

Converting Colors

HunterLab(57.2969, -0.2637,
4.6317)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(57.2969, -0.2637, 4.6317)
contains.

HunterLab(57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(57.3027, -0.0909,
4.5721)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A39998
RGB	163, 153, 152
RGB Percent	64%, 60%, 60%
CMY	0.3608, 0.4000, 0.4039
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.07, 0.36
HSL	5°, 6%, 62%
HSV	5°, 7%, 64%
XYZ	32.1630, 32.8360, 34.3486
YIQ	155.8760, 6.2810, 1.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

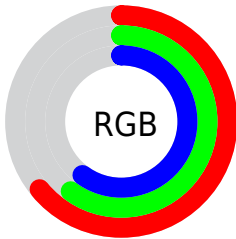
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 153, 152
Decimal	10721688
CIE Lab	64.03, 3.48, 1.83
CIE LCh	64, 3.929, 27.791
Yxy	32.8374, 0.3237, 0.3305
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288911768 (0xFFA39998)
YUV	155.8760, -1.9109, 6.2477
Hunter-Lab	57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721

Details

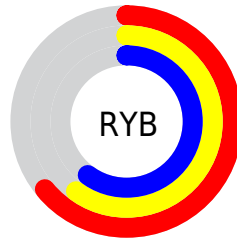
The HunterLab color $57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $59.2957, -5.9917, 1.7854$, and the grayscale version is $57.6150, -3.0742, 3.1303$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $79.9921, -0.8163, 5.9960$, and $37.1777, 0.5044, 3.2829$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52.7136, 4.7423, 6.4916$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $62.0992, -4.7069, 2.6722$.

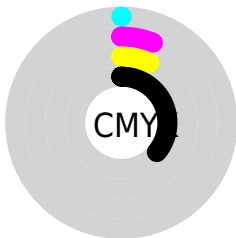
Distribution



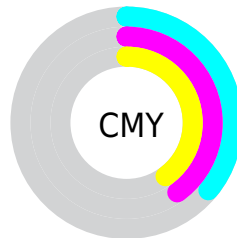
- Red (64%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 57.3027, -0.0909,
4.5721

■ 57.3027, -0.0909,
4.5721

■ 177.4589, -5.1747,
11.7936

■ 46.9062, 0.2753,
3.9106

■ 80.0760, -0.9651,
5.9884

■ 37.2268, 0.5910,
3.2799

■ 92.3792, -1.4632,
6.7393

■ 28.3235, 0.8482,
2.6820

■ 105.2550, -1.9988,
7.5177

■ 20.2710, 1.0377,
2.1180

■ 118.6789, -2.5698,
8.3227

■ 13.1712, 1.1453,
1.5879

■ 132.6295, -3.1744,
9.1535

■ 6.6786, 1.9108,
1.5004

147.0876, -3.8110,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

10.0093

0.0000, NaN, NaN

162.0359, -4.4782,
10.8896

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.3027, -0.0909,
4.5721

■ 57.3027, -0.0909,
4.5721

■ 52.7136, 4.7423,
6.4916

■ 62.0992, -4.7069,
2.6722

■ 48.3608, 9.8144,
8.4194

■ 67.0729, -9.1249,
0.7922

■ 44.2855, 15.1239,
10.3382

■ 72.2040, -13.3717,
-1.0675

■ 40.5367, 20.6384,
12.2140

■ 77.4749, -17.4717,
-2.9087

■ 37.1722, 26.2681,
13.9904

■ 82.8714, -21.4465,
-4.7338

■ 34.2568, 31.8371,
15.5830

■ 88.3817, -25.3154,
-6.5458

■ 31.8564, 37.0630,
16.8814

■ 93.0197, -30.5412,
-3.5186

■ 30.0258, 41.5723,
17.7703

■ 28.7877, 44.9739,
18.2127

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



57.3040, 0.2965, 2.9973



57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721



57.3040, -1.2794, 5.7289

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



57.3040, -0.0924, 4.5730



57.3040, -5.8442, 4.7780



57.3040, -3.1886, -0.1290

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721



59.2957, -5.9917, 1.7854

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



57.3040, -4.8204, 0.3807



57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721



57.3040, -6.3423, 3.2409

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



57.3040, -0.0924, 4.5730



57.3040, -4.6012, 5.8447



57.3040, -5.9697, 1.6263



57.3040, -1.5037, 0.2529

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721



57.3040, -2.3565, 6.1224



57.3040, -5.9697, 1.6263



57.3040, -3.7614, -0.0559

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



57.3040, -0.0924, 4.5730



79.6782, -3.0678, 4.9181



57.3193, 2.0275, -0.0428



37.7961, -1.4880, 2.3167



90.9709, -4.8540, 4.9426



38.3822, -2.0480, 2.0854

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



57.3040, -0.0924, 4.5730



75.8093, 0.7638, 6.4781



58.8643, -2.7305, 6.3031



26.8049, 0.5273, 2.4141



25.1912, 40.1376, 16.2254



4.0310, 4.6506, 2.5653

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.2957, -5.9917, 1.7854



79.0228, -8.7560, 1.9801



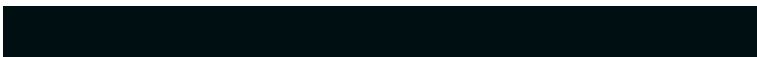
57.7004, -3.3837, -0.1098



28.1075, -3.3325, 0.5906



43.1092, -19.9468, -10.8233



6.4837, -3.1821, -1.2349

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

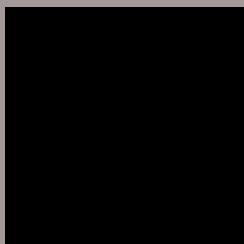
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

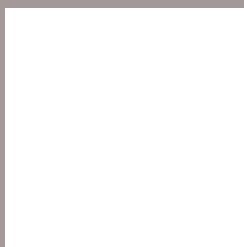
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721.



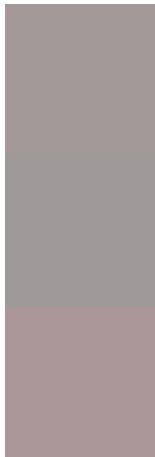
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 57.3027, -0.0909,

4.5721.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721

Protanopia

57.1666, -1.9781, 3.9348

Deuteranopia

57.2455, 4.1245, 4.1333



Tritanopia

57.2511, 3.3059, -0.5486

Trichromacy



Original Color

57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721

Protanomaly

57.3452, -1.3613, 4.1529

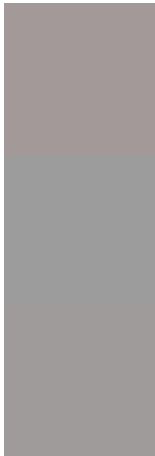
Deuteranomaly

57.2346, 2.6484, 4.0948

Tritanomaly

57.3168, 1.8314, 1.4203

Monochromacy



Original Color

57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721

Achromatopsia

57.6586, -3.0765, 3.1327

Achromatomaly

57.6022, -1.8400, 3.5431

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 153, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 153, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 153, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 153, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 153, 152) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 153, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 153, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 153, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 153, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 153,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 57.3027, -0.0909, 4.5721 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 153, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
153, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor