

Converting Colors

HunterLab(56.9753, -7.1004,
0.5654)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(56.9753, -7.1004, 0.5654)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(56.9234, -6.9300,
0.3143)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E9DA0
RGB	142, 157, 160
RGB Percent	56%, 62%, 63%
CMY	0.4431, 0.3843, 0.3725
CMYK	0.11, 0.02, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	190°, 9%, 59%
HSV	190°, 11%, 63%
XYZ	29.5574, 32.4027, 37.9541
YIQ	152.8570, -9.9030, -2.2470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

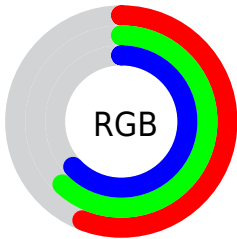
Format	Color
R_{YB}	142, 150, 160
Decimal	9346464
CIE _{Lab}	63.68, -4.68, -3.38
CIE _{LCh}	64, 5.771, 215.899
Yxy	32.4041, 0.2958, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287536544 (0xFF8E9DA0)
YUV	152.8570, 3.5215, -9.5216
Hunter-Lab	56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143

Details

The HunterLab color $56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54.4768, 1.3432, 5.7390$, and the grayscale version is $56.3720, -3.0079, 3.0628$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.8305, -8.7321, 1.2902$, and $36.9966, -5.2645, -0.4811$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54.9518, -9.8869, -2.1957$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59.0203, -3.6037, 2.8949$.

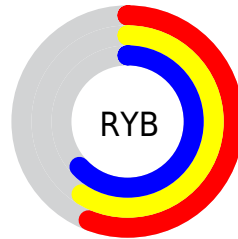
Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (62%)

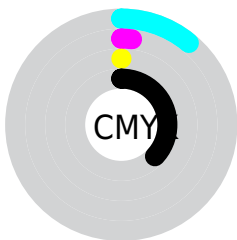
Blue (63%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (59%)

Blue (63%)

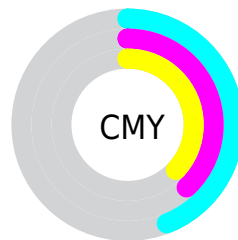


Cyan (11%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (44%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56.9234, -6.9300,
0.3143

■ 56.9234, -6.9300,
0.3143

176.9056,
-15.1677, 5.6201

■ 46.5514, -6.1176,
-0.0780

■ 79.6518, -8.6179,
1.2378

■ 36.8983, -5.3225,
-0.4201

■ 91.9342, -9.4922,
1.7604

■ 28.0237, -4.5436,
-0.7049

■ 104.7902,
-10.3871, 2.3206

■ 20.0030, -3.7762,
-0.9241

118.1952,
-11.3027, 2.9162

■ 12.9393, -3.0113,
-1.0652

132.1275,
-12.2388, 3.5454

■ 6.3788, -3.5343,
-1.8519

146.5679,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-13.1951, 4.2066

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.4992,
-14.1715, 4.8986

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.9234, -6.9300,
0.3143

■ 56.9234, -6.9300,
0.3143

■ 54.9518, -9.8869,
-2.1957

■ 59.0203, -3.6037,
2.8949

■ 53.1075, -12.4354,
-4.6230

■ 61.2331, 0.0595,
5.5298

■ 51.3963, -14.5429,
-6.9505

■ 63.5568, 4.0242,
8.2085

■ 49.8219, -16.1801,
-9.1618

■ 65.9853, 8.2579,
10.9209

■ 48.3861, -17.3248,
-11.2409

■ 68.5127, 12.7310,
13.6589

■ 47.0887, -17.9658,
-13.1745

■ 71.1331, 17.4165,
16.4159

■ 45.9261, -18.1075,
-14.9533

■ 73.8410, 22.2905,
19.1864

■ 44.8907, -17.7746,
-16.5759

■ 74.6769, 21.2652,
19.9824

■ 44.0575, -17.2129,
-17.9102

■ 75.3920, 19.8429,
20.6486

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9246, -7.8031, 2.6204



56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143



56.9246, -5.0150, -1.2937

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9246, -6.9311, 0.3152



56.9246, 1.4727, 1.1746



56.9246, -3.5400, 7.5159

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143



54.4768, 1.3432, 5.7390

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9246, -1.0385, 7.1665



56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143



56.9246, 1.8842, 3.5726

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9246, -6.9311, 0.3152



56.9246, -0.1572, -0.7825



56.9246, 0.9577, 5.7481



56.9246, -5.8674, 6.7243

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143



56.9246, -3.3882, -1.7176



56.9246, 0.9577, 5.7481



56.9246, -2.6918, 7.5276

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9246, -6.9311, 0.3152



79.0059, -5.7016, 3.2662



57.3829, -10.7877, 7.6165



36.8947, -2.8384, 1.4021



89.8524, -4.7943, 4.8819



37.4146, -1.9963, 2.0328

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9246, -6.9311, 0.3152



76.1591, -10.1781, -0.2604



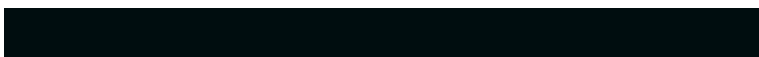
54.3723, -2.7765, -2.8108



27.0579, -2.9685, 0.3913



38.9554, -15.2854, -15.6941



5.6294, -2.5853, -1.4553

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54.0875, 5.2004, -1.5487



71.6791, 9.0400, -3.2249



56.9556, -2.8739, 8.4048



25.9530, 1.7412, -0.3293



26.7473, 50.7867, -21.3296



3.6403, 7.0149, -3.7000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

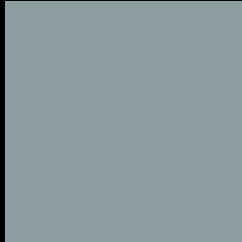
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

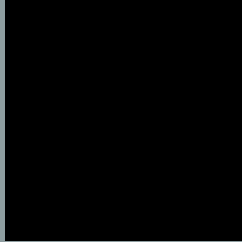
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

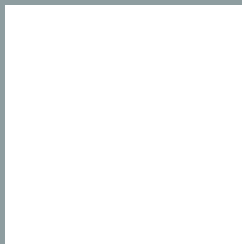
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9234, -6.9300,

0.3143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143

Protanopia

56.8498, -1.2943, 1.2717

Deuteranopia

56.7543, 4.4534, -0.6599



Tritanopia

56.9594, -4.7745, -3.5471

Trichromacy



Original Color

56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143

Protanomaly

56.7395, -3.1030, 0.6330

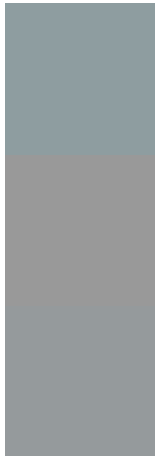
Deuteranomaly

56.7431, -0.0018, -0.2669

Tritanomaly

56.8623, -5.3099, -2.1718

Monochromacy



Original Color

56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143

Achromatopsia

56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665

Achromatomaly

56.4810, -4.1868, 1.7133

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 157, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 157, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 157, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 157, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 157, 160) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 157, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 157, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 157, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 157, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 157,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.9234, -6.9300, 0.3143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 157, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
157, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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