

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.6832, 29.0862,  
-48.4887)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.6832, 29.0862,  
-48.4887) contains.

<b>HunterLab(56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(56.6571, 29.2172,  
-48.4207)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB87ED
RGB	171, 135, 237
RGB Percent	67%, 53%, 93%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4706, 0.0706
CMYK	0.28, 0.43, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	261°, 74%, 73%
HSV	261°, 43%, 93%
XYZ	40.7446, 32.1003, 84.1693
YIQ	157.3920, -11.2860, 39.3540

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

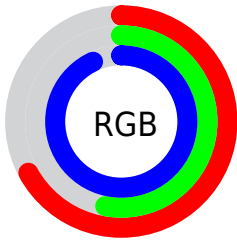
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	171, 135, 237
Decimal	11241453
CIELab	63.43, 34.65, -46.61
CIELCh	63, 58.081, 306.629
Yxy	32.1015, 0.2595, 0.2044
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289431533 (0xFFAB87ED)
YUV	157.3920, 39.2467, 11.9342
Hunter-Lab	56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207

# Details

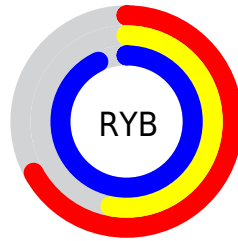
The HunterLab color **56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **86.4499, -29.9909, 37.0238**, and the grayscale version is **58.0751, -3.0987, 3.1553**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **77.5301, 21.4392, -24.2009**, and **36.5921, 27.2489, -47.8079** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49.5826, 37.9714, -64.5902**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64.2575, 20.7914, -33.9683**.

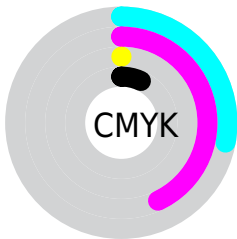
# Distribution



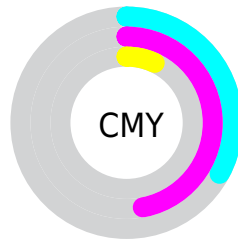
- Red (67%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (93%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Blue (93%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (7%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.6571, 29.2172,  
-48.4207

■ 56.6571, 29.2172,  
-48.4207

176.5167, 35.2576,  
-54.1069

■ 46.3023, 28.0984,  
-47.7598

■ 79.3538, 31.1309,  
-49.8594

■ 36.6678, 26.8588,  
-47.2350

■ 91.6216, 31.9455,  
-50.5732

■ 27.8135, 25.4883,  
-47.0015

■ 104.4636, 32.6756,  
-51.2605

■ 19.8152, 23.9849,  
-47.4023

117.8552, 33.3276,  
-51.9130

■ 12.7769, 22.3799,  
-49.3184

131.7747, 33.9072,  
-52.5259

■ 6.1592, 25.7866,  
-63.0341

146.2027, 34.4193,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-53.0965

0.0000, NaN, -NF

161.1219, 34.8682,  
-53.6237

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 56.6571, 29.2172,  
-48.4207

■ 56.6571, 29.2172,  
-48.4207

■ 49.5826, 37.9714,  
-64.5902

■ 64.2575, 20.7914,  
-33.9683

■ 43.1663, 46.9210,  
-82.6284

■ 72.2819, 12.7013,  
-20.9582

■ 37.5900, 55.6448,  
-102.2369

■ 80.6597, 4.9040,  
-9.1063

■ 33.0744, 63.2285,  
-122.1405

■ 89.3376, -2.6543,  
1.8294

■ 29.8281, 68.2571,  
-139.6844

■ 98.2757, -10.0245,  
12.0441

■ 28.2544, 70.0267,  
-149.4929

■ 99.4457, -8.3810,  
13.3625

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.6582, 2.7325, -65.3542



56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207



56.6582, 49.2396, -18.6578

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.6582, 29.2166, -48.4190



56.6582, 17.7165, 31.3310



56.6582, -43.8930, -2.5554

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207



86.4499, -29.9909, 37.0238

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.6582, -41.3045, 18.6138



56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207



56.6582, -8.5636, 32.5716

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.6582, 29.2166, -48.4190



56.6582, 41.8235, 24.4170



56.6582, -29.3602, 29.1627



56.6582, -37.1851, -32.3011



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207



56.6582, 54.5501, 0.2783



56.6582, -29.3602, 29.1627



56.6582, -44.0604, 5.7532

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.6582, 29.2166, -48.4190



87.6352, 5.3411, -9.9134



72.9244, -14.4455, -20.4586



39.5970, 3.3284, -5.8633

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.6582, 29.2166, -48.4190



54.4929, 40.4595, -68.6496



62.3904, 45.2637, -36.9026



38.4805, 1.0002, -2.3444



21.0355, 51.8931, -109.4219



6.3212, 14.9720, -28.0602



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.8892, 43.5892, -12.5812



63.1200, 58.2507, -16.2602



82.9644, -43.4395, 33.9802



39.0106, 2.5447, 0.2667



33.3432, 60.9635, -8.3944

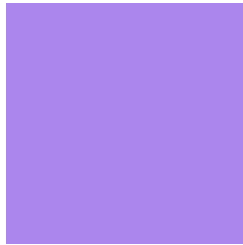


9.4401, 17.4299, -3.6944



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

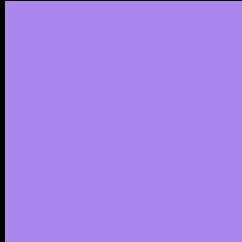
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

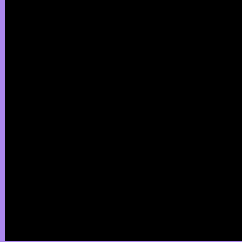
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207.



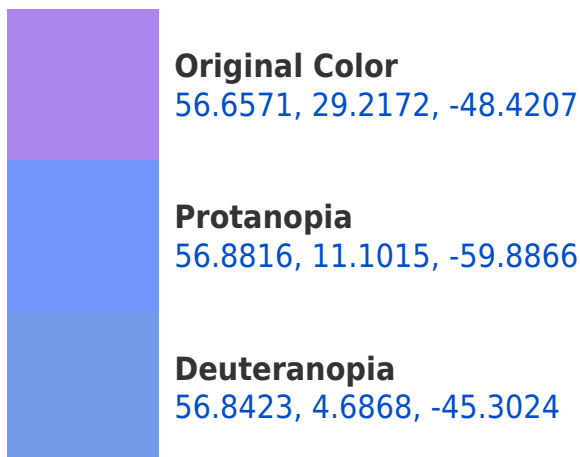
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207.

-48.4207.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

56.5205, 0.8300, -1.5060

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207

## Protanomaly

56.6176, 16.7872, -56.1228

## Deuteranomaly

56.2576, 12.9874, -47.1447

## Tritanomaly

56.2582, 10.4408, -16.4916

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207

## Achromatopsia

58.0658, -3.0982, 3.1548

## Achromatomaly

57.2027, 7.5853, -12.7687

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 135, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 135, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 135, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 135, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 135, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 135, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 135, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 135, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 135, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 135,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.6571, 29.2172, -48.4207 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 135, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
135, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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