

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.9720, 37.8699,  
-36.9783)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(56.9720, 37.8699,  
-36.9783) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(57.1283, 37.7070,  
-36.5915)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	C580DF
RGB	197, 128, 223
RGB Percent	77%, 50%, 87%
CMY	0.2274, 0.4980, 0.1255
CMYK	0.12, 0.43, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	284°, 60%, 69%
HSV	284°, 43%, 87%
XYZ	44.0645, 32.6364, 73.7892
YIQ	159.4610, 10.6290, 44.1730

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

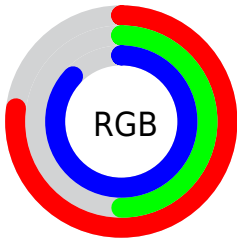
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">197, 128, 223</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">12943583</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.87, 42.73, -37.97</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">64, 57.165, 318.373</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.6378, 0.2928, 0.2169</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291133663 (0xFFC580DF)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">159.4610, 31.3247, 32.9217</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915</a>

# Details

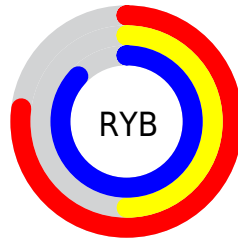
The HunterLab color  $57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex  $CC99FF$ . A complement of this color would be  $78.2335, -37.4033, 32.0741$ , and the grayscale version is  $58.9442, -3.1451, 3.2025$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $78.6994, 34.6943, -22.1734$ , and  $37.0951, 34.2743, -34.9755$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $51.6122, 47.6840, -47.5599$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $63.2052, 27.5804, -26.0586$ .

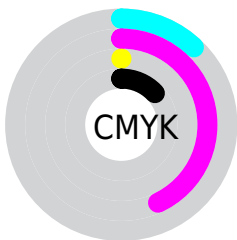
# Distribution



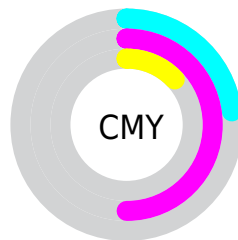
- Red (77%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (13%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



57.1283, 37.7070,  
-36.5915

57.1283, 37.7070,  
-36.5915

177.2045, 46.3025,  
-40.8711

46.7430, 36.2764,  
-35.9350

79.8809, 40.2308,  
-37.8486

37.0757, 34.7273,  
-35.3089

92.1746, 41.3423,  
-38.4226

28.1856, 33.0584,  
-34.7917

105.0413, 42.3627,  
-38.9509

20.1477, 31.2896,  
-34.5630

118.4565, 43.2986,  
-39.4313

13.0644, 29.5092,  
-35.0892

132.3987, 44.1557,  
-39.8630

6.5426, 32.4257,  
-41.8920

146.8487, 44.9390,

0.0000, INF, -NF

-40.2463

0.0000, NaN, -NF

161.7892, 45.6533,  
-40.5820

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.1283, 37.7070,  
-36.5915

■ 57.1283, 37.7070,  
-36.5915

■ 51.6122, 47.6840,  
-47.5599

■ 63.2052, 27.5804,  
-26.0586

■ 46.7602, 57.1288,  
-58.7059

■ 69.7489, 17.5189,  
-16.0586

■ 42.6890, 65.4265,  
-69.5115

■ 76.6873, 7.6176,  
-6.5872

■ 39.5012, 71.7771,  
-79.1894

■ 83.9621, -2.0916,  
2.4020

■ 37.2466, 75.4284,  
-86.8576

■ 91.5270, -11.6105,  
10.9715

■ 36.0638, 76.5331,  
-91.2120

■ 97.0959, -17.5397,  
16.8930

■ 97.6344, -15.6036,  
17.4939

■ 98.1882, -13.6239,  
18.1089

■ 98.7574, -11.6018,  
18.7380

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1295, 12.9781, -59.9098



57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



57.1295, 52.3517, -6.9439

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.1295, 37.7056, -36.5898



57.1295, 7.0096, 32.2850



57.1295, -42.0328, -13.3447

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



78.2335, -37.4033, 32.0741

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.1295, -43.0700, 11.6142



57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



57.1295, -17.4877, 31.7820

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.1295, 37.7056, -36.5898



57.1295, 32.6916, 27.8910



57.1295, -34.8487, 25.9808



57.1295, -31.7181, -42.9792



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



57.1295, 52.9963, 9.4016



57.1295, -34.8487, 25.9808



57.1295, -43.4033, -3.9908

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.1295, 37.7056, -36.5898



88.8609, 9.4366, -8.2035



57.7350, 3.8659, -36.0492



40.2655, 5.5440, -4.9090

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.1295, 37.7056, -36.5898



60.8260, 54.1171, -53.7906



59.5077, 42.4277, -18.5206



37.0637, 2.1300, -1.7395



27.7597, 58.8237, -69.5373



7.6013, 15.8739, -17.2311



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.8453, 34.4987, 4.9112



62.0255, 49.6218, 7.0594



77.1506, -40.8881, 25.1054



37.0970, 1.7734, 1.9367



30.7229, 53.3126, 14.4360

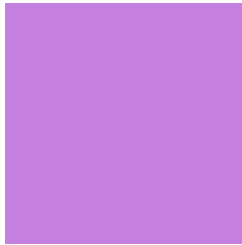


8.1799, 14.3718, 2.4680



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

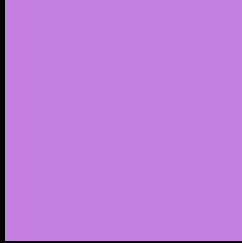
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

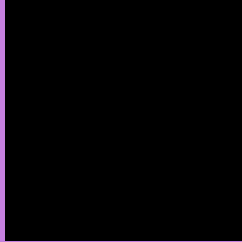
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915.



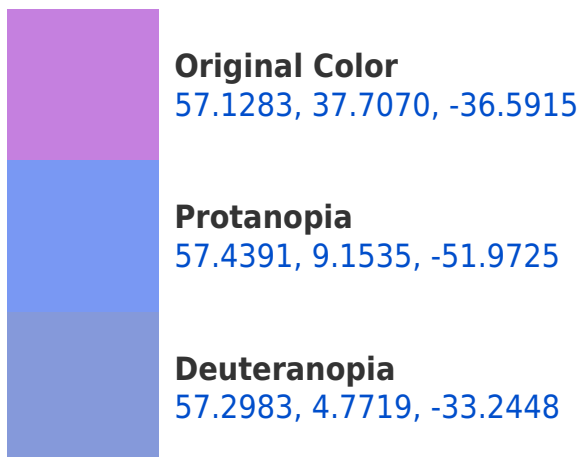
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915.

-36.5915.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





## Tritanopia

57.0463, 13.2796, 3.6099

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



## Protanomaly

56.6486, 18.5778, -47.8253



## Deuteranomaly

56.7290, 15.8935, -35.5326



## Tritanomaly

57.0158, 21.4154, -8.8412

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915



## Achromatopsia

58.8816, -3.1418, 3.1991



## Achromatomaly

57.8286, 10.7456, -9.5526

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 128, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 128, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 128, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 128, 223) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 128, 223) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 128, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 128, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 128, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 128, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 128,  
223) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.1283, 37.7070, -36.5915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 128, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
128, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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