

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.7615, -3.7984,
3.9832)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.7615, -3.7984, 3.9832)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.7014, -3.6522,
3.8133)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	999A98
RGB	153, 154, 152
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.4000, 0.3961, 0.4039
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.01, 0.40
HSL	90°, 1%, 60%
HSV	90°, 1%, 60%
XYZ	30.3599, 32.1505, 34.3113
YIQ	153.4730, 0.0460, -0.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	152, 154, 153
Decimal	10066584
CIELab	63.47, -0.74, 0.91
CIELCh	63, 1.178, 129.122
Yxy	32.1519, 0.3136, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288256664 (0xFF999A98)
YUV	153.4730, -0.7262, -0.4148
Hunter-Lab	56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133

Details

The HunterLab color **56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **56.1807, -2.3664, 2.3113**, and the grayscale version is **56.6357, -3.0219, 3.0771**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.2675, -4.8928, 5.0826**, and **36.6945, -2.5400, 2.6732** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **55.6356, -8.2621, 9.0761**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.8485, 1.2345, -2.0023**.

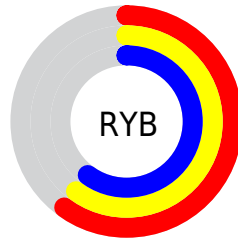
Distribution



Red (60%)

Green (60%)

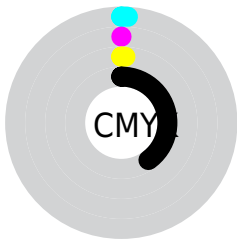
Blue (60%)



Red (60%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (60%)

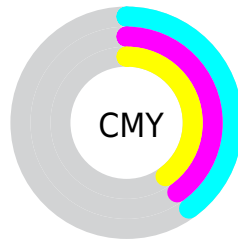


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (40%)



Cyan (40%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.7014, -3.6522,
3.8133

■ 56.7014, -3.6522,
3.8133

176.5816,
-10.3451, 10.6783

■ 46.3439, -3.0594,
3.2024

■ 79.4035, -4.9406,
5.1374

■ 36.7063, -2.5008,
2.6261

■ 91.6738, -5.6304,
5.8457

■ 27.8485, -1.9799,
2.0877

104.5181, -6.3493,
6.5835

■ 19.8465, -1.4995,
1.5897

117.9119, -7.0962,
7.3495

■ 12.8039, -1.0631,
1.1351

131.8335, -7.8701,
8.1429

■ 6.1964, -0.8537,
0.9487

146.2636, -8.6701,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

8.9627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.1848, -9.4954,
9.8081

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.7014, -3.6522,
3.8133

■ 56.7014, -3.6522,
3.8133

■ 55.6356, -8.2621,
9.0761

■ 57.8485, 1.2345,
-2.0023

■ 54.6491, -12.5697,
13.7592

■ 59.0715, 6.3799,
-8.3456

■ 53.7440, -16.5565,
17.8443

■ 60.3695, 11.7603,
-15.1856

■ 52.9211, -20.2053,
21.3189

■ 61.7402, 17.3535,
-22.4905

■ 52.1802, -23.5020,
24.1783

■ 63.1811, 23.1384,
-30.2285

■ 51.5206, -26.4373,
26.4281

■ 64.6896, 29.0950,
-38.3677

■ 50.9408, -29.0076,
28.0854

■ 66.0265, 34.0435,
-43.6741

■ 50.4382, -31.2163,
29.1822

■ 66.8826, 36.5213,
-42.0157

■ 50.0089, -33.0761,
29.7687

■ 67.7685, 39.0582,
-40.3291

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.7026, -3.1858, 4.0109



56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133



56.7026, -3.9531, 3.4220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.7026, -3.6535, 3.8142



56.7026, -3.3819, 2.1971



56.7026, -2.0451, 3.2360

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133



56.1807, -2.3664, 2.3113

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.7026, -2.0981, 2.7489



56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133



56.7026, -2.8711, 2.1462

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.7026, -3.6535, 3.8142



56.7026, -3.7966, 2.4874



56.7026, -2.4008, 2.3490



56.7026, -2.2564, 3.6791

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133



56.7026, -4.0177, 3.1009



56.7026, -2.4008, 2.3490



56.7026, -2.0326, 3.0720

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.7026, -3.6535, 3.8142



76.6170, -4.0881, 4.1627



56.4984, -2.8701, 3.5898



36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805



88.7363, -4.7347, 4.8212

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.7026, -3.6535, 3.8142



76.3121, -5.3968, 5.6913



56.6171, -3.9521, 3.7094



26.9653, -1.8621, 1.9589



44.8690, -31.0119, 27.1052



5.6796, -3.0114, 3.4470

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.1807, -2.3664, 2.3113



75.2093, -2.6771, 2.5156



56.2676, -2.0653, 2.4199



26.6131, -0.9936, 0.9448



17.9202, 41.2958, -70.6432



2.6385, 5.5955, -6.6440

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

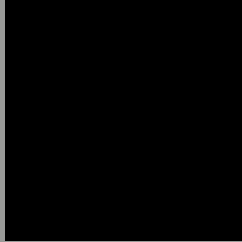
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133.

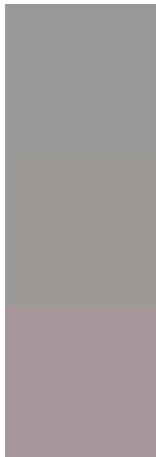


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.7014, -3.6522,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133

Protanopia

56.7318, -2.1146, 4.3224

Deuteranopia

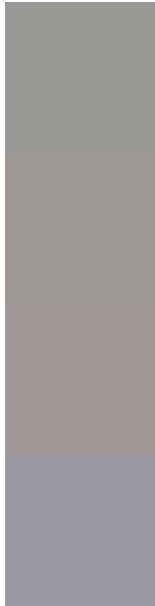
56.6742, 3.6404, 3.4581



Tritanopia

56.6616, -0.0920, -1.8382

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133

Protanomaly

56.6434, -2.4208, 4.2149

Deuteranomaly

56.7624, 1.0464, 3.5160

Tritanomaly

56.7367, -1.5622, 0.1792

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 154, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 154, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 154, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 154, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 154, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 154, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 154, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 154, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 154, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 154,  
152) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.7014, -3.6522, 3.8133 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 154, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
154, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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