

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.8779, 1.7447,
-7.0526)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.8779, 1.7447, -7.0526)
contains.

HunterLab(56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(56.9400, 1.5881,
-7.1173)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9A98AF
RGB	154, 152, 175
RGB Percent	60%, 60%, 69%
CMY	0.3961, 0.4039, 0.3137
CMYK	0.12, 0.13, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	245°, 13%, 64%
HSV	245°, 13%, 69%
XYZ	32.2925, 32.4216, 45.1134
YIQ	155.2200, -6.1910, 7.5770

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

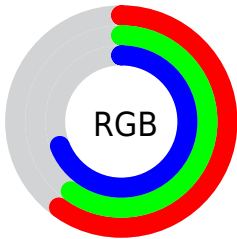
Format	Color
RYB	154, 152, 175
Decimal	10131631
CIELab	63.69, 5.40, -11.70
CIELCh	64, 12.889, 294.770
Yxy	32.4230, 0.2940, 0.2952
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288321711 (0xFF9A98AF)
YUV	155.2200, 9.7515, -1.0699
Hunter-Lab	56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173

Details

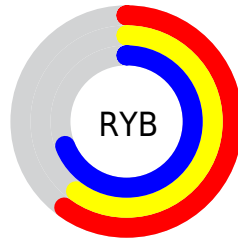
The HunterLab color $56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $64.6622, -7.6189, 12.4720$, and the grayscale version is $57.3058, -3.0577, 3.1135$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.5751, 0.9581, -7.2786$, and $36.9066, 2.2656, -7.3224$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50.6853, 5.7452, -16.1106$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $63.4057, -2.3120, 1.1046$.

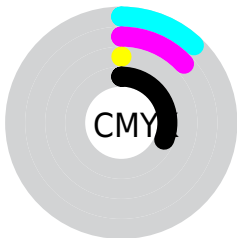
Distribution



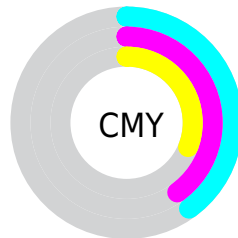
- Red (60%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (31%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.9400, 1.5881,
-7.1173

■ 56.9400, 1.5881,
-7.1173

176.9298, -2.7522,
-4.6313

■ 46.5669, 1.8507,
-7.1324

■ 79.6703, 0.9051,
-6.9006

■ 36.9127, 2.0551,
-7.0795

■ 91.9537, 0.4954,
-6.7107

■ 28.0368, 2.1918,
-6.9503

104.8106, 0.0445,
-6.4714

■ 20.0148, 2.2491,
-6.7377

118.2163, -0.4453,
-6.1859

■ 12.9494, 2.2085,
-6.4391

132.1495, -0.9716,
-5.8568

■ 6.3923, 3.3397,
-7.5370

146.5907, -1.5326,

0.0000, NaN, -NF

-5.4867

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.5227, -2.1266,
-5.0776

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.9400, 1.5881,
-7.1173

■ 56.9400, 1.5881,
-7.1173

■ 50.6853, 5.7452,
-16.1106

■ 63.4057, -2.3120,
1.1046

■ 44.6757, 10.2435,
-26.1169

■ 70.0512, -6.0140,
8.7324

■ 38.9648, 15.1820,
-37.4385

■ 76.8564, -9.5665,
15.9032

■ 33.6275, 20.6681,
-50.4265

■ 83.8051, -13.0053,
22.7190

■ 28.7731, 26.7705,
-65.3754

■ 90.8841, -16.3575,
29.2573

■ 24.5595, 33.3841,
-82.1945

■ 97.4254, -18.6453,
35.0244

■ 21.1991, 39.9498,
-99.6706

■ 97.9159, -16.8760,
35.4812

■ 18.9208, 45.1880,
-114.6418

■ 17.8842, 47.9335,
-122.5987

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9412, -4.0291, -8.1945



56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173



56.9412, 6.1166, -3.1967

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9412, 1.5870, -7.1162



56.9412, 3.3685, 10.9185



56.9412, -13.4710, 4.0343

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173



64.6622, -7.6189, 12.4720

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9412, -11.6547, 8.7498



56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173



56.9412, -2.0467, 12.4687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9412, 1.5870, -7.1162



56.9412, 7.1730, 7.2656



56.9412, -7.5263, 11.7151



56.9412, -12.5828, -1.4074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173



56.9412, 7.8359, 0.3145



56.9412, -7.5263, 11.7151



56.9412, -13.1587, 5.7505

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9412, 1.5870, -7.1162



84.0400, -2.6221, 0.4940



63.0004, -9.2506, 0.4893



39.3138, -1.0571, -0.1412



94.3401, -5.0338, 5.1257



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9412, 1.5870, -7.1162



73.5453, 3.8265, -13.1724



57.9630, 5.0280, -5.6818



27.9092, 0.0288, -1.8209



15.1744, 40.5933, -103.4224



2.7300, 6.9338, -15.7444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58.8124, 7.7109, -3.4829



76.6795, 13.9603, -6.9218



63.6910, -11.0867, 11.3975



28.5235, 2.0667, -0.6649



28.8857, 55.7580, -30.0960



4.8533, 9.4237, -5.4855

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

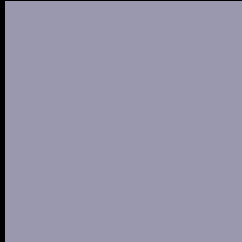
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

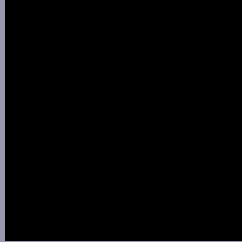
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173.

-7.1173.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173

Protanopia

57.0056, 0.4103, -7.5865

Deuteranopia

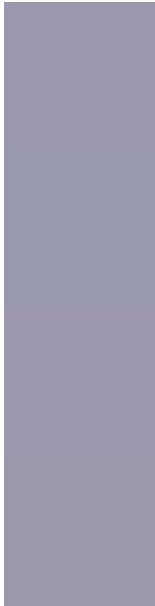
56.8144, 4.0732, -7.2446



Tritanopia

57.0436, -1.6094, -2.3752

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173

Protanomaly

57.0898, 0.6979, -7.4666

Deuteranomaly

56.9179, 2.9726, -7.1231

Tritanomaly

56.9380, -0.2951, -4.0069

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173

Achromatopsia

57.2519, -3.0548, 3.1106

Achromatomaly

57.1738, -1.4133, -0.2422

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(154, 152, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(154, 152, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(154, 152, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(154, 152, 175) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(154, 152, 175) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(154, 152, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(154, 152, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(154, 152, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(154, 152,  
175) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.9400, 1.5881, -7.1173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(154, 152, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(154,  
152, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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