

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.8272, 6.0907,
-20.5282)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.8272, 6.0907,
-20.5282) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.8981, 6.0796,
-20.5052)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9696C6
RGB	150, 150, 198
RGB Percent	59%, 59%, 78%
CMY	0.4118, 0.4118, 0.2235
CMYK	0.24, 0.24, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	240°, 30%, 68%
HSV	240°, 24%, 78%
XYZ	33.6771, 32.3739, 57.8999
YIQ	155.4720, -15.4080, 14.9280

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

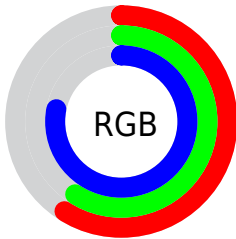
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 150, 198
Decimal	9868998
CIE _{Lab}	63.65, 10.49, -24.70
CIE _{LCh}	64, 26.836, 293.000
Yxy	32.3752, 0.2717, 0.2612
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288059078 (0xFF9696C6)
YUV	155.4720, 20.9663, -4.7989
Hunter-Lab	56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052

Details

The HunterLab color $56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $73.8892, -10.9614, 22.1844$, and the grayscale version is $57.3668, -3.0610, 3.1168$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.6146, 6.0035, -21.2923$, and $36.7885, 6.1344, -19.7478$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49.8583, 10.9865, -32.6184$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $64.2471, 1.6622, -9.6864$.

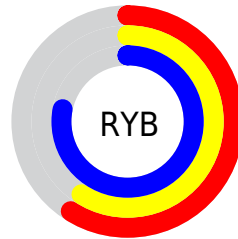
Distribution



Red (59%)

Green (59%)

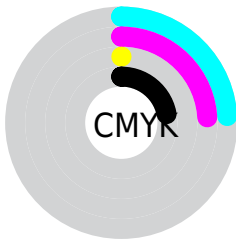
Blue (78%)



Red (59%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (78%)

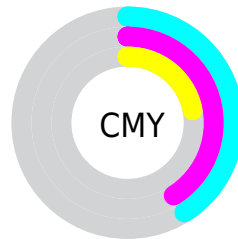


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (41%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.8981, 6.0796,
-20.5052

■ 56.8981, 6.0796,
-20.5052

176.8686, 3.6478,
-21.8129

■ 46.5277, 6.0783,
-20.0775

■ 79.6234, 5.8840,
-21.1775

■ 36.8764, 6.0012,
-19.5964

■ 91.9045, 5.7010,
-21.4256

■ 28.0037, 5.8354,
-19.0760

104.7591, 5.4673,
-21.6173

■ 19.9852, 5.5639,
-18.5597

118.1628, 5.1865,
-21.7549

■ 12.9238, 5.1612,
-18.1756

132.0939, 4.8617,
-21.8410

■ 6.3583, 6.8465,
-21.0687

146.5332, 4.4955,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-21.8779

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.4633, 4.0902,
-21.8679

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.8981, 6.0796,
-20.5052

■ 56.8981, 6.0796,
-20.5052

■ 49.8583, 10.9865,
-32.6184

■ 64.2471, 1.6622,
-9.6864

■ 43.1941, 16.5377,
-46.4300

■ 71.8529, -2.3831,
0.1483

■ 37.0079, 22.9029,
-62.3891

■ 79.6807, -6.1473,
9.2368

■ 31.4499, 30.2000,
-80.8128

■ 87.7036, -9.6975,
17.7550

■ 26.7379, 38.2766,
-101.3250

■ 95.9011, -13.0838,
25.8342

■ 23.1569, 46.2683,
-121.7124

■ 98.4161, -14.0835,
28.2105

■ 20.9760, 52.3115,
-137.1727

■ 20.1924, 54.7706,
-143.4728

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.8992, -5.7715, -22.6895



56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052



56.8992, 16.1916, -11.4458

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.8992, 6.0788, -20.5040



56.8992, 11.2349, 17.7505



56.8992, -23.8090, 5.6594

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052



73.8892, -10.9614, 22.1844

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.8992, -20.0125, 14.5922



56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052



56.8992, -0.2540, 20.5930

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.8992, 6.0788, -20.5040



56.8992, 19.3334, 10.8851



56.8992, -11.6166, 19.5673



56.8992, -22.4130, -5.9756

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052



56.8992, 20.2671, -3.5651



56.8992, -11.6166, 19.5673



56.8992, -23.1089, 9.0401

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.8992, 6.0788, -20.5040



92.6854, -1.6726, -3.4367



71.3535, -17.6151, -0.3337



42.5919, -0.6235, -1.9548

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.8992, 6.0788, -20.5040



70.7943, 11.3876, -35.4112



58.9898, 12.8979, -17.1234



32.0742, -0.1618, -2.2687



16.2837, 44.1682, -115.6996



3.5435, 9.6104, -25.1752

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60.0179, 13.0438, 8.7055



75.9384, 22.5283, 13.0338



71.8900, -18.2103, 20.1816



32.6143, 1.1249, 2.7322



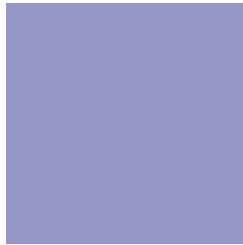
27.9422, 47.8519, 18.0554



6.0802, 10.4126, 3.9287

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

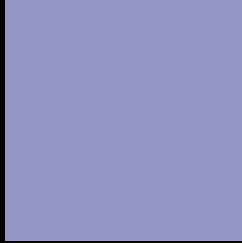
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

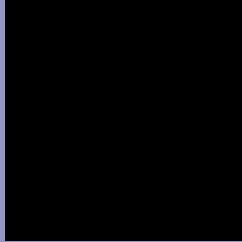
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052.

-20.5052.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052

Protanopia

56.9011, 3.3452, -21.8169

Deuteranopia

56.8519, 4.4774, -20.6069



Tritanopia

57.0380, -4.4987, -3.4406

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052

Protanomaly

56.8124, 4.4265, -21.3042

Deuteranomaly

56.9328, 4.7479, -20.4732

Tritanomaly

56.9885, -0.9200, -9.2703

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052

Achromatopsia

57.2519, -3.0548, 3.1106

Achromatomaly

57.0044, 0.0654, -4.9458

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 150, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 150, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 150, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 150, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 150, 198) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 150, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 150, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 150, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 150, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 150,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.8981, 6.0796, -20.5052 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 150, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
150, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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