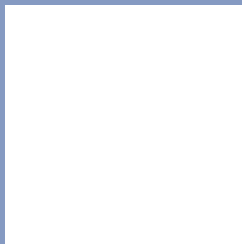
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691.

-18.6691.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691

Protanopia

56.3725, 2.3850, -17.6718

Deuteranopia

56.4480, 4.3376, -19.3702



Tritanopia

56.5537, -9.0789, -5.7031

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691

Protanomaly

56.3877, 1.0417, -18.2848

Deuteranomaly

56.3348, 2.4957, -19.5813

Tritanomaly

56.6696, -6.5679, -9.8153

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691

Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

Achromatomaly

56.2070, -2.9517, -3.9817

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 154, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 154, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 154, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 154, 194) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

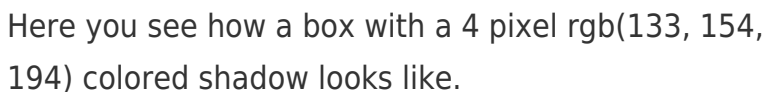
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 154, 194) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 154, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 154, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 154, 194); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 154, 194); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 154, 194) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.5622, -1.2605, -18.6691 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 154, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
154, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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