

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.6082, 1.9700,
-2.2976)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.6082, 1.9700, -2.2976)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.7633, 1.7838,
-2.1733)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F97A5
RGB	159, 151, 165
RGB Percent	62%, 59%, 65%
CMY	0.3765, 0.4078, 0.3529
CMYK	0.04, 0.08, 0.00, 0.35
HSL	274°, 7%, 62%
HSV	274°, 8%, 65%
XYZ	32.1562, 32.2207, 40.1217
YIQ	154.9880, 0.2740, 6.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

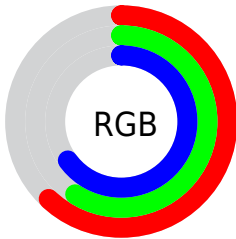
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 151, 165
Decimal	10459045
CIE Lab	63.53, 5.62, -6.27
CIE LCh	64, 8.421, 311.859
Yxy	32.2221, 0.3077, 0.3083
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288649125 (0xFF9F97A5)
YUV	154.9880, 4.9359, 3.5185
Hunter-Lab	56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733

Details

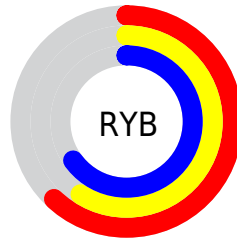
The HunterLab color $56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60.2607, -7.8636, 8.1866$, and the grayscale version is $57.2286, -3.0536, 3.1093$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.4519, 1.3319, -1.5466$, and $36.7352, 2.3907, -2.5370$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51.5509, 7.8539, -9.0390$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.1723, -4.1685, 4.2899$.

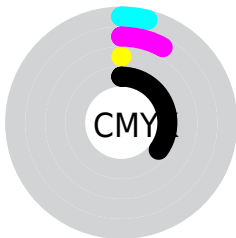
Distribution



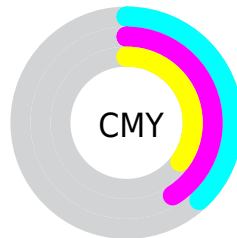
- Red (62%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (65%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (35%)



- Cyan (38%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.7633, 1.7838,
-2.1733

■ 56.7633, 1.7838,
-2.1733

176.6719, -2.4678,
2.1161

■ 46.4017, 2.0337,
-2.4264

■ 79.4727, 1.1234,
-1.5077

■ 36.7598, 2.2247,
-2.6209

■ 91.7464, 0.7244,
-1.1055

■ 27.8974, 2.3469,
-2.7484

104.5940, 0.2836,
-0.6611

■ 19.8901, 2.3880,
-2.7988

117.9909, -0.1965,
-0.1769

■ 12.8416, 2.3293,
-2.7580

131.9155, -0.7135,
0.3446

■ 6.2478, 3.5854,
-3.8210

146.3485, -1.2654,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.9018

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.2725, -1.8507,
1.4927

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.7633, 1.7838,
-2.1733

■ 56.7633, 1.7838,
-2.1733

■ 51.5509, 7.8539,
-9.0390

■ 62.1723, -4.1685,
4.2899

■ 46.5629, 14.0548,
-16.3899

■ 67.7496, -10.0153,
10.4189

■ 41.8413, 20.3758,
-24.3037

■ 73.4769, -15.7757,
16.2754

■ 37.4385, 26.7674,
-32.8368

■ 79.3385, -21.4668,
21.9099

■ 33.4219, 33.1031,
-41.9760

■ 85.3217, -27.1037,
27.3634

■ 29.8745, 39.1236,
-51.5552

■ 91.4158, -32.6996,
32.6697

■ 26.8908, 44.3801,
-61.1406

■ 93.6592, -32.9580,
34.6006

■ 24.5600, 48.2460,
-69.9576

■ 94.2188, -30.8511,
35.1161

■ 22.8530, 50.4126,
-77.3906

■ 94.7996, -28.6789,
35.6493

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.7645, -1.5658, -3.9229



56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733



56.7645, 3.8717, 0.9472

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.7645, 1.7825, -2.1723



56.7645, -0.8051, 9.1388



56.7645, -9.8123, 1.6847

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733



60.2607, -7.8636, 8.1866

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.7645, -9.6204, 5.1521



56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733



56.7645, -4.4831, 9.3083

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.7645, 1.7825, -2.1723



56.7645, 2.3517, 7.4132



56.7645, -7.6909, 7.8920



56.7645, -8.2219, -1.6028

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733



56.7645, 4.2376, 3.3085



56.7645, -7.6909, 7.8920



56.7645, -9.9530, 2.8703

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.7645, 1.7825, -2.1723



79.8634, -1.9563, 1.8480



57.8218, -3.5644, -0.9345



37.0767, -0.6234, 0.5479



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.7645, 1.7825, -2.1723



74.7595, 3.7549, -4.4283



57.2858, 3.4844, -1.0237



26.5523, 1.0596, -1.2672



19.7391, 44.2151, -67.9511



3.3015, 6.9618, -8.0058

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.0686, 2.3173, 2.0645



75.2538, 4.6169, 2.4471



59.7956, -9.4729, 7.2523



26.7096, 1.3351, 0.9217



25.3036, 44.7208, 5.5941



3.7937, 6.9388, -0.9745

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

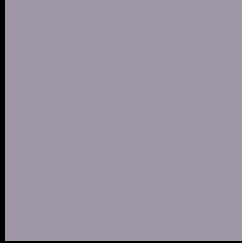
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

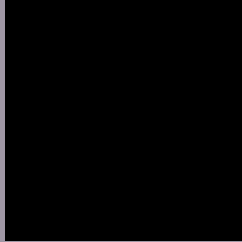
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733.



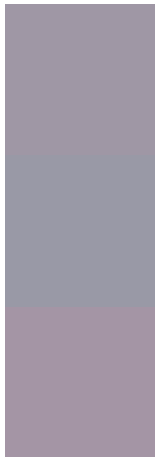
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733.

-2.1733.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733

Protanopia

56.8401, -0.8272, -2.6213

Deuteranopia

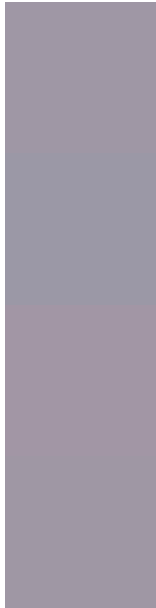
56.6604, 4.3295, -2.2597



Tritanopia

56.6996, 1.4400, -1.2701

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733

Protanomaly

56.7258, 0.2564, -2.7485

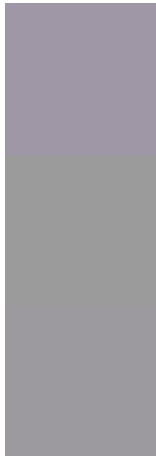
Deuteranomaly

56.7545, 3.2051, -2.1597

Tritanomaly

56.7314, 1.6113, -1.7202

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733

Achromatopsia

57.2519, -3.0548, 3.1106

Achromatomaly

57.1685, -1.6161, 1.1805

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 151, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 151, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 151, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 151, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 151, 165) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 151, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 151, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(159, 151, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 151, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 151,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.7633, 1.7838, -2.1733 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 151, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
151, 165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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