

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.0415, -4.6245,
35.0677)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.0415, -4.6245,
35.0677) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(57.1019, -4.7502,
35.1027)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B59900
RGB	181, 153, 0
RGB Percent	71%, 60%, 0%
CMY	0.2902, 0.4000, 0.9999
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 1.00, 0.29
HSL	51°, 100%, 35%
HSV	51°, 100%, 71%
XYZ	30.4473, 32.6063, 4.6890
YIQ	143.9300, 65.8010, -41.6470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

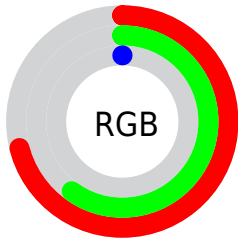
Format	Color
R _Y B	33, 181, 0
Decimal	11901184
CIE Lab	63.84, -2.03, 67.55
CIE LCh	64, 67.583, 91.720
Yxy	32.6079, 0.4494, 0.4813
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290091264 (0xFFB59900)
YUV	143.9300, -70.9575, 32.5104
Hunter-Lab	57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027

Details

The HunterLab color **57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. A complement of this color would be **20.4138, 40.8399, -113.6745**, and the grayscale version is **53.0409, -2.8301, 2.8818**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **79.8879, -6.1333, 44.3110**, and **37.2981, -2.9674, 22.9309** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **57.1026, -4.7517, 35.1032**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57.9476, -5.8496, 35.0140**.

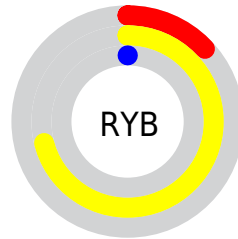
Distribution



Red (71%)

Green (60%)

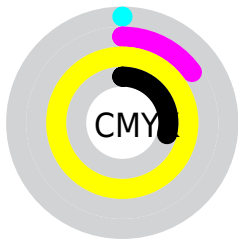
Blue (0%)



Red (13%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (0%)

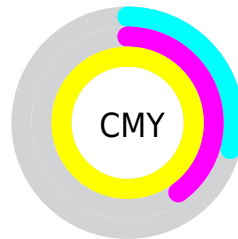


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (29%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.1019, -4.7502,
35.1027

■ 57.1019, -4.7502,
35.1027

177.1663,
-11.9538, 71.9414

■ 46.7185, -4.0864,
30.1511

■ 79.8516, -6.1713,
44.3344

■ 37.0530, -3.4502,
25.0380

■ 92.1439, -6.9219,
48.6646

■ 28.1649, -2.8448,
19.7154

■ 105.0092, -7.6988,
52.8365

■ 20.1292, -2.2708,
14.0904

■ 118.4231, -8.5014,
56.8706

■ 13.0484, -1.7276,
9.1339

■ 132.3640, -9.3288,
60.7844

■ 6.5219, -1.7034,
4.5653

■ 146.8128,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-10.1805, 64.5927

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.7521,
-11.0556, 68.3081

0.0000, NaN, NaN

57.1019, -4.7502,
35.1027

57.1019, -4.7502,
35.1027

57.1026, -4.7517,
35.1032

57.9476, -5.8496,
35.0140

58.8327, -6.7545,
34.4347

59.7697, -7.4032,
33.1996

60.7626, -7.7725,
31.2537

61.8137, -7.8471,
28.5634

■ 62.9247, -7.6179,
25.1105

■ 64.0965, -7.0802,
20.8890

■ 65.3293, -6.2335,
15.9027

■ 66.6230, -5.0803,
10.1630

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1033, 26.5860, 33.2294



57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027



57.1033, -30.0667, 32.6906

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.1033, -4.7526, 35.1031



57.1033, -43.9420, -33.4404



57.1033, 56.4071, -29.0634

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027



20.4138, 40.8399, -113.6745

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.1033, 30.1635, -65.0491



57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027



57.1033, -27.6538, -68.3576

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.1033, -4.7526, 35.1031



57.1033, -49.6346, 1.4548



57.1033, -1.3271, -82.1505



57.1033, 65.9316, 4.7137

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027



57.1033, -41.3021, 27.5513



57.1033, -1.3271, -82.1505



57.1033, 49.0158, -41.7955

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.1033, -4.7526, 35.1031



85.6971, -9.5220, 28.2680



31.4939, 54.2322, 18.0208



39.5349, -4.5848, 14.2787



95.4677, -5.0939, 5.1869



42.2927, -2.2566, 2.2978

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.1033, -4.7526, 35.1031



76.2399, -6.0662, 46.8725



60.9006, -35.1678, 36.9106



31.1099, -2.3274, 4.5447



47.4984, -4.0865, 29.1968



8.7753, -1.2842, 5.3848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20.4138, 40.8399, -113.6745



26.9338, 56.1020, -154.7731



20.7555, 51.6135, -111.1854



29.0438, -0.7707, -1.5231



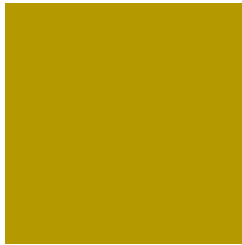
17.1449, 33.1880, -93.0731



3.9748, 3.0912, -11.6411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

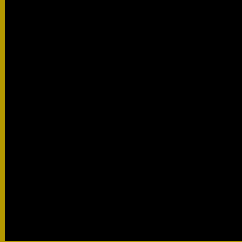
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027.

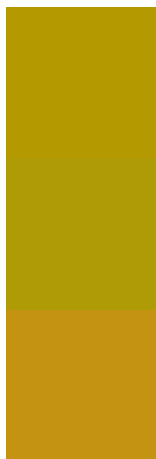


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1019, -4.7502,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027

Protanopia

57.0700, -7.8124, 34.8505

Deuteranopia

57.1346, 4.0497, 34.7267



Tritanopia

56.9778, 14.3509, 4.0007

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027

Protanomaly

56.9799, -6.6460, 34.8749

Deuteranomaly

57.0924, 1.0549, 34.8697

Tritanomaly

56.4446, 4.5887, 22.9819

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027

Achromatopsia

52.8104, -2.8178, 2.8693

Achromatomaly

53.6733, -6.5624, 21.7736

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 153, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 153, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 153, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 153, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 153, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 153, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 153, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 153, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 153, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 153,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.1019, -4.7502, 35.1027 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 153, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
153, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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