

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.0099, 14.0617,  
-5.1434)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(57.0099, 14.0617,  
-5.1434) contains.

<b>HunterLab(56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(56.9625, 14.1449,  
-5.2769)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	B58FAC
RGB	181, 143, 172
RGB Percent	71%, 56%, 67%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4392, 0.3255
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.05, 0.29
HSL	314°, 20%, 64%
HSV	314°, 21%, 71%
XYZ	36.3249, 32.4473, 43.3782
YIQ	157.6680, 13.3390, 17.0750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

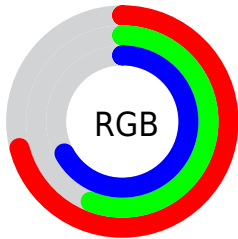
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">181, 143, 172</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">11898796</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">63.71, 19.27, -9.73</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">64, 21.583, 333.204</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">32.4487, 0.3239, 0.2893</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4290088876 (0xFFB58FAC)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">157.6680, 7.0657, 20.4622</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769</a>

# Details

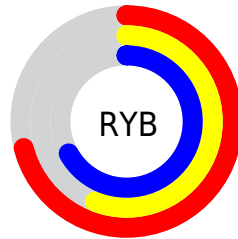
The HunterLab color  $56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be  $64.1524, -18.9984, 11.7419$ , and the grayscale version is  $58.3075, -3.1111, 3.1680$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $79.6763, 14.6026, -4.7269$ , and  $36.8776, 13.4876, -5.6087$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $52.2335, 22.7959, -9.3069$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $62.0453, 5.5903, -1.0635$ .

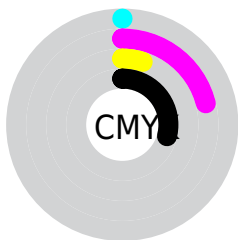
# Distribution



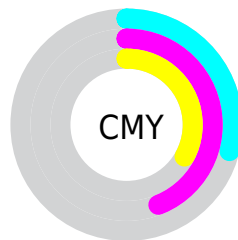
- Red (71%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (33%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 56.9625, 14.1449,  
-5.2769

■ 56.9625, 14.1449,  
-5.2769

■ 176.9628, 14.8997,  
-2.1470

■ 46.5880, 13.7105,  
-5.3754

■ 79.6956, 14.7531,  
-4.9012

■ 36.9322, 13.1775,  
-5.4086

■ 91.9802, 14.9473,  
-4.6357

■ 28.0547, 12.5289,  
-5.3676

■ 104.8382, 15.0764,  
-4.3232

■ 20.0307, 11.7448,  
-5.2430

■ 118.2451, 15.1454,  
-3.9667

■ 12.9632, 10.8010,  
-5.0259

■ 132.1793, 15.1588,  
-3.5686

■ 6.4105, 12.7572,  
-6.0295

146.6216, 15.1203,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.1314

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.5546, 15.0330,  
-2.6570

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.9625, 14.1449,  
-5.2769

■ 56.9625, 14.1449,  
-5.2769

■ 52.2335, 22.7959,  
-9.3069

■ 62.0453, 5.5903,  
-1.0635

■ 47.9146, 31.4227,  
-13.0502

■ 67.4277, -2.8036,  
3.2600

■ 44.0767, 39.7995,  
-16.3511

■ 73.0697, -11.0191,  
7.6508

■ 40.7943, 47.5760,  
-19.0055

■ 78.9378, -19.0591,  
12.0824

■ 38.1383, 54.2796,  
-20.7776

■ 85.0046, -26.9376,  
16.5393

■ 36.1595, 59.3911,  
-21.4545

■ 91.2476, -34.6734,  
21.0129

■ 34.8658, 62.5108,  
-20.9336

■ 92.5250, -35.5973,  
20.5796

■ 34.1505, 63.8678,  
-19.6685

■ 92.6362, -34.9515,  
18.9752

■ 92.7504, -34.2896,  
17.3305

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



56.9638, 7.2783, -13.3841



56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769



56.9638, 16.3062, 4.0606

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



56.9638, 14.1432, -5.2757



56.9638, -4.0570, 17.8284



56.9638, -17.4946, -7.2265

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769



64.1524, -18.9984, 11.7419

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



56.9638, -20.1101, 2.1237



56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769



56.9638, -12.6771, 15.7758

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



56.9638, 14.1432, -5.2757



56.9638, 5.4027, 16.4990



56.9638, -18.4051, 10.3712



56.9638, -11.0227, -14.6334



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769



56.9638, 14.6820, 9.5134



56.9638, -18.4051, 10.3712



56.9638, -18.8341, -4.1568

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56.9638, 14.1432, -5.2757



86.5105, 1.9565, 1.3931



54.4475, 6.6363, -13.9382



40.0062, 1.2424, 0.4765



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56.9638, 14.1432, -5.2757



73.3690, 24.0425, -9.4847



56.3689, 11.0483, 3.1666



29.3456, 1.9433, -0.1600



28.3743, 53.0984, -16.5986



5.1156, 9.7107, -4.0595



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56.9638, 14.1432, -5.2757



73.3690, 24.0425, -9.4847



64.6710, -16.0438, 4.3070



29.3456, 1.9433, -0.1600



28.3743, 53.0984, -16.5986



5.1156, 9.7107, -4.0595



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

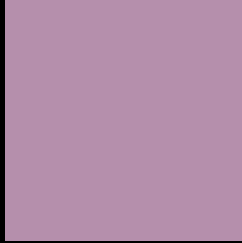
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

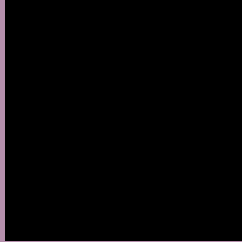
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769.

-5.2769.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769

### Protanopia

57.0273, 0.6952, -9.1878

### Deuteranopia

56.9512, 4.2593, -4.9427



## Tritanopia

57.0752, 9.4388, 2.1986

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769

## Protanomaly

56.7508, 5.3685, -7.8485

## Deuteranomaly

56.7827, 7.9723, -5.1005

## Tritanomaly

57.0638, 11.0895, -0.1594

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769

## Achromatopsia

58.4734, -3.1200, 3.1770

## Achromatomaly

57.9084, 2.6253, 0.2518

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 143, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 143, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 143, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 143, 172) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 143, 172) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 143, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 143, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 143, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 143, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 143,  
172) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 56.9625, 14.1449, -5.2769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 143, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
143, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor