

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.2608, 55.8806,  
15.4559)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(57.2608, 55.8806,  
15.4559) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(57.1777, 56.0970,  
15.3943)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF687F
RGB	255, 104, 127
RGB Percent	100%, 41%, 50%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5921, 0.5020
CMYK	0.00, 0.59, 0.50, 0.00
HSL	351°, 100%, 70%
HSV	351°, 59%, 100%
XYZ	50.0210, 32.6929, 23.7526
YIQ	151.7710, 82.6130, 39.1650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

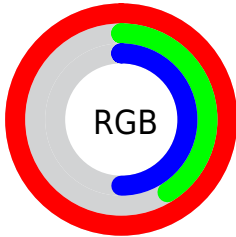
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 104, 127
Decimal	16738431
CIE Lab	63.91, 59.23, 17.38
CIE LCh	64, 61.732, 16.355
Yxy	32.6947, 0.4698, 0.3071
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294928511 (0xFFFF687F)
YUV	151.7710, -12.2121, 90.5318
Hunter-Lab	57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943

# Details

The HunterLab color **57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF6666**. A complement of this color would be **89.6047, -45.1789, 3.9036**, and the grayscale version is **55.9680, -2.9863, 3.0408**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70.4960, 33.7437, 7.7139**, and **37.1003, 52.0170, 12.2530** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **52.7344, 65.3495, 18.4962**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **62.6519, 45.7810, 12.6504**.

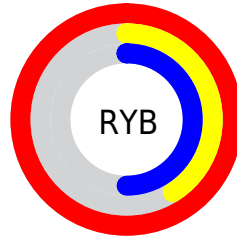
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (41%)

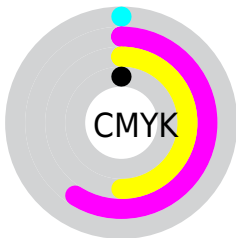
Blue (50%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (50%)

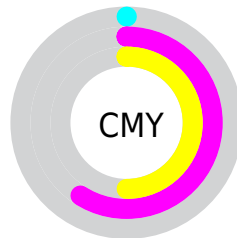


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (59%)

Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 57.1777, 56.0970,  
15.3943


 57.1777, 56.0970,  
15.3943


177.2771, 69.5691,  
28.8376


 46.7896, 54.1161,  
13.8212


 79.9366, 59.7406,  
18.4502


 37.1188, 52.0510,  
12.1965


 92.2330, 61.4120,  
19.9491

 28.2249, 49.9344,  
10.4980


 105.1022, 62.9864,  
21.4372

 20.1829, 47.8667,  
8.6884

 118.5200, 64.4686,  
22.9188

 13.0949, 46.1411,  
7.0758

132.4646, 65.8635,  
24.3973

 6.5817, 51.4359,  
4.6072

146.9168, 67.1756,

0.0000, INF, NaN

25.8753

0.0000, NaN, NaN

161.8596, 68.4095,  
27.3548

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.1777, 56.0970,  
15.3943

■ 57.1777, 56.0970,  
15.3943

■ 52.7344, 65.3495,  
18.4962

■ 62.6519, 45.7810,  
12.6504

■ 49.4403, 72.7151,  
21.7367

■ 69.0049, 35.0702,  
10.3582

■ 47.3464, 77.4373,  
24.7962

■ 76.0970, 24.3717,  
8.5294

■ 46.3253, 79.4302,  
27.3055

■ 83.8061, 13.8989,  
7.1277

■ 46.2658, 79.5458,  
27.4605

■ 92.0326, 3.7372,  
6.0991

100.0000, -5.3359,  
5.4331

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.1793, 56.9715, -9.8725



57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943



57.1793, 37.5806, 28.6336

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.1793, 56.0926, 15.3955



57.1793, -36.1139, 27.8587



57.1793, -14.8450, -69.1434

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943



89.6047, -45.1789, 3.9036

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.1793, -34.7831, -45.6905



57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943



57.1793, -45.4247, 13.6232

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.1793, 56.0926, 15.3955



57.1793, -17.0126, 33.1863



57.1793, -44.9879, -12.6962



57.1793, 12.3871, -67.8964



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943



57.1793, 19.4040, 32.4609



57.1793, -44.9879, -12.6962



57.1793, -22.5048, -63.5451

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.1793, 56.0926, 15.3955



84.7777, 12.6499, 6.9843



58.2392, 68.4347, -59.2296



38.1491, 7.2433, 3.3948

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.1793, 56.0926, 15.3955



52.0583, 66.8304, 19.0735



67.4410, 28.4780, 30.5395



42.4643, 1.8643, 2.8334



33.4636, 57.5743, 19.5545



10.5019, 18.1874, 5.2159



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1793, 56.0926, 15.3955



52.0583, 66.8304, 19.0735



73.2586, -17.3086, -31.7295



42.4643, 1.8643, 2.8334



33.4636, 57.5743, 19.5545



10.5019, 18.1874, 5.2159



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

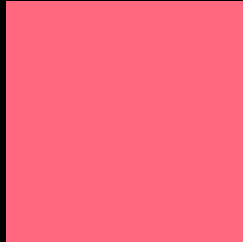
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

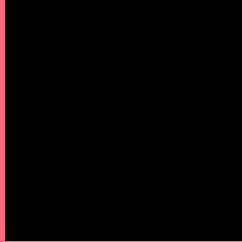
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.1777, 56.0970,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943

### Protanopia

57.1666, -1.9781, 3.9348

### Deuteranopia

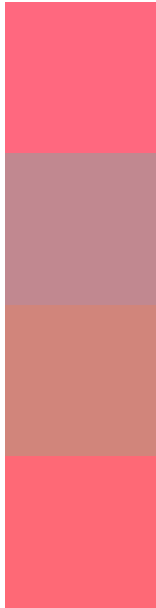
57.2678, 3.9773, 16.9611



## Tritanopia

57.0711, 53.4057, 19.8717

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943

## Protanomaly

55.6412, 17.5743, 6.4776

## Deuteranomaly

56.3564, 22.5499, 15.4070

## Tritanomaly

56.9930, 54.3382, 18.2398

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943

## Achromatopsia

56.0347, -2.9899, 3.0445

## Achromatomaly

54.8907, 16.4840, 6.0427

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 104, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 104, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 104, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 104, 127) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 104, 127) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 104, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 104, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 104, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 104,  
127) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.1777, 56.0970, 15.3943 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 104, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
104, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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